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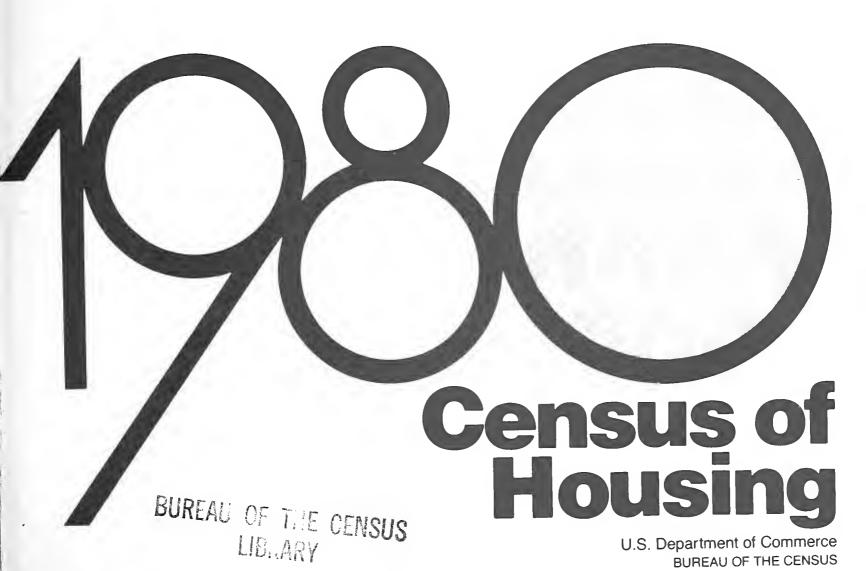
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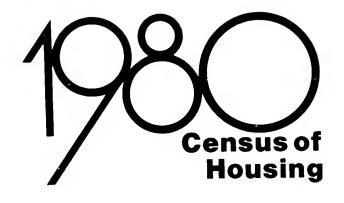
Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

FORT COLLINS, COLO.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA







VOLUME 2

Data Index

Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

FORT COLLINS, COLO.

HC80-2-159

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Issued October 1983



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Malcolm Baldrige, Secretary Robert G. Dederick, Under Secretary for **Economic Affairs**

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GENERAL

This report is part of the *Metropolitan Housing Characteristics* series and presents cross-tabulations of sample data on housing and household characteristics from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing. Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1980, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957, December 1975, and October 1976), which codified Title 13, United States Code.

The content and procedures of the 1980 census were determined after evaluation of the results of the 1970 census, consultation with a wide variety of users of census data, and extensive field testing. A number of changes were introduced in 1980 to improve the usefulness of the census results. The changes do not, however, affect to any appreciable extent the comparability between the 1980 data and the 1970 data. Further information on comparability appears in Appendix B, "Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics."

More detailed information on the technical and procedural matters covered in the text of this report can be obtained by writing to the Director, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233. Such information will also appear in other publications of the 1980 census.

The Metropolitan Housing Characteristics series consists of a United States Summary report and individual reports for each of the 50 States, Puerto Rico, and each of the standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) in the United States and Puerto Rico. The abbreviated identification for this report is HC80-2 (i.e., Housing Census, 1980, Volume 2) followed by a number representing the State or SMSA.

In the SMSA reports, data are published for the following levels of geography: the SMSA, each central city, and each place of 50,000 or more population. In the State reports, data are shown for the State, that part of the State inside SMSA's, and inside central cities. In the United States Summary report, data are published for the United States total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities, and for the four census regions, the region total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities.

CONTENTS OF THE REPORT

This report contains text (this introduction and six appendixes), a table of contents, one or more maps, and a series of detailed tables. The detailed tables are organized to provide a set of 68 tables for each geographic area (State, SMSA, central city, etc.) covered in the report. As shown in the "Index of Tables" on page IX, the set of tables for each geographic area is identified with a unique letter (A, B, C, etc.) prefix in the table number. In the SMSA reports, the SMSA is presented first, followed by the sets of tables for the central cities and places, all in alphabetical order.

For each particular area, the 68 tables consist of: 13 tables for the area in its entirety, 44 tables for occupied housing units classified by the racial group of the householder, and 11 tables for occupied housing units with householders of Spanish origin. More specifically, tables

1 to 13 are for the entire State, SMSA, central city, or place; tables 14 to 24 are for housing units with a White householder; tables 25 to 35 are for units with a Black householder; tables 36 to 46 are for units with an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut householder; tables 47 to 57 are for units with an Asian or Pacific Islander householder; and tables 58 to 68 are for units with a Spanish origin householder.

The race and Spanish origin tables are presented for SMSA's and places only when certain population-size criteria are met. Tables 25 to 35 (Black); 36 to 46 (American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut); and 47 to 57 (Asian and Pacific Islander) are presented only when the particular area's population contains 10,000 or more persons of the given racial group or when the persons in the given racial groups constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area. If any of these 3 sets of tables qualify to appear for an area, tables 14 to 24 (White) are also presented. The Spanish origin tables (58 to 68) are shown if there are 10,000 or more Spanish origin persons in the particular area or if such persons constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area.

Appearing last in the report are the appendixes. Appendix A describes the various area classifications (e.g., standard metropolitan statistical area, census designated place). Appendix B provides definitions and explanations for the subjects covered in this report. Appendix C briefly explains the residence rules used in counting the population and describes the data collection and processing procedures. Appendix D presents information on the sources of error in the data and on editing procedures. Appendix E contains facsimiles of the 1980 census questionnaire pages and respondent instructions. Appendix F summarizes the data dissemination program of the 1980 census.

DERIVED FIGURES (Means, Medians, and Percents)

This report presents means, medians, and percents, as well as certain rates and ratios. The median—a type of average—is the middle value in a distribution; i.e., the median divides the distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases are below the median and one-half of the cases are above the median. Percents and other derived measures which round to less than 0.1 are not shown but are indicated as zero (i.e., "—").

Medians for rooms are rounded to the nearest tenth; for age, to the nearest year; for persons, to the nearest hundredth; for value, to the nearest hundred dollars; and for income, selected monthly owner costs, contract and gross rent, to the nearest dollar. In computing medians for rooms and persons per housing unit, the whole number is used as the midpoint of the interval so that, for example, the category "3 rooms" is treated as an interval ranging from 2.5 to 3.5 rooms. In computing median rent, units reported as "no cash rent" are excluded. The median is computed on the basis of the distribution as tabulated, which is sometimes more detailed than the distribution shown in this report. For example, median age is based on a distribution of five year intervals from 15 to 85 years. When the median falls in the lower terminal category of an open-ended distribution, the method of presentation is to show the initial value of the next category followed by a minus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "Less than \$10,000," it is shown as "\$10,000-." When the median falls in the upper terminal category of an openended distribution, the initial value of the terminal category is given followed by a plus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "\$150,000 or more," it is shown as "\$150,000+."

SYMBOLS AND GEOGRAPHIC ABBREVIATIONS

The following symbols and geographic abbreviations are used in the tables:

- A dash "—" represents zero or a percent which rounds to less than 0.1.
- Three dots "..." mean not applicable, or that the data are being withheld to avoid disclosure of information for individual housing units. (For further information on disclosure, see the section below on "Suppression of Data for Confidentiality.")
- CDP is census designated place.
- SMSA is standard metropolitan statistical area.

SUPPRESSION OF DATA FOR CONFIDENTIALITY

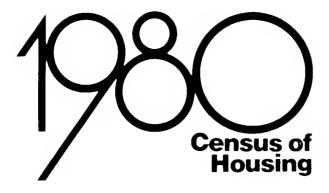
To maintain the confidentiality promised respondents and required by law, the Census Bureau takes precautions that its published data do not disclose information about specific individuals and housing units. To accomplish this, the Bureau suppresses data for characteristics which are based on a small number of persons and/or housing units in the geographic area. Under certain conditions, both primary and complementary suppression, as defined below, may take place.

The general rules of primary suppression of sample data are as follows: esti-

mates of total population by race and Spanish origin are never suppressed; other characteristics for persons are shown only if there are 30 or more persons in the geographic area; estimates of total housing units, vacant housing units, year-round housing units, and occupied housing units are never suppressed; characteristics of year-round housing units which are not classified by occupancy status are shown only when there are 10 or more year-round housing units in the geographic area; characteristics of families, households, or occupied housing units are shown only if there are at least 10 occupied housing units within the geographic area; and distributions of data for owners or renters are shown only where the number of owners is at least 10 and the number of renters is also at least 10. These primary suppression criteria are applied independently of one another. The comparable figures for complete count (100-percent) data are 15 or more persons and 5 or more housing units of the specified type.

Population and occupied housing unit characteristics cross-classified by race or Spanish origin (of the householder in the case of occupied housing units) are subject to an additional level of examination. This requires that the 30 person or 10 housing unit criterion stated above be applied individually to each race or Spanish origin category.

Finally, complementary suppression is applied to prevent the derivation of primary suppressed data by subtraction. For example, housing unit data shown by tenure may require complementary suppression when the number of owner-occupied or renter-occupied housing units is less than 10.



Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

FORT COLLINS, COLO.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA HC80-2-159

Contents

Arrangement of Tables

This report presents a set of tables for the SMSA, each central city, and each place of 50,000 inhabitants or more. The report is organized to provide a set of 68 tables for each geographic area. There are 11 tables showing data for all households in the area, 2 tables showing data for vacant units, 11 tables for householders of each of four separate race groups, and 11 tables for householders of Spanish origin. The race/Spanish origin tables are, however, shown only when certain population criteria are met. See page VII of the Introduction for further information. To assist the reader in using this report, the listings are presented as follows:

Index of Tables—shows the pages on which the tables for each geographic area appear and the pages on	Page
which data for the various race/Spanish origin house-holders appear	. IX
List of Tables—shows the table numbers and titles for each of the 68 tables	. X
Table Finding Guide—shows the tables in which the various subject cross-classifications presented in the report appear	. XII

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Tables for the total SMSA have the prefix letter "A"; tables for central cities and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more, in alphabetical order, have the prefix letter "B," "C," etc.

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		Total	White	Black	Eskimo, and Aleut	Islander	Spanish Origin	
		Pages	Pages	Pages	Pages	Pages	Pages	
SMSA total Fort Collins	A B	1 to 12 13 to 24		_ _	_	_ _	_ _	

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(Tables 14 to 24 for the White population are shown if any of the other three racial groups in the area qualify; tables 25 to 35 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent Black population; tables 36 to 46 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut population; tables 47 to 57 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent Asian and Pacific Islander population; and tables 58 to 68 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent Spanish origin population)

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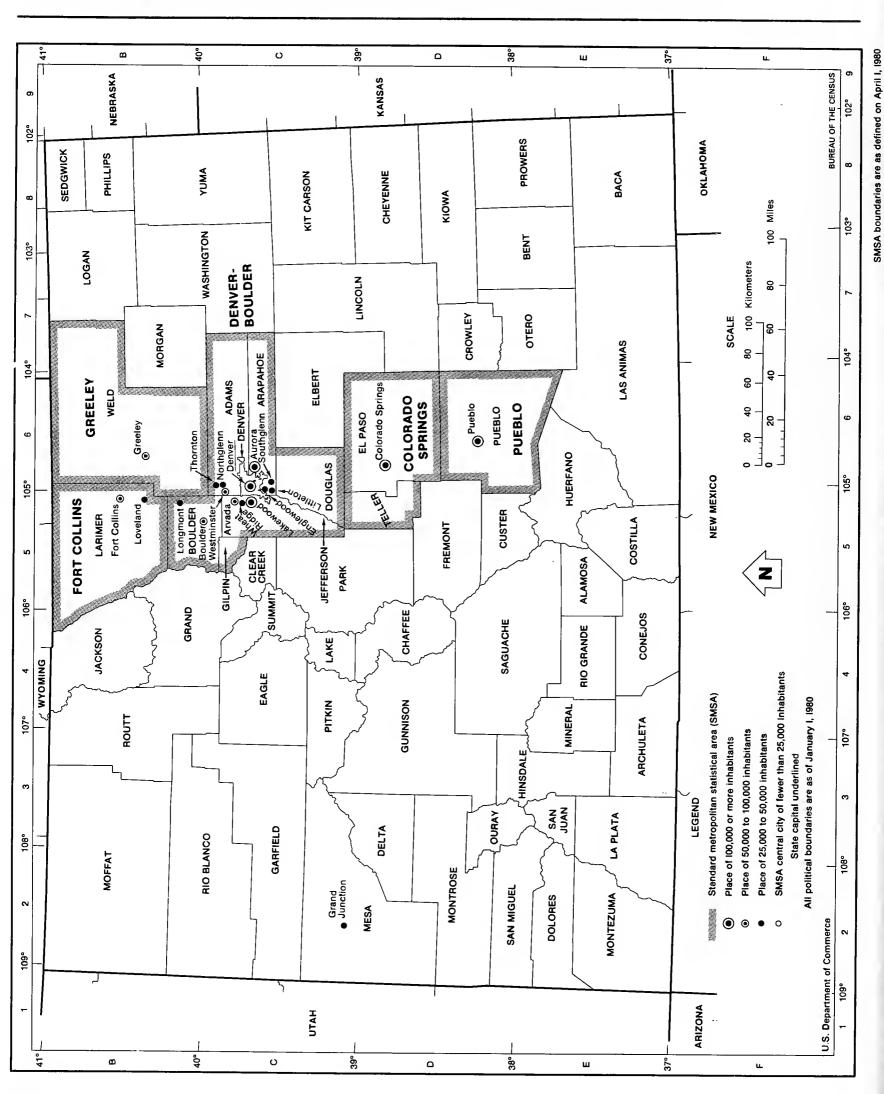
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Table Finding Guide— Cross-Classification of Subjects by Table Number

Subject	Value	Gross rent	Income and poverty status in 1979 of owner-occupied housing units	Income and poverty status in 1979 of renter-occupied housing units	Selected monthly owner costs for mortgaged housing units	Selected monthly owner costs for not mortgaged housing units
OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS						
OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS						
Condominium	1		3		5	6
Year moved into unit	'	2	3	,		ľ
UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS						
	1	2		_	5	6
Rooms	l <u> </u>	_	_		5	6
Bedrooms	1	2	_	_]	
Median rooms	i	2	3	4	5	6
STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS				}		
Units in structure	_	2	_	-	_	_
Year structure built	1	2	-	_	5	6
Stories in structure	_	2	-	-	_	_
PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS						
Plumbing facilities	1	2	3	4	_	_
EQUIPMENT AND FUELS						
Heating equipment	1 1	2	3	4	5	6
Air conditioning.	;	2	3	4	5	6
Vehicles available	l <u>'</u>	_	3	7	_	
House heating fuel	_		3	1 7	5	6
Water heating fuel	_				_	_
vvater heating ruer				_	_	
FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS						
Value	_	l –	_	_	5	6
Price asked	_		_	_	-	-
Mortgage status and selected	1				*	
monthly owner costs	_	_	3	_	-	-
Selected monthly owner costs as						
percentage of household income	-	_	_	_	5	6
Contract rent	_	_		4	-	-
Gross rent	_	_	_	4	_	-
Rent asked	_	_	_	_	-	_
Gross rent as percentage of					i i	
household income		2	_	4	-	_
Mortgage status and selected monthly						
owner costs as percentage of						
household income	1	_	3	_	_	_
HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS						
Household type by age of						
householder	1	2	3	4	5	6
Income	i		_]		_
Income below poverty level	i	2	_	_	_	_
	,					
The table numbers listed above show data	for all house	holds. Similar c	lata are shown in the	tables listed below v	when there are 10,00	0 or more persons of
the race or Spanish origin group, or if the group	oup compris	es 10 percent of	f the area population	. For further explana	ation, see the Introdu	action on page VII.
Mhito		4-	4.5	4		4.0
White	14	15	16	17	18	19
Black	25	26	27	28	29	30
American Indian, Eskimo, and			_ -	<u>-</u> =		
Aleut	36	37	38	39	40	41
	47	48	49	50	51	52
Spanish origin	58	59	60	61	62	63

		·	1				
Subject	Year structure built	Units in structure	Size of household (persons)	Household composition by age of householder	Age and sex of householder in one-person households	Duration of vacancy	Price asked and rent asked
OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS Condominium	_ 7	8 8	_		_ _	_ _	<u>-</u>
UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS Rooms	7 7 - 7	8 - 8 8	9 - - 9	- 10 - -	- - - -	12 - 12 12	_ _ 13 _
STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS Units in structure	7 - -		9 - -	- - - -	11 _ _	12 12 —	13 13 —
PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS Plumbing facilities	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
EQUIPMENT AND FUELS Heating equipment	7 7 - 7	8 8 8 8	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	12 - - - -	- - - -
FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS Value		1 - 1	9 -		- - 11	12	_ _ _
Selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income	_ _ _	- - -	9 - 9 -	_ _ _	11 - 11	- - - 12	- - - -
Gross rent as percentage of household income	_	-	9	10	11	-	_
HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS Household type by age of householder	7 7 7	8 8 8	- 9 9	_ _ _		_ _ _	
The table numbers listed above show data f the race or Spanish origin group, or if the gro	or all househoup comprises	olds. Similar o	data are showr f the area pop	n in the tables listed ulation. For furthe	d below when there er explanation, see	are 10,000 or the Introduction	more persons of n on page VII.
White	20 31	21 32 43	22 33 44	23 34 45	24 35 46	-	 -
Aleut	42 53 64	54 65	55 66	56 67	57 68		_ _



CORRECTION NOTE

Any corrections to the 1980 census counts of the total population and total housing units made after this report was printed are available by writing to Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

NOTE TO USERS:

- In tables where the median age for total persons in owner-occupied and renter-occupied housing units is shown as -85+, the correct entry should be three dots (...).
- 2. The "Not computed" line for Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as Percentage of Household Income in 1979 for not mortgaged units includes households with zero or negative income and households reporting no housing costs; that is, not mortgaged units with no utility, fuel, tax, or insurance payments required. Households with no Selected Monthly Owner Costs are normally excluded from the "Not computed" category.

		-
		•

Table A-1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	(Doto ore estimot	es bosea on	o somple, see	Introduction	For meaning	g of symbols,	see introduc	tion. For det	initions of fer	ms, see append	dixes A and Bj		
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 fo \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$39,999	\$40,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$59,999	\$60,000 to \$79,999	\$80,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 to \$149,999	\$150,000 or mare	Median (dollars)	Mean (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	26 156	150	227	566	1 126	2 929	4 533	9 597	3 902	2 542	584	66 300	71 700
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 65 yeors ond over Mole householder, no wife present 15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 55 to 49 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 65 yeors ond over Femole householder, no husband present 15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 55 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 65 yeors ond over 65 yeors ond over	20 619 541 5 743 5 176 6 418 2 741 1 959 236 868 354 282 219 3 578 117 478 984 1 445 43.1	60 -3 17 10 30 59 38 -1 13 6 2 31 -1 10 58.3	119 - 11 49 58 26 - 8 5 13 82 - 13 23 46 65.6	366 31 25 40 90 180 42 - 17 24 158 5 10 20 58 65 65	690 20 95 51 259 265 138 8 59 13 23 35 298 - 11 43 213 62.7	1 811 100 525 213 479 494 329 57 148 49 27 48 789 18 118 64 186 403 50.4	3 365 198 1 129 651 841 546 441 43 269 77 45 77 727 55 113 106 187 266 39.8	7 927 174 2 658 1 972 2 373 750 665 82 297 102 102 82 1 005 34 184 212 275 300 40.2	3 439 13 845 1 143 1 228 210 144 8 55 48 33 24 88 116 91 42.3	2 302 5 384 923 805 185 101 - 39 44 18 - 139 5 11 20 68 35 43.1	540 -68 165 284 23 14 - - - 6 8 30 - 7 - 17 6 47.1	68 900 56 600 66 400 76 200 72 200 55 000 58 800 54 700 61 900 62 500 44 400 59 000 64 100 59 000 49 400	74 900 56 200 71 100 83 800 79 300 59 400 61 200 50 500 62 600 66 700 66 100 52 200 59 300 61 600 63 900 64 300 52 800
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980	5 415 10 053 4 467 3 840 2 381	23 48 16 25 38	17 40 15 59 96	53 105 97 104 207	82 249 168 305 322	461 844 544 522 558	926 1 859 691 629 428	2 161 4 103 1 598 1 256 479	978 1 579 705 487 153	551 1 010 530 356 95	163 216 103 97 5	69 200 67 800 69 000 63 800 49 400	76 300 74 000 73 500 69 100 52 400
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 7 rooms 8 or more rooms Medion	474 1 953 4 898 5 386 5 050 8 395 6.6	51 67 23 9 - 3.9	45 134 30 3 12 3 4.0	39 205 215 80 18 9 4.7	109 270 371 248 76 52 5.0	59 556 1 245 644 243 182 5.2	72 290 1 350 1 356 842 623 5.9	62 337 1 256 2 071 2 448 3 423 6.9	28 52 312 562 1 004 1 944 7.5	9 26 91 352 332 1 732 8.3	- 16 5 61 75 427 8.5+	39 600 44 000 53 600 62 300 70 300 79 500	43 100 47 100 55 800 66 500 74 400 90 000
BEDROOMS None	18 580 5 286 12 361 6 254 1 657	49 95 - 6	5 51 156 12 3 -	52 372 140 2	7 91 564 379 71 14	122 1 330 1 277 179 21	95 1 185 2 600 516 137	6 83 1 149 5 035 2 763 561	21 249 1 883 1 338 411	16 133 869 1 116 408	53 166 260 105	37 900 42 700 50 900 65 200 77 400 83 500	40 600 44 400 53 500 70 300 86 700 93 700
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or eorlier	8 314 4 938 5 297 2 946 1 135 3 526	13 23 32 42 6 34	23 15 14 16 17 142	72 51 15 105 64 259	57 72 126 232 171 468	446 321 498 569 293 802	1 173 753 1 049 660 250 648	3 491 2 120 2 133 916 239 698	1 647 886 794 199 73 303	1 094 616 515 164 22 131	298 81 121 43 - 41	73 300 71 400 67 300 57 600 50 600 50 700	80 900 76 200 73 700 61 700 53 500 55 000
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000	1 275 2 132 1 464 1 618 3 898 4 317 6 184 3 571 1 697 \$22 849 \$25 573	42 54 26 6 1 3 12 6 - \$7 230 \$10 171	37 78 56 26 20 2 5 3 3 779 \$9 779 \$9 859	62 135 93 51 126 51 48 - - \$12 312 \$13 344	136 280 84 116 211 153 86 53 7 \$13 858 \$15 036	317 494 223 354 597 427 365 101 51 \$15 601 \$16 953	236 414 359 354 1 005 863 918 303 81 \$19 510 \$20 567	285 413 405 568 1 348 1 924 2 935 1 297 422 \$24 557 \$25 846	79 168 143 84 354 598 1 125 918 433 \$28 867 \$32 283	66 77 47 59 218 244 615 746 470 \$34 040 \$36 669	15 19 28 - 18 52 75 144 233 \$43 524 \$52 305	51 700 50 600 56 900 56 700 59 900 65 400 70 400 80 400 92 000	55 700 54 500 59 500 58 400 63 400 69 300 75 200 88 100 106 600
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 330 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Medion Not martgaged Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Medion Selected Characteristics	20 244 4 555 3 904 3 418 2 656 1 928 3 757 26 22.4 5 912 2 623 1 375 557 369 290 167 494 494	19 6 7 32.9 131 53 39 6 4 7 — 22	49 15 17 5 21 31.5 178 68 53 14 14 26 - 3 - 12.0	151 48 22 36 19 7 19 20.8 415 176 120 46 28 19 19 7 7	534 183 96 60 49 36 110 - 19.4 592 174 152 95 66 23 12 70 - 14.0	1 855 364 354 314 259 175 389 23.3 1 074 360 245 97 127 66 54 121	3 559 651 682 569 519 408 714 16 23.9 974 424 156 156 35 67 32 104	8 070 1 751 1 505 1 505 1 059 796 1 423 10 22.5 1 527 770 402 105 68 32 39 92 19	3 427 815 756 493 444 304 615 - 21.4 475 305 66 25 6 18 11 37 7	2 130 580 407 368 247 167 361 - 21.1 412 218 115 8 15 - 30 - 10—	450 142 141 45 60 24 98 - 20.2 134 75 27 5 6 6 - 8 7	68 900 71 400 69 400 68 200 66 500 66 500 68 200 57 000 51 200 54 200 50 900 43 000 50 700 49 700 51 900 78 300	74 800 77 700 75 300 73 400 74 100 71 900 74 400 59 000 61 000 62 200 59 600 52 300 50 600 50 600 51 700 53 500 91 100
Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Heating equipment Centrol heating system Air conditioning Centrol system Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	26 072 135 84 5 26 156 24 813 4 663 2 496 1 096 4.2	147 1 3 - 150 119 24 18 46 30.7	193 	544 25 22 566 467 53 22 38 6.7	1 113 	2 929 36 	4 533 18 - 4 533 4 332 857 272 195 4.3	9 591 49 6 9 597 9 288 1 593 914 297 3.1	3 896 6 6 7 3 902 3 733 787 534 85 2.2	2 542 - 2 542 2 484 624 480 71 2.8	584 - - 584 573 127 119 15 2.6	66 400 53 400 25 700 18 800 66 300 66 800 69 900 77 900 55 300	71 800 53 200 29 900 18 800 71 700 72 500 76 300 86 500 59 000

Table A -2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and B]

The SMSA	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$149	\$150 ta \$199	\$200 ta \$249	\$250 ta \$299	\$300 ta \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 ar more	Na cash rent	Median (dollars)
Specified renter-occupled housing units	18 546	736	1 024	3 048	3 485	3 301	2 305	1 570	1 613	885	579	260
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Morried-couple families 15 ta 24 years 25 to 34 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over 15 ta 24 years 25 ta 34 years 25 ta 34 years 25 ta 34 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 64 years 35 to 64 years 35 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 55 years and over Female householder, na husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over 45 to 64 years 46 to 64 years 47 to 64 years 48 to 64 years 49 to 65 years and over 49 Median age YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	6 318 1 387 2 764 833 802 5 572 2 541 2 096 354 326 2 255 6 656 2 491 1 735 453 677 1 300 28.2	50 - 3 8 15 24 187 21 77 22 13 54 499 48 47 12 60 332 67.2	198 27 43 - 300 98 281 86 86 85 27 47 47 545 135 158 158 20 50 182 234.1	1 003 366 406 62 91 78 884 361 323 68 82 50 1161 358 349 34 160 260 27.9	835 256 350 92 655 72 1 204 562 489 15 15 1 446 599 384 104 131 228 26.8	1 154 322 596 39 94 103 952 425 429 43 28 27 1 195 586 352 94 60 103 26.7	972 251 460 76 137 48 627 343 40 12 706 300 199 52 74 81 27.4	654 89 307 102 33 495 263 158 21 225 28 21 233 85 31 46 26 27.7	839 40 386 266 125 22 474 186 234 10 300 115 97 41 31 16 30.8	340 139 92 97 12 348 221 83 30 14 197 98 40 43 88 88 88 89 293 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80	273 36 74 75 46 42 120 73 28 19 19 186 19 24 22 57 64 39.2	292 255 296 391 330 234 258 272 256 245 234 160 234 257 239 278 210 175
1979 ta March 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	12 251 4 957 848 344 146	226 381 79 43 7	570 284 102 35 33	1 740 979 208 67 54	2 309 970 123 73 10	2 169 997 118 17 -	1 743 452 83 6 21	1 266 257 41 6 -	1 260 343 10 - -	761 112 - 8 4	207 182 84 89 17	276 240 199 186 181
ROOMS	587 1 492 3 002 6 927 3 458 1 543 1 537 4.1	142 212 231 103 34 2 12 2.6	109 265 301 222 93 20 14 3.0	220 460 872 1 202 226 40 28 3.5	45 328 885 1 501 513 159 54 3.8	39 66 352 1 948 691 169 36 4.1	16 55 215 1 107 599 186 127 4.3	63 61 505 565 230 146 4.8	29 10 159 491 442 482 5.8	11 10 28 89 215 532 6.8	5 14 65 152 157 80 106 4.8	159 178 203 259 308 384 462
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 All income levels in 1979 Complete plumbing for exclusive use	18 546 18 277 11 694 6 128 319 136 269 125 130 9 5 4 336 4 221 162 115	736 637 474 163 - - 99 39 60 - - - 382 333 - 49	1 024 982 669 291 - 22 42 20 22 - - 298 265 - 33	3 048 2 999 1 952 961 43 43 49 26 17 6 - 821 802 19	3 485 3 441 2 527 815 50 49 44 43 10 	3 301 3 296 2 162 1 084 36 14 5 - - 646 646	2 305 2 305 1 412 824 69 - - - - 487 487	1 570 1 570 838 702 30 - - - - 402 402	1 613 1 603 834 709 52 8 10 	885 885 414 452 19 	579 559 412 127 20 - 20 6 6 6 3 3 5 147 144 - 3	260 262 250 285 315 202 129 150 105 195
1.01 or more persons per room BEDROOMS None	718 4 236 9 167 3 409 751 265	198 410 90 26 12	150 571 209 80 8	240 1 385 1 315 95 7 6	59 1 129 1 992 287 18	39 298 2 561 373 25	16 199 1 543 503 36	- ' 95 i 786 i 646 43 - '	- 39 383 895 228 68	11 12 48 329 334 151	5 98 240 175 40 21	152 190 266 370 491 500+
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2	5 879 2 181 2 065 1 802 4 175 1 531 913	67 20 21 20 249 355 4	230 101 89 177 181 169	537 297 286 462 1 061 266 139	702 331 387 546 1 092 194 233	639 412 589 263 968 172 258	765 451 375 170 302 182 60	700 339 151 66 175 108 31	1 179 145 111 57 68 45 8	755 56 38 15 5 16	305 29 18 26 74 24 103	340 290 274 221 224 186 240
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier STORIES IN STRUCTURE	3 865 4 225 4 699 1 988 1 209 2 560	271 158 111 3 33 160	144 174 158 125 126 297	243 573 876 506 313 537	423 940 1 214 338 149 421	732 920 937 251 172 289	596 661 466 204 114 264	437 331 328 162 122 190	644 269 229 205 92 174	335 96 200 117 44 93	40 103 180 77 44 135	308 261 246 247 238 227
1 to 3 4 or more With elevator GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	18 051 495 415	596 140 112	947 77 72	2 989 59 27	3 454 31 16	3 277 24 24	2 234 71 71	1 529 41 41	1 587 26 26	880 5 5	558 21 21	261 164 173
Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 to 49 percent 50 percent ar more Not camputed Median	1 925 2 615 2 666 2 226 1 714 2 992 3 626 782 28.8	127 168 154 115 42 86 27 17 22.1	155 173 109 145 109 192 126 15 27.3	427 473 375 330 199 540 643 61 28.3	460 526 511 420 272 520 744 32 27.7	357 422 576 401 321 574 642 8 28.6	172 259 368 245 326 341 575 19 31.5	101 228 214 263 184 236 324 20 29.4	73 256 244 216 185 302 312 25 30.1	53 110 115 91 76 201 233 6 34.6	579	229 247 263 262 287 265 270 228
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Central heating system Air conditioning Central system	18 546 17 069 5 143 1 508	736 677 79 8	1 024 823 1 69 48	3 048 2 613 507 139	3 485 3 245 1 313 334	3 301 3 092 1 465 383	2 305 2 185 714 237	1 570 1 527 368 110	1 613 1 548 285 129	885 853 76 52	579 506 167 68	260 265 264 274

Table A=3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

					Н	ousehold incor	ne in 1979	•					
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Median (dollars)	Mean (dollars)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Owner-occupied housing units	34 764	2 157	3 413	2 259	2 313	5 378	5 315	7 520	4 281	2 128	21 579	24 343	1 904
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 45 to 64 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Median age	25 974 881 6 985 6 221 8 285 3 602 3 431 605 1 345 569 570 342 5 359 311 836 807 1 485 1 920 43.2	519 29 110 42 201 137 413 112 84 13 66 13 66 1225 99 120 79 212 715 62.4	1 804 99 287 127 382 999 128 99 33 79 60 1 210 63 142 158 304 543 61.8	1 383 89 277 124 367 526 264 111 62 22 130 112 174 174 174 53.2	1 481 131 348 109 356 537 277 54 116 35 31 41 555 57 145 141 147 65 46.2	3 988 228 1 460 733 991 576 601 99 279 105 90 28 789 40 172 245 162 38.1	4 322 190 1 625 1 061 1 137 309 516 33 300 97 67 19 477 5 76 104 186 106 37.7	6 599 93 1 965 2 120 2 110 311 582 51 252 150 104 25 339 14 31 33 153 108 49.5	3 955 10 654 1 275 1 844 172 245 5 108 85 9 81 11 6 5 39 20	1 923 12 259 630 897 125 134 12 45 48 29 - 14 5 25 27 45.6	24 336 16 700 22 780 28 916 28 308 13 566 18 220 11 408 20 568 22 165 20 000 7 062 10 999 9 420 12 948 13 466 13 393 7 252	27 265 17 375 24 673 32 235 31 179 17 123 20 136 13 649 21 326 23 111 11 147 12 876 10 932 13 383 3 964 15 270 10 660	656 39 183 92 228 114 383 158 87 25 51 62 865 96 162 95 209 303 45.9
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	8 067 13 150 5 913 4 680 2 954	387 573 286 432 479	721 1 082 511 495 604	578 668 439 238 336	604 835 346 360 168	1 430 2 171 826 610 341	1 435 2 199 843 527 311	1 613 3 218 1 412 913 364	878 1 612 802 704 285	421 792 448 401 66	20 886 22 566 23 330 21 824 13 363	23 692 24 939 26 691 25 101 17 567	435 635 271 283 280
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Heating equipment Central heating system Air conditioning Central system Vehicles available 1 2 or more House heating fuel Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Median rooms	34 614 368 150 24 34 764 32 767 7 755 4 319 34 065 7 769 26 266 34 764 28 080 1 879 3 796 83 926 6.2	2 120 21 37 2 157 1 878 502 271 1 765 1 096 669 2 157 1 761 185 134 10 67 4.8	3 381 49 32 9 3 413 3 105 856 439 3 218 1 707 1 511 3 413 2 791 183 330 12 97 5.0	2 227 25 32 2 259 2 088 525 296 2 227 855 1 372 2 259 1 876 128 209 46 5.4	2 307 11 6 6 2 313 2 164 579 274 2 286 929 1 357 2 313 1 861 140 255 57 57	5 365 97 13 - 5 378 5 003 1 096 510 5 367 1 323 4 044 5 378 4 208 350 632 - 188 5.8	5 312 36 3 3 3 5 315 5 072 993 515 5 296 4 425 5 315 4 221 226 666 12 190 6.3	7 515 82 5 7 520 7 217 1 613 938 7 503 702 6 801 7 520 6 110 361 853 28 168 6.9	4 265 31 16 6 4 281 4 135 948 643 4 275 4 281 3 520 190 470 6 95 7.5	2 122 16 6 2 128 2 105 643 433 2 128 9 8 2 030 2 128 1 732 116 247 15 18 7.9	21 618 18 241 10 469 13 750 21 579 21 918 21 372 23 217 21 846 695 21 579 21 943 30 368 20 172	24 383 21 373 15 172 20 674 24 343 24 751 25 327 27 477 24 707 24 343 27 607 24 343 25 289 32 211 21 196	1 872 59 32 5 1 904 1 658 416 203 1 647 793 854 1 904 1 528 135 4 79 5.1
Specified owner-occupied housing units	26 156	1 275	2 132	1 464	1 618	3 898	4 317	6 184	3 571	1 697	22 849	25 573	1 096
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS With a mortgage Less thon \$200 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749 \$750 or more Median Not mortgaged Less than \$50 \$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124 \$1125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 or more Median	20 244 635 1 186 1 713 2 211 2 378 4 607 3 299 2 810 1 405 \$441 5 912 62 320 997 1 196 1 215 1 548 354 220 \$133	508 77 723 74 75 76 86 44 37 16 \$353 767 207 202 101 112 25 20 \$109	904 83 119 104 147 116 117 68 95 55 \$350 1 228 20 149 323 291 167 186 58 34 \$110	904 555 775 146 129 114 142 117 90 36 \$371 560 32 84 187 128 88 88 88 30 11	1 121 78 99 180 173 142 257 74 42 \$361 497 15 117 58 109 157 22 - \$134	3 164 153 265 258 350 437 809 469 320 103 \$413 734 6 119 141 181 240 32 15 \$139	3 738 99 121 266 455 440 961 733 479 184 \$454 579 - 8 78 113 166 162 40 12 \$139	5 402 75 290 458 556 608 1 307 957 957 841 310 \$453 782 21 40 119 219 280 62 41 \$149	3 051 8 149 189 225 302 616 564 606 392 \$506 520 -12 29 90 109 238 48 \$161	1 452 7 45 38 101 143 312 273 266 267 \$529 245 — — — — 55 35 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85	24 672 15 600 20 212 21 147 22 194 23 110 24 415 25 985 27 862 30 106 14 517 6 000 7 280 9 478 11 404 17 977 19 808 20 758 29 464 	27 455 15 930 23 296 22 654 23 968 25 560 27 844 29 052 30 791 39 024 19 131 7 142 10 237 11 916 20 355 24 092 25 849 36 248 	629 71 29 71 104 95 118 58 62 21 \$371 467 19 53 119 102 54 83 17 20 \$110
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Medion Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent 15 to 19 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Medion Not computed Medion	20 244 4 555 3 904 3 418 2 656 1 928 3 757 26 22.4 5 912 2 623 1 375 557 369 290 167 494 37 11.1	508 	904 4 32 50 60 758 - 50+ 1 228 64 324 298 233 164 62 83 - 18.8	904 12 9 84 108 123 568 41.0 560 86 304 116 119 24 111	1 121 21 108 151 184 214 443 - 32.3 497 186 220 76 15 - -	3 164 199 387 502 611 609 856 - 29.0 734 348 345 26 15 - - - 10.3	3 738 325 731 852 747 606 477 -24.8 579 472 99 8 	5 402 1 423 1 542 1 301 719 273 144 - 19.1 782 700 75 7	3 051 1 365 935 458 221 43 29 - 15.9 516 4 - - - - 10—	1 452 1 206 192 38 11 - 5 - 10.7 245 245 - - - - - - - - 10.0	24 672 37 238 29 325 25 553 22 295 19 660 12 926 2500— 14 517 26 460 13 131 9 247 6 919 6 120 4 721 3 306 2500— 	27 455 43 011 30 676 26 196 23 393 19 968 13 329 -4 796 19 131 30 940 14 123 9 866 7 305 6 063 5 547 3 444 -1 266 	629 4 14 19 542 26 50+ 467 6 5 11 26 52 22 308 37 48.6

Table A -4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

2. 7					Н	ousehold incor	me in 1979				_		
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Medion (dollars)	Meon (dollors)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Renter-occupied housing units	19 322	3 766	4 791	2 529	2 038	2 785	1 558	1 229	513	113	11 091	12 845	4 460
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER													
Married-couple families	6 870 1 413 2 937	435 118 218	1 348 368 465	921 291 371	770 170 363	1 365 241 667	894 134 455	793 83 312	275 8 80	69 - 6	14 873 11 894 15 371	16 645 13 038 16 163	679 166 306
35 to 44 years	976 962	48 42	138 104	115 86	75 102	209 178	127 135	186 185	52 93	26 37	17 815 19 055	19 665 21 817	119
65 years and over Male householder, no wife present	582 5 721	960 960	273 1 470	58 843	60 694	70 793	43 416	27 307	42 194	44	10 388 11 277	14 217 13 045	5 1 316
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	2 579 2 161 375	450 236 76	702 577 50	465 262 54	330 276 42	316 362 50	137 212 52	102 155 21	73 62 17	4 19 13	10 739 12 550 12 946	11 933 14 274 15 110	868 263 56
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	334 272	60 138	70 71	50 12	30 16	52 13	15	19 10	30 12	8 -	11 850 4 960	15 206 8 329	46 83
Female householder, no husband present	6 731 2 517	2 371 837	1 973 804	765 322	574 194	627 214	248 99	1 29 27	44 20	=	6 995 7 133	8 795 8 695	2 465 1 249
25 to 34 years	1 757 460 683	436 112 255	562 89 201	219 84 43	194 64 57	214 70 83	67 29 38	47 6 6	18 6 -	- -	8 577 10 863 6 966	10 014 10 915 8 572	492 114
45 to 64 years 65 years and over Median age	1 314 28.4	731 28.8	317 27.3	97 26.5	65 27.8	46 28.7	15 29.6	43 32.8	34.7	42.0	4 681	6 731	223 387 24.9
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT									• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		•••		
1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978	12 552 5 210	2 339 1 004	3 177 1 242	1 743 625	1 310 626	1 797 812	992 410	812 329	322 137	60 25	11 090 11 43 6	12 808 12 901	3 119 1 042
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	943 413 204	205 147 71	236 89 47	122 33 6	97 5	101 70 5	106 14 36	43 26 19	28 10	5 19 4	10 625 7 479	12 479 13 150	163 86 50
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	204	,,	47	o	_	J	30	19	16	4	8 095	14 755	50
Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	19 047 12 194	3 636 2 701	4 730 3 233	2 508 1 586	2 013 1 254	2 751 1 580	1 554 891	1 229 615	513 286	113 48	11 154 10 257	12 920 11 932	4 345 2 533
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	6 367 341	900 30	1 382 61	844 51	704 35	1 034 113	643 9	588 22	207 20	65 —	12 704 14 536	14 723 14 986	1 645 127
1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	145 275 131	130	54 61 34	27 21 12	20 25 7	24 34	11	4	-	=	11 250 5 605	12 052 7 599	40 115
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	130	49 78 3	22	9	12 6	29 5 —	4	-	-	- -	6 587 4 387 13 125	8 758 6 259 9 505	34 78
1.51 or more	5	_	5	-	_	-	-	-	-	, -	8 750	8 680	-
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	19 322	3 766	4 791	2 529	2 038	2 785	1 558	1 229	513	113	11 091	12 845	4 460
Centrol heating systemAir conditioning	17 589 5 193 1 520	3 322 920	4 328 1 323	2 277 647	1 882 660	2 583 735	1 446 430	1 193 303	452 143	106 32	11 257 11 366	12 997 12 979	4 006 994
Central system Vehicles available	1 520 17 399 8 843	294 2 617 1 923	336 4 243 2 724	219 2 407 1 235	167 1 986 925	205 2 765 1 159	107 1 555 505	124 1 200 264	68 513 97	113 11	11 484 11 911 9 534	13 280 13 662 10 724	281 3 623 1 981
2 or more	8 556 19 322	694 3 766	1 519 4 791	1 172 2 529	1 061 2 038	1 606 2 785	1 050 1 558	936 1 229	416 513	102 113	14 604 11 091	16 699 12 845	1 642 4 460
Utility gos Bottled, tank, or LP gas	15 276 813	2 922 80	3 809 202	2 009 137	1 667 90	2 209 115	1 170 121	1 001 49	397 9	92 10	11 129 12 272	12 879 13 971	3 433 142
Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc Other	2 784 154 295	632 44 88	680 33 67	339 3 41	244 8 29	396 37 28	247 _ 20	156 9 14	79 20 8	11	10 590 10 000 8 750	12 446 15 300 10 437	740 42 103
Median rooms	4.1	3.6	3.9	4.1	4.3	4.4	4.8	5.4	5.4	5.3	• • • •		4.0
Specified renter-occupied housing units	18 546	3 693	4 598	2 456	1 990	2 641	1 438	1 141	488	101	11 000	12 715	4 336
CONTRACT RENT Less than \$100	1 112	685	230	81	28	59	15	6	6	2	4 358	6 198	476
\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	1 527 3 889 4 127	533 993 680	598 1 230 1 078	156 628 628	73 431 509	88 369 675	28 119 343	17 72 127	17 42 74	17 5 13	6 509 8 486 11 216	8 491 9 622 12 238	426 979 7 6 3
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	3 183 1 773	356 140	699 318	463 165	448 261	587 338	272 301	234 205	112 45	12	12 910 15 034	14 367 15 926	678 372
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	1 395 799	126 30	172 105	145 100	152 60	277 147	186 118	254 167	62 65	21 7	16 986 18 482	18 835 19 830	310 154
\$500 or more No cosh rent Medion	162 579 \$227	17 133 \$175	5 163 \$206	90 \$220	6 22 \$244	11 90 \$256	17 39 \$285	37 22 \$325	50 15 \$289	19 5 \$298	32 010 9 789	31 649 11 782	31 147 \$ 212
GROSS RENT	4227	φ173	4200	φ220	φ2 44	φ230	φ 2 03	Ψ323	Ψ207	Ψ270	•••	•••	Ψ212
Less than \$100\$100 to \$149	736 1 024	568 412	121 377	4 142	18 23	13 55	12 1	- 8	- 6	-	3 834 5 940	4 603 7 063	382 298
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	3 048 3 485	873 714	1 080 963	459 580	260 398	254 453	70 187	22 90	30 78	22	7 352 10 282	8 702 11 513	821 734
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	3 301 2 305	415 2 6 9	845 553	490 294	475 309	546 444	274 221	172 152	73 57	11 6	11 992 12 795	13 146 13 906	646 487
\$400 to \$499 \$500 or more	1 570 1 613 885	169 104 36	209 207 80	176 121 100	235 194 56	313 307 166	232 276 126	183 318 174	43 72 114	10 14 33	14 957 18 048 20 142	16 127 19 168 22 652	402 250 169
No cash rent Median	579 \$260	133 \$194	163 \$233	90 \$250	22 \$278	90 \$296	39 \$335	22 \$382	15 \$343	5 \$395	9 789	11 782	147 \$240
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979													
Less than 15 percent	1 925 2 615	37 98	43 163	66 344	116 341	381 681	371 446	449 440	366 102	96 -	24 420 17 737	27 192 18 807	92 143
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent	2 666 2 226 1 714	146 128 108	297 577 573	464 510 443	521 401 341	701 408 195	350 164 44	182 38 10	5	=	14 544 12 000 10 993	15 041 12 388 11 006	150 158 198
35 to 49 percent50 percent or more	2 992 3 626	447 2 393	1 698 1 084	443 413 126	225 23	185	24 -	- -	-		7 813 4 072	8 477 4 361	667 2 578
Not computed Median	782 28.8	336 50+	163 38.9	90 28.0	22 25.1	90 21.5	39 18.7	22 16.3	15 11.1	5 10—	6 599	8 412	350 50+

Table A=5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Oata are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

The SMSA	Total	Less than \$200	\$200 ta \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 to \$599	\$600 to \$749	\$750 or more	Median (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	20 244	635	1 186	1 713	2 211	2 378	4 607	3 299	2 810	1 405	441
PERSONS IN UNIT	1 570	150	15.4		•••						
1 person 2 persons 3 persons	1 578 6 130 4 234	153 287 119	154 474 266	206 616 288	204 839 375	161 653 546	346 1 243 1 083	162 988 662	133 672 605	59 358 290	372 416 446
4 persons5 persons	5 252 2 231	48 9	189 84	426 133	526 181	683 251	1 225 515	904 452	825 410	426 196	462 488
6 persons 7 persons 8 or more persons	574 191 54	19 - -	19	26 12 6	37 32 17	60 18	157 35 3	89 42 —	124 30 11	43 22 11	478 497 383
Median	3.07	2.07	2.43	2.62	2.67	3.19	3.16	3.25	3.49	3.48	
Mousehold Type and age of Householder Married-couple families	16 615 497	400	914	1 284	1 763	1 962	3 747	2 836	2 513	1 196	452
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	5 627 4 911	26 56 42	5 72 181	26 222 341	55 470 411	50 751 568	157 1 505 1 111	76 1 202 869	91 978 883	371 505	471 482 481
45 to 64 years 65 years and over	4 809 771	191 85	515 141	531 164	689 138	494 99	910 64	639 50	551 10	289 20	398 299
Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years	1 601 192 833	60 17 23	57 - 10	128 15 45	140 12 67	132 10 85	467 57 252	272 45 165	204 29 108	141 7	455 463 472
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	328 232	12	22 25	41 19	29 32	25 12	90 68	37 25	45 22	78 39 17	472 449 418
65 years and over Female householder, no husband present	16 2 028	8 175	215	8 301	308	284	393	191	93	68	225 353
15 to 24 years	108 457	23	2 24	14 63	4 46	26 60	24 118	34 75	4 35	13	436 410
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	493 715 255	13 78 61	41 121 27	63 112 49	86 113 59	96 88 14	111 121 19	51 24 7	28 12 14	46 46 5	373 321 290
Median age	38.6	53.7	51.9	45.7	43.5	37.9	36.3	35.4	36.3	38.8	
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980	4 970	91	65	_96	153	230	982	1 236	1 379	738	570
1975 to 1978	8 951 3 406 2 475	127 96 232	219 166 615	553 558 449	893 721 393	1 260 580	2 674 673	1 604 306	1 090 215	531 91	448 364
1960 to 1969	442	89	121	57	51	278 30	247 31	131 22	96 30	34 11	293 260
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms	227	20	9	33	43	18	19	40	31	14	374
4 rooms5 rooms	997 3 229	155 216	97 282	111 468	132 395	119 428	197 812	122 306	48 247	16 75	351 380
6 roams 7 roams	4 114 4 269	99 85	268 237	422 282 397	640 445	505 495	935 1 043	520 835	469 645	256 202	413 455
8 or more rooms Medion	7 408 6.9	60 5.2	293 6.3	6.1	556 6.3	813 6.7	1 601 6.8	1 476 7.3	1 370 7.4	842 8.1	499
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980	7 676	105	121	212	324	752	1 890	1 808	1 616	848	524
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	4 086 4 169	54 92	50 528	285 480	655 644	611 613	1 146 792	534 520	484 351	267 149	429 378
1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	1 840 585 1 888	140 62 182	272 61 154	301 92 343	266 67 255	146 73 183	345 95 339	179 58 200	142 44 173	49 33 59	339 357 353
VALUE	1 000	182	154	343	255	183	337	200	1/3	39	353
Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999	19 49	10 15	3	6	15	10	-	-		-	197 302
\$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999	151 534	57 69	29 121	28 132	7 82	22 51	2 42	6 19	_ 18	-	232 279
\$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999	1 855 3 559	213 115	256 342	303 429	315 462 931	229 530	390 946 2 086	87 489 1 517	38 226 1 206	24 20 279	325 391 446
\$80,000 to \$77,797 \$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999	8 070 3 427 2 130	82 70 4	347 61 19	618 163 19	293	1 004 317 193	665 434	731 382	774 479	353 506	520 579
\$150,000 or more Median	450 \$68 900	\$47 000	\$55 800	\$58 700	\$63 100	\$65 500	\$67 600	68 \$73 900	69 \$78 800	\$102 100	746
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979											
Less than 15 percent	4 555	368	657	795	702	653	748	345	192	95	333
15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	3 904 3 418 2 656	77 66 27	264 98	286 231 160	618 311 157	570 388 278	1 089 925 717	543 740 472	321 521 530	136 138 262	411 467 492
30 to 34 percent	1 928 3 757	11 79	53 37 77	62 174	135 285	160 329	491 637	519 669	333 913	180 594	513 544
Not' computed Median	26 22.4	13.5	13.9	5 16.0	3 18.3	19.7	22.5	11 25.2	28.5	32.0	317
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS		X.									
Heating equipment Steam or hot water system	20 244 2 106	635 36	1 186 55	1 713	2 211 193	2 378	4 607 434 3 493	3 299 399 2 347	2 810 351 2 009	1 405 262 955	441 490 430
Central warm-air furnoce or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	15 354 1 617 357	472 20 60	1 024 24 21	1 343 60 66	1 820 59 60	1 891 149 43	408 55	405 39	357 11	135	522 326
Other means	810 3 613	47 72	62 205	102 247	79 40 0	61 458	217 748	109 50 6	82 574	51 403	431 450
Central system 1 or more individual room units	2 003 1 610	25 47	38 167	75 172	162 238	215 243	417 331	326 180	403 171	342 61	521 387
House heating fuel	20 244 16 623 563	635 575 7	1 186 1 102 15	1 713 1 566 33	2 211 1 996 66	2 378 2 072 65	4 607 3 656 165	3 299 2 552 95	2 810 2 071 83	1 405 1 033 34	441 425 441
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	2 464 23	36	35	63	97 -	209	601	555 11	579 8	289 4	534 609
Other	571	17	34	51	52	32	185	86	69	45	465

Table A -6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Dota are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

			250 : 274	*75 : *00	2100 . 2104	2305 / 23 /0	2150 . 2100			T
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$50	\$50 to \$74	\$75 to \$99	\$100 to \$124	\$125 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 or more	Medion (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	5 912	62	320	997	1 196	1 215	1 548	354	. 220	133
PERSONS IN UNIT										
1 person	1 466 3 235	50 6	92 211	351 526	396 622	300 671	220 894	50 156	7 149	115 134
2 persons3 persons	627	6	17	72	105	111	205	85	26	151
4 persons5 persons	385 126	_	_	30	56 11	106 21	143	38 13	12 20	150 175
6 persons	40 27	-	-	18	6	- 6	10	12	-	160
7 persons8 or more persons	6	Ξ	-	-	_	_	15	-	6	155 250+
Median	1.96	1.12	1.82	1.78	1.82	1.96	2.12	2.31	2.19	
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Married-couple families 15 to 24 years	4 004 44	<u>-</u>	198	532 37	694	869	1 225	289	197	142 90
25 to 34 years	116	-	11	16	13	24	39	13	Ξ.	144
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	265 1 609	_	14 45	30 152	31 222	33 359	88 570	52 130	17 131	164 152
65 years and over	1 970 358	46	128 27	297 105	427 91	447 60	528 13	94 16	49	132 1 00
Male householder, no wife present	44	14	16	14	_	_	"-	-	_	l 63 (
25 to 34 years	35 26	7	_	7	20 6	8	-	_	_	113 104
45 to 64 years	50 203	6	5 6	12 67	11	7		9	_	l 105 l
65 years and over Female householder, no husband present	1 550	16	95	360	54 411	37 28 6	13 310	7 49	23	104 118
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	9 21	_	5	4 5	- 6	_ 3	1 -	_	7	72 123
35 to 44 years	61	6	,-	5	28	13	4		5	117
45 to 64 years65 years and over	269 1 190	6 4	14 76	32 314	39 338	83 187	73 233	22 27	11	138 115
Median age	67.1	58.3	71.5	71.0	70.3	66.3	65.0	58.6	59.1	
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
1979 to March 1980	445	17	45 52	47	.56	89	165	7	19	141
1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974	1 102 1 061	33	19	127 114	110 1 79	235 221	386 360	87 120	72 48	149 150
1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	1 365 1 939	12	19 185	228 481	318 533	312 358	364 273	68 72	44 37	133 114
	1 ,0,		,03	701	333	330	2/3	′′ [37	114
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms	247	31	24	102	45	10	25			90
4 rooms	956	19	34 135	327 338	238	108	25 112	7	10	1 00
5 rooms6 rooms	1 669 1 272	12	106 36	338 167	426 254	378 276	325 404	· 64	32 1 43	123 140
7 rooms	781	[=]	9	31	135	191	318	49	48	154
8 or more rooms Median	987 5.6	3.5	4.4	32 4.7	98 5.2	252 5.9	364 6.3	154 7.0	87 7.0	165
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1975 to March 1980	638	13	40	62	94	87	245	57	40	155
1970 to 1974	852 1 128	4	9 24	44 51	33	202	421	104	35	166
1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959	1 106	26	41	149	217 251	319 244	360 278	75 79	63 38	145 134
1940 to 1949 1939 ar earlier	550 1 638	-1	43 163	133 558	173 428	129 234	53 191	4 35	15 29	114 106
VALUE	. 333			330	420	204				100
Less than \$10,000	121	22	40	24	27	,	2			(0
\$10,000 to \$19,999	131 178	33 13	42 52	26 55	46	3	2 6	3	_	69 86
\$20,000 ta \$29,999 \$30,000 ta \$39,999	415 592		47 64	192 235	77 145	55 88	33 32	11 28	_	96 100
\$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999	1 074 974	4	77	217	360	205	186	18	7	117
\$60,000 to \$79,999	1 527	6	5 27	171 90	274 199	226 500	231 596	25 67	36 42	128 147
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999	475 412		- 6	5 6	28 27	124	255 17 6	46 130	17 60	166 195
\$150,000 or more Median	134	-	-	_	13	6	31	26	58	233
	\$55 400	\$10000—	\$32 700	\$39 500	\$48 600	\$60 700	\$69 800	\$92 500	\$106 700	
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979										
Less than 10 percent	2 623	45	138	437	478	626	710	106	83	134
10 to 14 percent	1 375	4	94	229	256	280	376	94	42	134
15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent	557 369	6	31 26	94 i 82 i	143 74	91 73	151 78	26 21	15 15	126 126
25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent	290 167	7	26 15	62 21	70 60	30 27	69 28	21 37 15	- 16	126 1 2 2 127
35 percent or more	494	-	5	72	108	88	130	55	36	143
Not computed Median	37 11.1	10-	11 10.9	11.3	7 12.3	10—	6 10.8	- 13.8	13 12.4	154
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS					.2.0	,,,		10.0		
Heating equipment	5 912	62	320	997	1 196	1 215	1 548	354	220	133
Steam or hot water system	904	-	15	40	67	178	397	100	107	169
Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units	3 782 286	56 -	158	565 36	868 61	898 30	953 122	194 30	90 7	132 157
Floor, wall, ar pipeless furnace Other means	407 533	- 6	72 75	168 188	76	37 72	14 62	30	10	95 100
Air conditioning	1 050	10	40	149	124 201	234	285	64	67	138
Central system 1 ar mare individual raam units	493 557	4 6	21 19	35 114	53 148	117 117	179 106	32 32	52 15	155 124
House heating fuel	5 912	62	320	997	1 196	1 215	1 548	354	220	133
Utility gas Bottled, tank, ar LP gas	5 059 336	50	286 11	864 37	1 045 48	1 114 35	1 269 114	279 45	152 40	131 164
Electricity Fuel oil, kerasene, etc	410	6	12	66	89	52	133	30	22	140 175
Other	98	-	11	30	14	14	23		6	114

Table A-7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

		0,	vner-occupied h	ousing units				Rer	nter-occupied h	ousing units		
The SMSA	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier	Total	1975 ta March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 ta 1959	1939 or earlier
Occupied housing units	34 764	10 727	7 539	7 050	4 842	4 606	19 322	3 918	4 301	4 792	3 395	2 916
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	25 974	8 782	5 803	5 243	3 187	2 959	6 870	1 603	1 485	1 706	1 147	929
Married-couple families	881 6 985	437 3 669	208 1 444	66 807	122 489	48 576	l 413 2 937	286 738	359 610	481 701	193 533	94 355
35 to 44 years	6 221 8 285	2 372 1 819	1 603 1 912	1 200 2 267	455 1 295	591 992	976 962	234 221	209 182	180 204	217 136	136 219
65 years and over Male householder, no wife present	3 602 3 431	485 1 046	636 705	903 584	826 538	752 558	582 5 721	124 985	125 1 242	140 1 433	68 1 162	125 899
15 to 24 years	605 1 345	210 511	145 276	125 172	69 177	56 209	2 579 2 161	445 338	579 444	686 524	547 445	322 410
35 to 44 years	569 570	177 116	107 131	104 118	73 122	108 83	375 334	83 60	77 81	89 88	73 66	53 39 75
65 years and over	342 5 359	32 899	46 1 031	65 1 223	97 1 117	102 1 089	272 6 731	59 1 330	61 1 574	46 1 653	31 1 086	75 1 088
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	311 836	79 313	74 193	70 133	72 87	16	2 517 1 757	432 332	579 361	665 428	442 322	399 314
35 to 44 years	807 1 485	181 271	218 265	215 384	98 351	95 214	460 683	84 102	147 164	78 144	73 126	78 147
65 years and over	1 920 43.2	55 35.4	281 41.9	421 49. 9	509 53.6	554 54.4	1 314 28.4	380 29.7	323 28.3	338 27.5	123	150
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT					-	J			25.0			
1979 to March 1980	8 067 13 150	4 705 6 022	1 301 2 98 5	962 1 950	484 1 137	615 1 056	12 552 5 210	2 966 952	2 750 1 215	3 064 1 315	2 259 849	1 513 879
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	5 913 4 680	_	3 253	1 34 5 2 793	686 1 067	629 820	943 413	-	336	255 15 8	130 78	222 177
1959 or earlier	2 954	-	-	-	1 468	1 486	204	_	-	-	79	125
ROOMS 1 room	58	23	19	_	10	6	596	.67	103	208	108	110
2 rooms3 rooms	205 1 025	53 181	24 288	65 247	44 142	19 167	1 503 3 045	162 564	402 710	375 824	289 545	275 402
4 rooms5 rooms	4 080 7 240	858 1 815	972 1 577	739 1 325	698 1 248	813 1 275	7 062 3 616	1 453 832	1 847 760	1 816 840	1 080 638	866 546
6 rooms	6 683 15 473	2 101 5 696	1 360 3 299	1 191 3 483	1 040 1 660	991 1 335	1 717 1 783	438 402	292 187	310 419	350 385	327 390
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	6.2	6.6	6.2	6.5	5.8	5.5	4.1	4.3	4.0	4.0	4.2	4.3
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	34 614 25 473	10 689 7 592	7 522 5 230	7 044 5 476	4 815 3 740	4 544 3 435	19 047 12 194	3 889 2 558	4 274 2 763	4 772 2 914	3 360 2 071	2 752 1 888
0.51 to 1.00	8 773 296	3 013 72	2 151 106	1 505 58	1 026 34	1 078 26	6 367	1 291 30	1 366 119	1 742 68	1 173 73	795
1.51 or more	72 150	12 38	35 17	5 6	15 27	5 62	145 275	10 29	26 27	48 20	43 35	18 164
0.50 or less	83 43	18 15	6 4	ž	3 24	56	131 130	15	8 19	9 11	14 12	85 79
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	24	5	7	- 6	- -	- 6	9 5	<u>-</u> 5	'-	<u>:</u>	'9 -	~
PERSONS IN UNIT		_	•	-		_		-				
1 person2 persons	5 138 12 667	968 3 548	1 029 2 356	1 068 2 684	973 2 168	1 100 1 911	6 352 6 605	1 166 1 380	1 438 1 561	1 617 1 613	1 070 1 111	· 1 061 940
3 persons 4 persons	6 200 6 65 0	2 170 2 573	1 374 1 710	1 276 1 254	735 559	645 554	3 146 1 933	606 501	704 352	765 429	580 394	491 257
5 persons6 or more persons	2 867 1 242	1 123 345	654 416	557 211	270 137	263 133	821 465	173 92	147 99	278 90	119 121	104 63
Median Total persons	2.47 99 330	2.89 33 412	2.78 23 191	2.42 19 563	2.17 11 905	2.13 11 259	2.00 42 906	2.07 8 964	1.96 9 379	1.98 10 508	2.06 7 883	1.92 6 172
UNITS IN STRUCTURE	.,	¥3		555	., .,	** ==*			, .,		, 555	
1, detached or ottached2	29 453 544	9 295 125	5 617 66	5 798 105	4 413 132	4 330 116	6 655 2 181	1 252 425	656 313	1 213 522	1 811 487	1 723 434
3 and 4 5 to 9	386 264	143 80	112 70	8 27	77 58	46 29	2 065 1 802	638 335	491 496	465 532	2 60 263	211 176
-10 ta 49 50 or more	498 154	156 24	152 32	83 91	36 7	71	4 175 1 531	657 498	1 413 517	1 327 405	446 78	332 3 <u>3</u>
Mobile home or trailer, etc.	3 465	904	1 490	938	119	14	913	113	415	328	50	7
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	34 764	10 727	7 539	7 050	4 842	4 606	19 322	3 918 869	4 301 1 298	4 792 1 468	3 395	2 916 615
Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnoce or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units	4 051 25 250 2 452	954 7 333 1 971	1 080 5 962 197	1 067 5 538	428 3 639 81	522 2 778	4 693 10 222 1 721	2 148 790	2 405 418	2 624 323	443 1 760 109	1 285
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	1 014 1 997	27 442	26 274	123 74 248	271	80 616	953 1 733	25 86	25 155	123 254	383 700	397 538
Other means Air conditioning Central system	7 755 4 319	2 475 1 860	2 263 1 335	1 817 855	423 773 145	610 427 124	5 193 1 520	1 201 406	2 057 649	1 534 340	261 63	1 40 62
1 or more individual room units House heating fuel	3 436 34 764	615 10 727	928 7 539	962 7 050	628 4 842	303 4 606	3 673 19 322	795 3 918	1 408 4 301	1 194 4 792	198 3 395	78 2 916
Utility gas	28 080 1 879	6 911 381	6 654 435	6 404 309	4 352 238	3 759 516	15 276 813	2 597 92	3 360 80	4 017 158	2 898 245	2 404 238
Electricity	3 796 83	3 048	306	187 11	130 10	125	2 784 154	1 177 13	771 28	530 44	187 13	119
Other Income in 1979 below poverty level	926 1 904	382 319	135 376	139 414	112 384	158 411	295 4 460	39 747	62 892	43 1 121	52 908	99 792
Percent below poverty level	5.5	3.0	5.0	5.9	7.9	8.9	23.1	19.1	20.7	23.4	26.7	27.2
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000	2 157	274	366	504	474	539	3 766	667	744	958	767	630
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499	3 413 2 259	613 596	747 525	651 425	671 318	731 395	4 791 2 529	875 393	1 001 663	1 212 640	761 517	942 316
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	2 313 5 378	575 1 757	516 1 146	513 1 047	352 670	357 758	2 038 2 785	408 566	552 775	504 600	329 466	245 378
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	5 315 7 520	2 103 2 636	1 062 1 748	850 1 518	725 907	575 711	1 558 1 229	466 374	276 187	369 326	222 229	225 113
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	4 281 2 128	1 543 630	901 528	959 583	507 218	371 169	513 113	150 19	82 21	140 43	90 14	51 16
Median Mean	\$21 579 \$24 343	\$23 423 \$26 243	\$22 134 \$25 526	\$22 057 \$25 372	\$19 509 \$21 427	\$16 693 \$19 473	\$11 091 \$12 845	\$12 647 \$14 415	\$11 529 \$12 574	\$10 883 \$12 942	\$10 820 \$12 381	\$9 273 \$11 513
			-	_								

Table A=8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	(wner-accupied h	ousing units				Re	nter-occupied	hausing units			
The SMSA	Total	l unit, detoched ar ottoched	2 or more units	Mabite home ar trailer, etc.	Total	l unit, detoched ar attoched	2 units	3 and 4 units	5 ta 9 units	10 to 49 units	50 or more units	Mobile home ar trailer, etc.
Occupied housing units Condominium housing units	34 764 1 130	29 453 365	1 846 765	3 465	19 322 640	6 655 44	2 181 17	2 065 133	1 802 131	4 175 236	1 531 79	913
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Morried-couple familles	25 974	23 110	876	1 988	6 870	3 235	822	725	454	979	282	373
15 to 24 years	881 6 985 6 221	574 6 242 5 922	23 173 120	284 570 179	1 413 2 937 976	361 1 314 664	178 431 74	256 370 37	119 162 89	268 387 88	109 84	122 189
35 ta 44 yeors 45 to 64 years 65 yeors and over	8 285 3 602	7 315 3 057	374 186	596 359	962 582	636 260	97 42	32 30	49 35	128 108	12 77	24 8 30
Male householder, ne wife present	3 431 605	2 350 303	393 95	68 8 207	5 721 2 579	1 7 73 790	599 241	710 356	596 255	1 478 654	318 175	247 108
25 to 34 years	1 345 569 570	970 448 361	181 32 61	194 89 148	2 161 375 334	661 124 118	296 44 12	292 26 30	195 46 56	545 111 111	52 12	120 12 7
45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present	342 5 359	268 3 993	24 577	50 789	272 6 731	80 1 647	760	630	44 752	57 1 718	79 931	293
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	311 836	126 530	50 178	135 128	2 517 1 757	604 501	242 261	267 216	314 157	755 438	262 79	73 105
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	807 1 485 1 920	626 1 141 1 570	69 126 154	112 218 196	460 683 1 314	208 201 133	22 109 126	46 46 55	75 85 121	64 172 289	6 54 530	39 16 60
Median ageYEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	43.2	43.3	45.1	39.4	28.4	29.9	28.3	26.4	28.0	27.1	36.9	27.8
1979 to Morch 1980 1975 ta 1978	8 067 13 150	6 160 11 200	711 575	1 196 1 375	12 552 5 210	4 134 1 769	1 497 587	1 513 441	1 270 426	2 737 1 143	823 578	578 266
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	5 913 4 680 2 954	5 058 4 210 2 825	256 189 115	599 281 14	943 413 204	371 248 133	76 11 10	75 22 14	72 22 12	178 82 35	117 13	54 15
ROOMS	58	17	8	33	596	74	12	36	45	298	122	9
2 rooms 3 raams	205 1 025 4 080	78 488 2 305	24 209 407	103 328 1 368	1 503 3 045 7 062	152 455 1 643	95 238 1 001	106 263 1 143	227 342 816	522 1 013 1 714	383 606 325	18 128 420
4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms	7 240 6 683	5 596 6 030	442 359	1 202	3 616 1 717	1 567 1 205	555 210	357 101	268 83	483 86	83 7	303 25
7 or more rooms Median	15 473 6.2	14 939 6.5	397 5.1	137 4.4	1 783 4.1	1 559 5.1	70 4.2	59 4.0	21 3.9	59 3.6	5 2.9	10 4.2
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	34 614 25 473	29 341 21 760	1 8 36 1 456	3 437 2 257	19 047 12 194	6 613 3 913	2 147 1 372	2 043 1 368	1 775 1 282	4 052 2 713	1 504 999	913 547
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	8 773 296	7 406 151	365 10	1 002 135	6 367 341	2 523 134	763 12	620 50	459 14	1 205 82	454 32 19	343 17
1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	72 150 83	24 1 12 67	5 10 5	43 28 11	145 275 131	43 42 18	- 34 17	5 22 13	20 27 14	52 123 52	19 27 17	6
0.51 to 1.00	43 _	34 -	5	4	130	19	17 -	9	4 9	71	16	-
1.51 or moreBEDROOMS	24	11	_	13	5	5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nane 1 2	72 1 361 8 932	24 720 6 206	8 308 791	40 333 1 935	727 4 326 9 364	90 699 2 477	24 335 1 417	49 333 1 430	69 551 961	324 1 450 2 079	163 855 471	103 529
3 4	15 337 7 179	13 738 6 963	487 171	1 112 45	3 717 869	2 337 787	373 11 21	227 27	195 21	276 23 23	37	272
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000	1 883 2 157	1 802 1 490	216	451	319 3 766	265 869	318	260	5 458	23 976	655	230
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499	3 413 2 259	2 396 1 661	232 160	785 438	4 791 2 529	1 285 776	522 266	592 255	452 334	1 278 613	453 137	209 148
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	2 313 5 378 5 315	1 757 4 420 4 784	133 359 159	423 599 372	2 038 2 785 1 558	687 1 129 795	309 375 174	268 377 186	183 219 76	414 508 174	59 98 58	118 79 95
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	7 520 4 281	6 930 4 028	284 182	306 71	1 229 513	749 308	175 36	62 50	59 16	103 90	47 13	34
\$50,000 or more Medion Mean	2 128 \$21 579 \$24 343	1 987 \$22 872 \$25 616	121 \$16 820 \$21 336	20 \$12 846 \$15 130	113 \$11 091 \$12 845	57 \$13 947 \$15 840	6 \$12 354 \$13 427	15 \$11 770 \$13 046	5 \$9 882 \$10 356	19 \$9 281 \$10 800	\$5 953 \$8 470	\$10 296 \$10 753
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	34 764	29 453	1 846	3 465	19 322	6 655	2 181	2 065	1 802	4 175	1 531	913
Steom or hat water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	4 051 25 250	3 572 21 076	442 1 046	37 3 128	4 693 10 222	406 4 285	250 1 568	595 1 019	698 648	2 042 1 371	697 513	5 818
Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnoce Other means	2 452 1 014 1 997	2 211 903 1 691	217 63 78	24 48 228	1 721 953 1 733	39B 550 1 016	86 126 151	275 70 106	231 59 166	467 94 201	249 39 33	15 15 60
Air cenditioning	7 755 4 319	5 463 3 029	7 62 430	1 530 860	5 193 1 520	563 235	1 91 46	612 118	655 109	2 139 599	723 272	310 141
Vehicles available	34 065 7 799 26 266	28 932 5 877 23 055	1 788 721 1 067	3 345 1 201 2 144	17 399 8 843 8 556	6 292 2 320 3 972	1 982 888 1 094	1 944 989 955	1 623 1 129 494	3 653 2 333 1 320	1 072 716 356	833 468 365
House heating fuel	34 764 28 080	29 453 23 693	1 846 1 398	3 465 2 989	19 322 15 276	6 655 5 240	2 181 1 977	2 065 1 586	1 802 1 436	4 175 3 210	1 531 1 027	913 800
Bottled, tonk, or LP gos Electricity Fuel ail, kerosene, etc	1 879 3 796 83	1 489 3 366 63	82 340 15	308 90 5	813 2 784 154	529 665 34	38 165 1	30 425	44 292 18	92 762 81	15 427 20	65 48
Water heating fuel	926 34 707	842 29 409	11 1 846	73 3 452	295 19 276	187 6 626	2 181	24 2 055	1 802	30 4 168	42 1 531	913
Utility gos Bottled, tank, or LP gos Electricity	27 076 1 705 5 8 49	22 865 1 317 5 165	1 369 81 391	2 842 307 293	14 332 852 3 998	4 985 527 1 100	1 877 60 244	1 521 33 494	1 357 51 376	2 970 100 1 056	897 26 595	725 55 133
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc Other	9 68	4 58	<u>5</u>	10	63 31	14	_	7	18	32 10	13	_
Family householder With own children under 18 years With own children under 6 years	28 381 14 607 6 101	25 035 13 217 5 425	1 022 367 123	2 324 1 023 553	8 744 4 846 2 689	3 947 2 418 1 171	1 037 586 366	964 407 264	655 384 207	1 326 658 425	335 81 61	480 312 195
Female householder, ne husband present With own children under 18 years	1 812 1 088	1 445 853	1 26 80	241 155	1 529 1 160	587 443	186 130	1 69 128	156 130	285 202	47 38	99 89
With own children under 6 yeors Nonfamily householder	201 6 383	143 4 418	21 824	37 1 141	434 10 578	144 2 708	59 1 144	50 1 1 01	35 1 147	90 2 849	18 1 196	38 433
Percent below poverty level	1 904 5.5	1 302 4.4	181 9.8	421 12.2	4 460 23.1	1 293 19.4	476 21.8	367 17.8	441 24.5	1 086 26.0	576 37.6	221 24.2

Table A -9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

[Octo are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

<u>[1</u>	oto ore estimotes	bosed on a sa	mple, see Introdu	action. For mean	ning of symbols,	see Introduction.	For definitions	or terms, see o		10 0)	
The SMSA	Total	l person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 persons	7 persons	8 or more persons	Median	Total persons
Owner-occupied housing units	34 764 1 861	5 138	12 667 949	6 200 446	6 650 240	2 867 141	862 40	306 45	74 -	2.47 2.48	99 330 5 653
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 7 rooms 8 or more rooms Median	1 288 4 080 7 240 6 683 5 849 9 624 6.2	655 1 286 1 527 935 404 331 4.9	434 1 917 3 354 2 709 2 049 2 204 5.7	113 579 1 137 1 271 1 253 1 847 6.5	60 185 825 1 297 1 374 2 909 7.2	13 75 272 385 625 1 497 7.6	9 28 98 57 90 580 8.5	- 6 11 29 48 212 8.5 +	4 16 - 6 44 8.1	1.48 1.89 2.12 2.39 2.88 3.65	2 391 8 431 17 298 18 144 18 222 34 844
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less	34 614 34 246 296 72 150 126	5 081 5 081 57 57	12 636 12 629 7 31 31 	6 192 6 169 19 4 8 5	6 605 6 566 30 9 45 24 —	2 863 2 775 75 13 4 4 -	862 727 126 9 - - -	301 255 40 6 5 5	74 44 6 24 - -	2.47 2.45 5.69 5.83 2.08 1.69	98 945 96 740 1 703 502 385 279
1.51 or more UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc	29 453 1 846 3 465	3 579 624 935	10 559 695 1 413	5 446 208 546	6 176 180 294	2 610 77 180	749 45 68	268 17 21	66 - 8	2.61 1.93 2.06	86 007 4 598 8 725
VALUE Specified owner-occupied housing units Less than \$10,000	26 156 150 227 566 1 126 2 929 4 533 9 597 3 902 2 542 2 542 \$\$84 \$\$66 300	3 044 53 62 136 290 701 667 821 218 81 15 \$54 600	9 365 90 127 301 529 1 156 1 797 3 283 1 230 666 186 \$43 300	4 861 3 30 75 130 598 747 1 859 780 540 99	5 637 3 5 25 121 301 945 2 343 1 025 707 162 \$72 100	2 357 1 3 11 56 118 288 907 482 402 402 89 \$75 900	614 - 18 - 32 33 286 105 118 22 \$74 500	218 - - 12 41 70 62 28 5 \$74 100	60 - - - 11 15 28 - - 6 \$43 300	2.64 1.74 1.91 1.99 2.02 2.16 2.39 2.87 3.14 3.47 3.42	76 070 277 431 1 026 2 353 6 540 12 577 29 479 12 756 8 818 1 813
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Median income Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income With a mortgage Not mortgaged Income in 1979 below poverty level Median income Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income With o mortgaged Not mortgaged	34 764 \$21 579 20.0 22.4 11.1 1 904 \$3 255 50+ 50+ 48.6	5 138 \$10 445 26.7 30.0 21.6 759 \$2 561 50+ 50+ 46.8	12 667 \$20 189 17.4 22.5 10.5 494 \$3 108 50+ 50+ 50+	6 200 \$23 745 20.2 22.1 10- 246 \$3 914 50+ 50+ 27.9	6 650 \$26 244 20.8 21.5 10.— 215 \$4 409 50+ 50+ 50+	2 867 \$27 192 20.3 20.9 10— 139 \$5 932 50+ 50+ 22.5	\$62 \$27 027 21.1 21.7 10— 35 \$8 098 50+ 50+	306 \$30 081 20.8 22.3 10— 6 \$23 750 27.5 27.5	74 \$32 000 17.8 18.5 10— 10 \$5 417 50+	1.89	
Renter-occupied housing units Nonrelatives present	19 322 4 689	6 352	6 605 2 735	3 146 1 186	1 933 482		318 70	121 37	26 -	2.00 2.36	
ROOMS 1 room	596 1 503 3 045 7 062 3 616 1 717 1 783 4,1	530 1 130 1 803 2 063 543 204 79 3.3	52 298 890 3 394 1 182 449 340 4.1	5 42 220 1 055 948 429 447 4.8	3 27 89 453 590 334 437 5.2	6 22 75 256 184 272	- 15 18 59 98 128 6.2	- 6 4 34 19 58 6.4	22	2.98	2 043 4 662 14 068 9 835 3 5 281 6 373
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	275 261 9	6 191 6 191 - - 161 161	6 543 6 491 - 52 62 62	3 117 3 081 36 29 18 6	1 913 1 799 89 30 20	712 72 34 3	15	121 58 53 10 - -	20	1.9	40 050 1 707 3 682 467 1 411 5 39
1.51 or more UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2 3 and 4 5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or troiler, etc.	6 655 2 181 2 065 1 802 4 175 1 531	1 223 601 576 813 1 923 896 320	825 943 600 1 409 438	1 432 438 288 222 480 119	22: 19: 10: 22: 6	61 33 38 64 699 2 16	33 27 10 32	4 6		6 2.5 2.0 1.9 1.6 1.6 1.3	9 4 838 8 4 395 5 3 349 2 7 779 5 2 369
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more No cosh rent Medion	- 18 546 736 1 024 3 048 3 485 3 301 2 305 1 570 1 613 885 579	612 632 1 561 1 601 797 401 223 133 28	66 275 975 1 250 1 584 1 002 498 386 103 185	560 519 492 464 250	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	8 4 1 11 7 37 8 101 7 90 9 53 1 88 8 17 0 15 8 5	42 1 2 3 5 4 7,	66 100 133 22	1	6 1.9 - 1.1 - 1.5 - 1.4 - 2.6 - 2.7 7 2.6 1 3.8 - 1.8	0
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Median income Median gross rent as percentage of household income Income in 1979 below poverty level Median income Median gross rent as percentage of household income	19 322 \$11 091 28.8 4 460 \$3 976	\$6 589 32.0 1 610 5 \$2 51	9 \$11 810 6 26.9 6 1 318 2 \$4 533	\$13 342 28.4 76 2 \$5 576	2 \$15 32 4 26 2 \$6 \$6 82	22 \$17 27 9 26.3 15 20 24 \$6 54	\$16 38 3 26. 5 7 8 \$6 49	9 \$18 875 4 25.8 9 27 2 \$15 469	\$27 14 3 21 7 \$8 75	.3 7 1.50	

Table A-10. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units:

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

15 to 24	5	Marrie 25 to 34		45 to 64	65 vears	2	Male househalder,	er, no wife present	3	S CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR	1 - 1	male kousehald	no husbanc	present	Sylvan 54	Moio
1.3 to 24 2.3 to 34 3.3 to 44 Total years years years	25 to 34 years	year		years	ob years and over	ro 24 years	to 34 years	to 44 years	to 64 years	65 years and over	to 24 years	to 34 years	35 to 44 4 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	Median
34 764 881 6 985 6 221	9 586			8 285	3 602	909	1 345	569	920	342	311	836	807	1 485	1 920	43.2
5 138	051 775 303 663 193 3.31 575	559 926 2 644 1 644 1 628 4.11 26 247		4 241 1 963 1 164 1 164 328 224 232	3 264 286 27 27 21 10 2.05 7 596	317 166 100 16 6 6 1.45	802 389 111 34 4 4 1.34 2 165	346 126 56 37 4 1.32 917	265 207 60 32 32 - - 1.60 1.055	273 45 21 3 3 1.13 438	155 105 25 25 17 1,50 580	383 245 145 38 38 25 1 651	173 192 207 154 154 55 26 26 26 26 26 25 25 25 25 25 26 26 26 26 27	832 343 191 191 15 15 2 652	1 592 242 57 23 23 1.10 2 381	54.6 55.4 40.0 40.2 55.4
34 614 877 6 965 6 206 368 5 134 101 150 4 20 15 24 4 14 6	965 134 20 14			8 264 91 21	3 574 1 28 -	009	1 340	569	554 16	33	311	836 6 	807 10 -	1 485 20 -	1 895	43.1 37.5 58.3 30.0
26 156 541 5 743 5 176 4 911 497 5 627 4 911 255 38 621 1 255 3 904 54 94 1 158 941 1 928 82 800 22.2 4 28.0 5 5 912 4 1 156 5 912 4 4 116 265 5 1 375 7 1 375 7 1 928 92 939 93 939 93 939 93 939 93 939 93 939 93 93	5 743 5 627 4 6 621 1 1 158 800 067 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 6			6 418 2 0333 2 0333 986 456 406 202 519 7 7 1 609 1 509	2 741 771 771 771 102 102 114 75 75 75 152 23.6 1 970 1 970	236 1622 1672 177 177 188 88 88 84 44 44 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 36 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37	868 833 77 165 101 159 69 260 272 35	23. 23. 24. 24. 25. 25. 26. 26. 27. 28. 29. 20. 20. 20. 20. 20. 20. 20. 20. 20. 20	232 232 20 20 20 50 50 50 335 50	200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200	117 108 18 13 7 7 13 54 54 54	478 457 25 25 25 26 83 83 32 1 21 4	55. 53. 493 493 215 215 215 228 288	984 7115 1715 107 107 91 87 76 26,5 26,5 26,5	255 231 231 331 332 129 130 130 130 130 130 130 130 130 130 130	88.3 33.7.2 33.5.7 33
557 19 8 369 12 8 167 - 8 494	937	50 6 10 10 97		20 20 33 33 33 47 10 10 8	237 128 63 37 86 11.9	10 - 10 - 2 579	10 - 2 161	10-	3. 101 3. 4. 101 3. 4. 101 3. 101 3. 101 3. 101 3. 101 3. 101 3. 101 3. 101 3. 101 4. 101 3.	34 8 21 46 21.1	50+ 2 517	28.3	10 5 10.7	30 30 8 8 8 59 17.2	225 157 111 96 235 235 19.8	28.4 75.2 69.7 77.0 72.0 51.1
6 352	1 034 759 753 753 270 121 3.07 9 169	123 186 286 237 144 4.13		476 221 221 119 65 81 2.52 2 860	505 30 28 28 19 2.08	938 928 483 178 37 37 1.88 5 217	1 124 722 220 60 29 6 1.46 3 540	266 74 74 18 7 5 5 1.20 553	284 26 9 9 9 6 6 1.09	232 40 +	882 925 429 206 55 55 1.91 5 357	822 541 241 84 50 50 1,60 3 288	113 155 121 36 27 27 2.25 1 079	466 106 46 53 53 1.23 1 085	1 225 89 89 - - - 1 04	29.9 26.8 26.6 29.8 33.4 37.7
19 047	2 917 147 20 3	959 97 17 5		957 41 5	581	2.534 61 45	2 119 22 42 -	355 5 20 -	307 6 27 -	272	2 475 44 42	1 738 19 19 -	45 5 7 5	665 12 18	306	28.4 31.3 30.2 31.7
18 546 1 387 2 764 833 1 925 137 389 93 2 615 295 567 125 2 226 181 324 112 1 714 112 194 88 2 992 233 341 107 3 626 138 264 85 782 40 104 85 28.8 24.8 23.2 26.1	2 764 5389 567 581 324 194 194 104 23.2	833 93 125 126 112 112 88 107 107 26.1	_	802 217 295 195 76 77 77 77 61 61 9.0	26.27 26.27 26.39 26.39 26.39 26.39	2 541 187 223 374 288 273 467 629 100	2 096 279 376 376 318 168 331 247 25.5	354 67 77 77 28 19 82 20 20 24.1	326 83 83 83 27 27 27 27 27 27 33	255 13 13 16 16 17 17 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	2 491 2111 2117 169 235 275 275 1 015 30 42.0	1 735 202 271 271 271 280 285 440 420 32.0	25 88 88 88 88 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84	77 77 77 77 77 78 78 88 88 88 88 88 88 88	1 300 73 73 74 141 254 140 89 89 89 89 311 884 30.0	28.2 30.8 30.8 29.1 28.3 27.7 27.6 25.2 38.3

Table A -11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

				Male hous	eholder					Female hou	seholder		
The SMSA	Total	Total	15 to 24 yeors	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over
Owner-occupied housing units	5 138	2 003	317	802	346	265	273	3 135	155	383	173	832	1 592
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	5 08 1 57	1 971 32	317	797 5	346 -	249 16	262 11	3 110 25	155	383	173	832	1 567 25
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc.	3 579 624 935	1 314 239 450	141 58 118	557 102 143	281 25 40	120 34 111	215 20 38	2 265 385 485	56 15 84	177 143 63	124 25 24	624 60 148	1 284 142 166
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000	1 357 1 106	373 289	94 77	72 76	13 15	56 62	138 59	984 817	57 31	48 63	13	181 227	685 487
\$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	596 451 690 456	215 180 332 280	84 13 20 5	55 109 170 172	49 20 82 57	13 7 44 31	14 31 16 15	381 271 358 176	11 26 30	98 76 82 16	18 47 66 20	142 74 79 78	112 48 101 62
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	317 83 82 \$10 445	218 70 46 \$14 229	18 - 6 \$9 387	102 25 21 \$17 645	65 26 19 \$19 651	33 19 - \$13 036	- - \$4 966	99 13 36 \$8 551	- - \$7 228	- - \$12 054	- - - \$14 973	31 6 14 \$10 141	68 7 22 \$6 161
Mean MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY	\$12 660	\$16 008	\$10 090	\$18 619	\$22 641	\$15 155	\$7 630	\$10 521	\$8 788	\$11 549	\$14 449	\$11 637	\$9 433
OWNER COSTS Specified awner-occupied housing units	3 044 1 578	1 051 799	101 83	486 464	217 191	71 45	176 16	1 993 779	47 38	125 121	98 88	545 365	1 178 167
With a mortgage Less than \$200 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599	153 154 206 204 161 346 162	29 28 67 80 79 237 129	7 - 8 8 6 30 18	8 10 28 51 54 140 91	12 21 13 19 51 20	6 2 8 - 16	8 - 8 - - -	124 126 139 124 82 109 33	- 2 14 - 11	5 7 18 18 12 27 12	7 23 14 8 25	51 69 57 70 26 60 19	61 25 36 28 8 -
\$600 to \$749 \$750 or more Median	133 59 \$372 1 466 50	110 40 \$437 252 40	\$431 18 14	58 24 \$449 22 -	39 16 \$440 26 7	7 \$402 26	\$225 160 19	23 19 \$300 1 214 10	\$364 9	16 6 \$401 4	\$300 10	13 \$304 180	7 \$245 1 011
\$50 to \$7/4 \$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 or more	92 351 396 300 220 50 7	61 77 53 2 10	4	7 7 8 - -	5 6 8 - -	5 11 7 - 3	49 53 30 2 7	83 290 319 247 218 40	5 4 - - - -	- 4 - - -	5 5 - -	7 26 27 62 39 13	71 251 292 180 179 27 7
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	\$115	\$105	\$50—	\$114	\$104	\$118	\$106	\$118	\$72	\$88	\$112	\$135	\$115
Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income in 1979 With a mortgage Not mortgage Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	26.7 30.0 21.6 759 14.8	27.3 29.1 13.6 249 12.4	50+ 50+ 10- 81 25.6	28.0 28.7 10— 58 7.2	25.8 26.6 10— 13 3.8	20.2 24.5 10— 35 13.2	24.3 30.0 24.3 62 22.7	26.3 31.5 22.3 510 16.3	44.1 43.6 50+ 35 22.6	35.1 35.5 12.5 35 9.1	25.0 26.2 10— 6 3.5	27.5 29.1 24.4 154 18.5	24.0 39.5 22.2 280 17.6
Renter-occupied housing units	6 352	2 844	93 8	1 124	266	284	232	3 508	882	822	113	466	1 225
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use UNITS IN STRUCTURE	6 191 161	2 746 98	913 25	1 093 31	251 15	257 27	232	3 445 63	863 19	803 19	108 5	454 12	1 217 8
1, detached or attached	1 223 601 576 813 1 923 896 320	659 224 300 375 946 190 150	167 38 113 126 349 81 64	253 145 132 120 369 30 75	76 35 19 33 93 6 4	92 6 30 52 97 - 7	71 - 6 44 38 73	564 377 276 438 977 706 170	171 83 83 154 283 85 23	163 126 102 90 249 37 55	18 5 26 14 26 - 24	100 69 21 68 138 54 16	112 94 44 112 281 530 52
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$15,000 to \$14,999 \$25,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	2 410 1 874 724 482 527 152 99 57	782 818 379 268 336 108 69 57	341 258 155 72 91 — 6	184 404 137 128 141 70 49 —	71 38 49 22 45 27 - 6	55 59 31 30 46 11 14 30 8	131 59 7 16 13 - 6	1 628 1 056 345 214 191 44 30	411 287 101 45 38	228 319 113 73 80 9 -	47 20 19 14 13 \$6 979	221 142 24 31 41 7 - - - \$5 441	721 288 88 51 32 15 30 -
Median	\$6 589 \$8 410	\$8 601 \$10 378	\$6 988 \$8 195	\$9 570 \$11 148	\$11 224 \$12 348	\$12 258 \$15 721	\$4 679 \$6 680	\$5 447 \$6 814	\$5 395 \$6 291	\$7 210 \$7 886	\$8 140	\$6 924	\$6 308
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more No cash rent Median	6 206 612 632 1 561 1 601 797 401 223 131 28 220 \$206	2 750 172 231 696 757 354 216 132 85 20 87	917 21 42 275 312 107 77 27 6 - 50 \$214	1 084 62 81 251 318 173 83 43 44 11 18 \$221	254 22 34 61 53 24 21 13 17 9	276 13 27 71 66 28 29 28 14 - - \$233	219 54 47 38 8 22 6 21 4 - 19 \$148	3 456 440 401 865 844 443 185 91 46 8 133 \$197	856 23 66 253 282 158 46 13 - 15 \$211	806 25 117 205 227 133 37 20 24 - 18 \$212	113 6 5 8 51 31 6 - 6 \$226	466 54 46 139 90 29 36 32 6 - 34 \$186	1 215 332 167 260 194 92 60 26 16 8 60 \$171
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median gross rent as percentage of household income in 1979 Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	32.6 1 616 25.4	29.4 546 19.2	36.3 295 31.4	27.3 91 8.1	25.4 41 15.4	23.3 41 14.4	36.3 78 33.6	35.2 1 070 30.5	43.4 306 34.7	32.1 163 19.8	37.0 43 38.1	39.5 181 38.8	30.1 377 30.8

Table A -12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

[Ooto ore estimates based on a sample, see Intraduction. Far meaning of symbols, see Intraduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	(p/		Tur meeting or symbols, see infraduction. For destillions of			-,	
The SMSA	Total	Less than 2 manths	2 up ta 6 months	6 or more months	The SMSA	Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 ar more months
Vacant for sole only housing units	1 224	536	507	181	Vacant for rent housing units	1 604	1 055	436	113
ROOMS					ROOMS				
1 to 3 rooms	99 234 290 278 157 166 5.5	25 92 94 115 103 107 6.0	39 113 171 126 43 15 5.1	35 29 25 37 11 44 5.5	1 raom	43 96 227 677 357 137 67 4.1	26 14 174 434 243 123 41 4.2	13 72 27 207 87 11 19 4.0	4 10 26 36 27 3 7 4.0
PLUMBING FACILITIES	Δ				PLUMBING FACILITIES				
Complete plumbing far exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	1 218 6	530 6	507 -	181	Camplete plumbing far exclusive use	1 584 20	1 053	422 14	109
BEDROOMS							-		
Nane	- 80 467 483 178 16	17 179 202 135 3	18 249 209 31	45 39 72 12	BEDROOMS None	51 364 828 313 36	26 206 562 235 26	21 114 230 52 7	4 44 36 26
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT					5 or more	12		12	-
1975 to March 1980	662 238 151 65 47 61	347 41 47 20 33 48	220 161 64 35 14 13	95 36 40 10 -	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980	614 249 162 130 200 249	437 182 125 80 108 123	153 58 32 26 87 80	24 9 5 24 5 46
1, detached ar ottached	819	439	276	104	UNITS IN STRUCTURE				
2 or mare Mobile hame ar trailer HEATING EQUIPMENT Central heating system Other means Nane	344 61 1 126 98	494 42	202 29 475 32	74 3 157 24	1, detached ar attached	436 173 270 195 382 64 84	278 100 222 126 229 39 61	130 45 30 69 126 18	28 28 18 - 27 7 5
PRICE ASKED					RENT ASKED				
Specified vacant for sale only housing units Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 or more Median	765 12 8 13 23 68 136 275 163 67 \$66 200	427 - 8 - 6 45 82 148 118 20 \$66 800	243 12 - 13 17 23 44 74 29 31 \$61 500	95 	Specified vacant for rent housing units	1 597 63 133 198 320 384 414 85 \$259	1 048 38 98 93 181 279 309 50 \$266	436 18 30 77 126 74 76 35 \$230	113 7 5 28 13 31 29 - \$253

Table A -13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

The SMSA	Price asked—Specified vacont for sole anly housing units							Rent asked—Specified vocant for rent housing units						
	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 or more	Medion (dallars)	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$199	\$200 to \$299	\$300 to \$399	\$400 or more	Medion (dollars)
Total	765	12	21	91	574	67	66 200	1 597	63	331	704	414	85	259
PLUMBING FACILITIES														
Camplete plumbing far exclusive use Lacking camplete plumbing for exclusive use	765 -	12	21 _	91 	574 -	67	66 200 -	1 577 20	59 4	315 16	704 ~-	414	85 -	260 183
BEDROOMS														
None	14 160 402 173 16	12 - - - -	- 9 12 -	2 46 43 -	105 311 152 6	- - 36 21 10	10000— 53 800 67 400 83 200 105 000	51 357 828 313 36 12	17 29 17 - -	26 211 58 30 -	8 84 526 78 8	33 192 172 17	- 35 33 11 6	132 182 263 322 345 280
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or eorlier	468 72 87 53 37 48	- 12 - -	- 4 5 12	18 2 14 17 25 15	383 70 57 31 	67 - - - - -	75 200 76 400 55 800 53 200 41 600 53 000	614 249 162 130 193 249	31 9 3 - - 20	37 35 37 63 58 101	252 142 93 25 110 82	248 52 29 35 25 25	46 11 7 7	294 256 226 203 220 203
UNITS IN STRUCTURE														
1, detached or ottoched 2 or more Mabile home ar trailer	765 	12 	21 	91 	574 	67 	66 200 	429 1 084 84	13 38 12	44 249 38	175 501 28	166 242 6	31 54 -	286 259 168

Table B-1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Fort Collins city	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$39,999	\$40,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$59,999	\$60,000 to \$79,999	\$80,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 to \$149,999	\$150,000 or more	Medion (dollars)	Mean (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	9 957	97	72	124	404	835	1 484	4 553	1 591	663	134	67 600	70 500
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	7 677	36	35	64	226	460	1 039	3 643	1 468	582	124	70 100	73 700
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Mole householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years	137 2 410 1 755 2 484 891 784 131 359 123 113		- - 7 28 13 - -	6 7 20 - 31 11 - - - 5	6 20 11 97 92 47 8 22 5	13 74 60 156 157 75 11 42 9	32 333 174 336 164 166 25 86 32 23	80 1 392 748 1 139 284 351 56 180 43 46	422 484 492 70 53 - 16 21	147 212 180 43 24 	124 15 32 71 6 -	62 500 70 000 75 100 70 700 57 700 62 000 56 600 63 400 63 900 62 300	59 700 73 600 80 400 75 400 58 500 60 500 49 100 64 800 65 000 63 000
65 years and over	58 1 496 95 228 187 402 584 42.4	17 - - - 5 12 41.5	13 24 - - 10 14 72.5	6 49 5 7 14 23 64.3	6 131 - 5 16 31 79 62.2	7 300 12 40 25 53 170 55.4	279 41 58 17 50 113 41.9	26 559 32 101 106 182 138 38.7	70 - 12 5 36 17 41.1	57 5 5 11 18 18 42.4	10 - 7 - 3 - 46.3	42 900 58 000 57 700 61 400 63 400 62 400 49 700 	45 300 58 900 60 600 65 200 63 200 62 600 52 200
1979 to March 1980	2 127 3 606 1 557 1 587 1 080	13 40 13 10 21	13 10 23 26	12 8 18 13 73	18 55 38 151 142	52 242 126 183 232	301 522 238 244 179	1 096 1 797 702 647 311	403 642 273 212 61	184 265 106 73 35	35 25 43 31 -	70 000 70 500 70 000 63 700 52 700	76 500 72 400 73 500 66 300 53 900
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms	157 639 1 328 1 613 2 238 3 982 7.1	49 28 14 6 - - 3.5	9 56 - 7 - 4.0	6 50 56 7 5 - 4.6	31 113 103 88 25 44 5.1	21 162 324 156 83 89 5.2	15 116 389 384 332 248 6.1	26 103 391 790 1 268 1 975 7.3	- 44 124 407 1 016 8.0	- 7 52 111 493 8.5+	11 - 6 - 117 8.5+	37 300 43 400 53 300 62 600 69 400 76 500	33 800 46 300 54 100 64 100 71 500 83 200
BEDROOMS None	7 198 1 778 4 110 2 987 877	31 60 - 6	- 9 63 	11 88 25 - -	7 17 199 146 23 12	65 378 321 50 21	20 459 706 221 78	38 462 2 070 1 638 345	7 38 630 653 263	13 190 345 115	- 18 22 51 43	37 500 43 300 51 800 66 400 74 800 78 700	37 500 42 400 52 000 69 200 80 400 86 400
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980	2 949 1 681 2 202 1 360 415 1 350	6 15 32 24 - 20	13 10 - - 7 42	2 - 5 16 19 82	3 17 45 107 34 198	16 46 168 217 121 267	225 205 392 294 87 281	1 583 880 1 082 567 131 310	721 359 306 79 16 110	324 119 144 46 - 30	56 30 28 10	76 000 72 600 66 600 60 400 53 100 52 000	81 400 76 100 70 400 60 900 54 400 54 100
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$15,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$14,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$35,000 or more Median Mean	465 737 421 519 1 381 1 657 2 532 1 499 746 \$24 283 \$26 517	31 34 11 6 - 9 6 - \$6 823 \$10 214	21 9 19 13 10 - - - \$10 789 \$9 475	23 27 7 14 31 14 8 - - \$13 393 \$12 686	69 116 31 32 64 57 14 21 - \$11 371 \$13 639	95 175 68 65 132 128 122 38 12 \$15 417 \$16 776	74 149 79 106 314 286 332 122 22 \$20 270 \$21 022	120 146 156 243 695 905 1 407 656 225 \$25 090 \$26 460	14 47 44 16 124 216 461 409 260 \$31 375 \$34 770	11 24 - 24 11 43 165 231 154 \$37 215 \$40 429	7 10 6 - 8 14 16 73 \$51 649 \$55 759	49 300 50 300 59 500 61 000 63 200 67 500 70 400 76 900 87 700 	51 000 54 000 58 100 59 800 62 800 68 600 73 200 81 300 100 800
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 20 to 24 percent 35 percent or more Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median	7 965 2 084 1 495 1 191 1 129 718 1 343 5 21.7 1 992 961 372 177 116 98 56 201 11	7 	17 10 - - 7 7 14.2 55 32 9 7 7	20 7 7 6 6 - 17.1 104 46 26 5 18 5 11.2	208 89 27 11 33 5 43 - 17.8 196 41 27 41 25 14 12 36 -	520 138 134 70 53 45 80 19.6 315 94 54 33 33 33 6 37 45	1 132 229 216 200 175 113 194 5 23.0 352 192 32 38 29 17 11 33	3 909 969 677 612 535 389 727 22.5 644 335 176 44 17 8 9 55 -	1 450 404 308 189 234 124 191 20.3 141 106 17 -	592 187 114 96 81 42 72 19.8 71 53 10 - - 8 8	110 51 12 7 18 - 22 22 16.7 24 17 - - - 10—	70 000 71 300 69 700 69 900 69 300 68 700 69 300 57 500 56 800 61 300 49 000 43 200 43 200 43 200 51 700 160 700	73 800 75 900 73 100 73 000 74 600 72 400 71 900 57 500 63 200 63 200 50 100 44 900 44 900 44 400 51 500 126 800
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbling for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Locking complete plumbling far exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Heating equipment Central heating system Air conditioning Central system Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	9 928 40 29 9 957 9 676 1 691 939 418 4.2	97 97 86 18 18 36 37.1	62 	124 18 124 111 9 5 10 8.1	391 - 13 - 404 344 41 19 53 13.1	835 22 	1 484 1 453 278 61 64 4.3	4 553 4 553 4 504 619 359 128 2.8	1 585 6 - 1 591 1 554 386 248 25 1.6	663 	134 	67 700 40 900 36 700 67 600 68 000 73 200 79 400 55 400	70 600 37 700 40 000 70 500 71 100 77 800 86 800 54 300

Table B-2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	[Doto ore estimate	es bosed on o	sample, see in	troduction. Fo	r meaning or s	symbols, see ii	ntroduction. Fo	or definitions of	r rerms, see op	penaixes A on	0 BJ	
Fort Collins city	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 or more	No cosh rent	Medion (dollors)
Specified renter-occupied housing units	10 780	407	603	2 013	2 008	1 962	1 183	904	973	546	181	256
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	3 064	21	78	763	391	505	405	261	447	139	.54	280
15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors	784 1 378	-3	6	304 350	113 174	185 226	101 178	48 126	17 214	80	10 12	235 283
35 to 44 years	326 358	- 6	- 6	50 24	39 40	7 35	35 61	33 47	143 73	10	17	392 349
65 years and over	218 3 678	12 130	51 163	35 528	25 7 42	52 695	30 388	7 392	333	256	6 51	228 267 284
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	1 946 1 357	21 69	82 54	254 187	360 307	345 317	240 121	237 122	174 131	200 36	33 13	258
35 to 44 years	161 146	15	5	47 30	37 38	12 15	10 17	12 21	22 6	14	-	220 262
65 years and over Female householder, no husband present	4 038	25 256 39	22 362 112	10 7 22 236	875	7 62	390	251 190	193	15]	5 7 6	106 234 262
15 to 24 years	1 872 1 053 189	37 32 6	111	238 238 6	424 251 33	445 210 47	232 93 22	35 10	99 51 27	86 21 28	11	202 222 292
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	232 692	7 172	17 17 112	63 179	49 118	16 44	27 16	10	11	8 8 8	24 32	215 165
Median age	26.5	65.5	29.7	27.0	26.0	25.1	25.4	24.7	29.3	24.7	36.4	
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980	7 442	145	373	1 194	1 375	1 317	936	767	778	475	82	271
1975 to 1978	2 721 410	216 39	153 50	626 123	543 53	582 51	185 56	117 14	190 5	59 -	50 19	233 196
1960 to 1969 1959 or eorlier	133 74	7	6 21	33 37	32 5	12 -	6	6 i	_	8 4	30	210 182
ROOMS	424	116	60	165	39	28	16		_	_	_	161
2 rooms3 rooms	858 2 001	119 91	147 207	266 543	260 635	31 240	5 181	22 50	8 10	7	- 37	181 208
4 rooms5 rooms	4 137 1 787	57 12	133 40	911 102	758 266	1 228 340	548 311	278 338	132 300	16 55	76 23	257 320
6 rooms 7 or more rooms	722 851	12	10	6 20	22 28	83 12	70 52	127 89	249 274	135 333	20 25	413 471
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	4.0	2.2	3.0	3.5	3.6	4.1	4.2	4.8	5.6	6.9	4.2	•••
AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 All income levels in 1979	10 780	407	603	2 013	2 008	1 962	1 183	904	973	546	181	256
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	10 577 6 728	332 212	576 401	1 970 1 233	1 971 1 425	1 957 1 388	1 183 672	904 489	963 485	546 268	175 155	259 251
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	3 565 197	120	161	665 43	487 26	553 13	457 54	391 24	450 20	266 12	15	280 313
1.51 or more Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	87 203	- 75	14 27	29 43	33 37	3 5	_	-	8 10	-	- 6	200 128
0.50 or less	92 105	33 42	22	20 17	28 9	5	-	-	10	-	6	153 122
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	-	-	-	- 6	_	_	-	-	-	_	=	195
Income in 1979 below poverty level Complete plumbing for exclusive use	3 013 2 931	1 54 123	210 183	613 600	507 502	489 489	311 311	337 337	189 183	138 138	65 65	249 252
1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room	130 82	31	27	19 13	32 5	_	43	8 -	16	5 -	-	308 117
BEDROOMS	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	
None	487 2 707	140 209	82 361	171 871	50 841	28 220	16 86	38	- 18	7	- 56	156 194
3	5 219 1 738	34 12	114 40	925 40	963 149	1 552 144	852 215	395 452	272 499	32 159	80 28	267 378
5 or more	450 179	12 -	6	6	-	13 5	14	19	129 55	247 101	11 6	500+ 500+
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attoched	2 884	35	119	247	259 173	323 198	329	342	654	461	115	361
2 3 ond 4	1 115 1 260	20 -	85 61	178 221	201	321	181 203	144 117	93 98	27 38	16 -	272 277
5 to 9 10 to 49	998 3 142	137	83 94	259 787	307 836	142 779	78 254	56 171	49 62	15 5	17	225 231
50 or more Mobile home or troiler, etc	1 147 234	202 4	121 40	259 62	189 43	143 56	125 13	67 7	17 -	-	24 9	188 205
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980	2 014	139	96	129	282	369	238	181	343	215	22	297
1970 to 1974	2 442 2 906	80 49	109 97	383 612	582 710	526 657	360 245	182 217	141 137	51 134	28 48	255 247
1950 to 1959	1 237 732	3 27	68 85	334 212	200 41	133 115	105 77	116 74	169 64	95 23	14 14	252 233 227
1939 or earlierSTORIES IN STRUCTURE	1 449	109	148	343	193	162	158	134	119	28	55	221
1 to 3 4 or more	10 506 274	308 99	546 57	1 954 59	1 993 15	1 954 8	1 169 14	904 -	968 5	546	164 17	259 117
With elevotor GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD	199	71	57	27	-	8	14	-	5	-	17	115
INCOME IN 1979 Less thon 15 percent	949	74	58	237	223	188	87	40	27	15		225
20 to 24 percent	1 378 1 483	95 94	105	267 255	313 243	234 308	81 202	97 122	155 118	31 82		234 261
25 to 29 percent	1 338 1 032	62 23 31	123 47	250 122	226 1 6 0	238 237	128 165	128 121	138 110	45 47		252 284
35 to 49 percent 50 percent or more	1 853 2 451	11	120 76	386 462	345 487	308 441	166 354	122 269	218 182	157 169		258 270
Not computed Medion	296 30.5	17 21.4	15 27.9	34 29.6	11 29.9	30.2	32.8	32.6	25 31.6	38.1	181	186
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	10 780	407	603	2 013	2 008	1 962	1 183	904	973	546	181	256
Central heating system	10 172 3 481	359 64	511 122	1 830 333	1 926 946	1 866 1 076	1 159 432	880 26 8	941 160	536 22	164 58	260 261
Centrol system	944	6	30	100	239	273	123	65	49	15	44	264

Table B=3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

					Н	ousehold incor	ne in 1979						
Fort Collins city	Total	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 ta \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	1\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Median (dollars)	Mean (dallars)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Owner-occupied housing units	12 649	781	1 167	675	705	1 914	1 898	2 945	1 708	856	22 517	25 007	700
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	12 047	701	1 107	0/3	703	1 714	1 070	2 743	1 700	030	22 317	23 007	700
Morried-couple families	8 920 202	146 5	434 12	379 22	339 21	1 249 60	1 458 52	2 549 24	1 576	790 6	26 646 17 440	28 901 18 494	148 15
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	2 770 1 979	28 12	67 32	69 36	85 19	551 185	650 289	866 714	314 429	140 263	24 398 30 599	26 295 33 741	22 18
45 to 64 years65 years and over	2 824 1 145	49 52	83 240	82 170	77 137	291 162	366 101	814 131	725 108	337 44	30 790 14 516	32 791 19 082	63 30
Mole householder, no wife present	1 404 344	128 67	1 70 75	7 8 53	147 30	272 47	223 18	245 43	99 5	42 6	18 528 11 415	20 555 14 302	156 112
25 to 34 years	602 174	12 13	53 4	17	60 23	140 43	132 25	120 43	64 5	4 18	20 586 20 909	22 487 25 435	15 17
45 to 64 years65 years and over	194 90 2 325	6 30 507	28 10	8 - 218	12 22 219	38 4 393	37 11	32 7 151	19 6	14	20 833 13 068	24 082 14 504	12
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	2 325 179 444	69 53	563 28 75	5 81	26 72	23 97	217 5 47	12 12 12	33 11 -	24 7	11 061 8 958 12 951	12 756 11 730 13 118	396 83 75
35 to 44 years	296 609	25 77	73 110	14 64	33 64	97 118	46 80	8 63	22	11	15 087 14 590	13 836 15 950	25 77
45 to 64 years 65 years and over Median age	797 41.8	283 62.1	277 62.0	54 52.6	24 42.5	58 3 5.9	39 35.9	56 39.3	45.6	44.5	7 062	9 943	136 38.3
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT			52.0					0,10			•••		33.5
1979 to March 1980	3 161 4 596	221 146	225 359	1 9 7 17 9	194 261	550 785	579 772	701 1 178	317 622	177 294	21 470 23 431	24 167 25 392	238 165
1970 to 1974	1 892 1 857	86 159	142 177	74 118	111 92	237 224	241 167	476 437	330 307	195 176	26 741 24 673	28 169 26 472	97 104
1959 or earlier	1 143	169	264	107	47	118	139	153	132	14	14 176	18 169	96
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	12 609	781	1 167	665	705	1 901	1 898	2 945	1 697	850	22 526	24 989	700
Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per raam Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	102 40	9	7	9 10	-	36 13	4	20	17	6	17 321 19 423	21 233 30 759	700
1.01 or more persons per room	12 649	781	1 167	675	705	1 914	1 898	2 945	6 1 708	856	40 906 22 517	47 700 25 007	700
Centrol heating system	12 310 2 945	755 226	1 097 344	643 163	665 211	1 840 359	1 871 289	2 905 655	1 678 413	856 285	22 798 22 328	25 232 26 019	675 191
Central system Vehicles available	1 686 12 340	135 614	179 1 066	89 650	116 695	183 1 914	152 1 898	360 2 945	277 1 702	195 856	24 329 22 969	27 870 25 484	90 580
1 2 or more	3 278 9 062	431 183	611 455	328 322	340 355	601 1 313	468 1 430	373 2 572	93 1 609	33 823	14 478 26 724	15 705 29 022	308 272
Utility gos	12 649 11 186	781 729	1 167 1 077	675 602	705 621	1 914 1 66 <u>3</u>	1 898 1 594	2 945 2 604	1 708 1 537	856 759	22 517 22 604	25 007 24 876	700 635
Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity	53 1 307	5 40	7 78	4 65	4 63	218	9 282	17 306	158	97	17 321 22 640	17 617 26 761	5 53
Fuel ail, kerasene, etc	103 6.7	7 4.6	5 5.1	- 4 5.2	17 5.5	26 6.3	13 6.9	18 7.3	13 7.5	- 8.2	19 013	20 773	7 5.0
Medion rooms Specified owner-occupied housing units	9 957	465	737	421	519	1 381	1 657	2 532	1 499	746	24 283	26 517	418
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY													
OWNER COSTS With a mortgage	7 965	162	299	274	396	1 150	1 478	2 261	1 288	657	25 967	28 428	223
Less than \$200 \$200 to \$249	291 471	38	29 50	23 32	22 31	93 68	35 59	51 133	66	26	16 214 24 291	16 169 25 131	34
\$250 ta \$299 \$300 ta \$349	622 783	15 29 25	36 42	36 16	38 73	86 106	82 136	197 259	120 85	12 37	25 492 24 417	25 486 25 426	23 42
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	949 1 688	32	34 43	19 60	51 81	150 258	181 395	258 45 <u>2</u>	125 238	106 129	24 985 24 540	28 715 27 058	30 38
\$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749	1 506 1 238	12 5	22 36	44 3 <u>7</u>	42 40	227 132	301 237	447 368	278 259	133 124	26 698 27 332	29 418 31 564	26 24
\$750 or more Median	417 \$450	\$338	\$341	\$419	18 \$383	30 \$423	52 \$469	96 \$447	117 \$504	90 \$514	29 896	42 730	\$361
Not mortgaged Less than \$50	1 992 44	303 11	438 14	147	123 19	231	179	271 -	211 -	89 	14 695 6 964	18 877 8 561	195 7
\$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99	140 336	41 77	48 122	10 25	3 23	35	8 24	18 18	12 12	- -	7 738 8 385	13 261 11 453	26 54
\$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149	440 433 491	91 22	96 64 57	59 38	19 29	57 75	31 42	45 88	30 54 78	12 21 39	11 398 19 201 22 386	16 133 22 925 23 878	41 20 34
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 or mare	65 43	54 - 7	30 7	15 -	30 _	58 6	64	96 6	8 17	9 8	18 542 37 213	21 961 31 247	6
Median	\$127	\$106	\$109	\$116	\$122	\$133	\$141	\$140	\$149	\$165	•••		\$106
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD													
INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage	7 965	162	299	274	396	1 150	1 478	2 261	1 288	657	25 967	28 428	223
Less than 15 percent	2 084 1 495	-	277 	7	10 30	90 132	134 238	676 604	583 434	591 50	37 385 30 711	42 564 30 925	4 6
20 to 24 percent	1 191 1 129	_	6 26	33 26	29 76	148 212	294 373	499 333	175 79	7	26 796 22 708	26 718 23 816	13
30 to 34 percent 35 percent ar mare	718 1 343	157	19 248	28 180	74 177	216 352	254 185	122 27	5 12	_ 5	20 372 13 722	20 399 13 520	8 187
Not computed Medion	5 21.7	5 50+	50+	44.9	33.6	29.8	26.0	18.8	15.7	10.7	2500—	-4 635 ···	50+
Not mortgaged	1 992 961	303	438 35	147 28	1 23 57	231 128	179 152	271 265	211 207	89 89	14 695 27 164	18 877 30 087	195
10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent	372 177	4 15	88 123	91 22	49 17	103	27	6	4	- -	12 653 8 257	13 465 8 258	5 –
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	116 98	42 25	68 73	6	-	_	_	_	_		5 816 6 364	5 879 5 991	17 10
30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more	56 201	51 155	5 46	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	3 873 3 275	4 267 3 531	21 131
Not computed Median	11 10.4	11 36.8	18.9	12.5	10.5	10—	10-	10—	10—	10—	2500		50.0
											_		

Table B-4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Ī					Ho	ousehold incor	me in 1979			=			
Fort Collins city	Total	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Mean (dollars)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Renter-occupied housing units	10 874	2 351	2 953	1 428	1 089	1 498	685	596	232	42	10 233	11 894	3 020
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Morried-couple families	3 113 784 1 383 339 383 224 3 699 1 954 1 357 161 146 81 4 062 1 872 1 059 1 959 232 703 26.6	258 78 146 21 13 - 635 365 158 32 14 66 1 458 638 266 38 99 417 26.1	719 231 254 55 51 128 983 515 401 26 31 10 1 251 607 363 46 192 25.9	414 180 163 38 13 20 536 351 132 29 24 478 254 134 134 38 19 33 24.5	316 75 150 27 42 22 449 252 174 11 12 - 324 139 109 30 18 28 26.2	555 115 271 89 75 5 574 267 251 22 29 145 127 35 20 27.5	332 58 166 36 59 13 228 83 133 6 6 6 7 125 64 36 59 13 59 13 59 13 59 13 59 13 59 13 59 13 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59	373 47 168 57 88 13 194 76 94 13 11 - 29 5 16	123 -5 16 19 23 81 41 9 12 19 - 28 20 8	23 	13 809 11 153 14 642 17 227 19 840 9 420 11 080 10 691 12 263 11 940 13 333 3 3937 6 811 7 024 7 892 11 118 7 734 4 507	15 765 12 244 15 954 17 320 21 916 10 522 12 505 11 677 13 362 15 924 16 149 4 733 8 439 9 485 10 523 8 615 5 836	369 99 181 50 34 5 985 744 178 37 -26 1 666 1 044 295 38 102 187 23.8
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980	7 489 2 728 415 168 74	1 543 601 101 78 28	2 047 740 104 29 33	1 050 317 50 11	738 300 51 —	1 065 376 39 18	473 162 36 14	412 159 22 - 3	151 57 12 6 6	10 16 - 12 4	10 368 10 181 10 125 5 600 6 125	11 822 11 995 12 109 13 065 11 670	2 267 647 50 33 23
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	10 665 6 785 3 596 197 87 209 98 105	2 254 1 638 596 20 	2 911 1 877 950 44 40 42 27 15	1 407 898 463 31 15 21 12 9	1 064 699 345 16 4 25 7 12 6	1 478 868 520 66 24 20 15	681 349 326 6 	596 290 288 14 4 	232 134 98 - - - -	42 32 10 - - - - -	10 298 9 640 11 361 13 047 10 583 5 750 6 500 4 464 13 750	11 979 11 268 13 258 12 998 12 156 7 596 8 294 6 635 13 005	2 938 1 612 1 196 100 30 82 22 60
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Centrol heoring system Air conditioning Centrol system Vehicles available 1 2 or more House heating fuel Utility gos Bottled, tonk, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Median rooms	10 874 10 247 3 485 944 9 677 5 047 4 630 10 874 8 801 69 1 820 99 85 4.0	2 351 2 147 699 205 1 643 1 185 458 2 351 1 837 14 447 37 16 3.5	2 953 2 741 944 202 2 580 1 605 975 2 953 2 425 29 455 33 11 3.8	1 428 1 388 462 130 1 353 674 679 1 428 1 168 	1 089 1 029 433 126 1 062 487 575 1 089 913 5 1 64 7	1 498 1 426 447 126 1 487 624 863 1 220 7 233 18 20 4.3	685 657 218 58 682 250 432 685 538 	596 585 170 54 596 162 434 596 472 14 97 8 5.4	232 232 101 43 232 60 172 232 191 	42 42 11 42 - 42 42 37 - 5 5	10 233 10 424 10 538 11 250 11 137 9 052 13 383 10 233 10 296 8 882 10 084 6 157 12 153	11 894 12 085 12 130 12 532 12 728 10 376 15 293 11 894 11 954 13 154 11 697 8 943 12 376	3 020 2 794 798 218 2 538 1 293 1 245 3 020 2 412 24 526 35 23 3,9
Specified renter-occupied housing units	10 780	2 331	2 928	1 423	1 083	1 484	680	596	225	30	10 230	11 843	3 013
CONTRACT RENT Less thon \$100	577 875 2 253 2 444 1 797 1 107 926 566 54 181 \$231	363 326 639 511 211 102 90 21 - 68 \$180	121 394 821 679 426 246 114 77 5 45	33 64 352 369 294 111 116 79 - 5 \$233	18 32 169 293 222 199 96 48 6 - \$257	24 32 168 335 327 225 202 121 11 39 \$271	6 18 73 161 113 109 94 79 12 15 \$287	6 9 21 31 131 97 181 105 10 5 \$350	6 -5 60 67 18 28 32 5 4 \$267	- 5 5 6 - 5 4 5 - 5 - 7	4 289 6 176 7 371 10 217 12 224 13 687 16 382 17 231 21 042 7 656	6 046 7 131 8 635 11 317 13 983 14 157 17 508 18 861 24 520 10 037	210 296 641 610 459 321 256 141 14 65 \$222
GROSS RENT Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$349 \$350 to \$349 \$500 or more No cosh rent Medion	407 603 2 013 2 008 1 962 1 183 904 973 546 181 \$256	299 246 622 473 289 134 122 59 19 68 \$194	71 264 773 596 504 311 182 122 60 45 \$229	- 65 280 303 336 174 80 101 79 5 \$258	18 5 115 221 269 150 130 131 44 - \$281	13 17 145 233 285 237 179 209 127 39 \$306	6 58 101 132 71 95 122 80 15 \$325	- 15 33 71 87 94 195 96 5 \$398	6 5 43 65 19 22 29 32 4 \$296	- - 5 11 - 5 9 - \$296	3 971 5 758 7 011 9 443 11 399 12 105 13 808 17 188 17 778 7 656	5 040 6 396 8 125 10 708 12 881 13 181 14 518 18 018 19 351 10 037	154 210 613 507 489 311 337 189 138 65 \$249
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than 15 percent	949 1 378 1 483 1 338 1 032 1 853 2 451 296 30.5	22 47 86 74 46 277 1 596 183 50+	15 118 208 433 342 1 028 739 45 38.6	30 201 257 289 300 236 105 5	57 202 266 200 184 163 11	196 361 381 242 135 130 - 39 22.2	206 168 161 91 20 19 - 15	205 253 119 9 5 - 5	188 28 5 - - 4 10—	30 - - - - - - 10—	23 936 16 845 14 290 11 401 11 067 7 774 4 093 2500—	26 318 18 003 14 910 11 834 11 162 8 600 4 408 5 681	77 94 86 99 158 491 1 828 180 50+

Table B-5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on o sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	facing are comme	nes passa on s		outenan. To hi	culling of Symbo	is, see infroducti	ion. For definition	7110 OT 1011113, 30	c appendixes A	ond by	
Fort Collins city	Total	Less than \$200	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 to \$599	\$600 to \$749	\$750 or more	Median (dallars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	7 965	291	471	622	783	949	1 688	1 506	1 238	417	450
PERSONS IN UNIT											
1 person2 persons	646 2 410	70 150	61 182	54 201	87 325	56 229	161 445	62 477	73 269	22 132	396 427 458
3 persons	1 788 1 961	52 8	107 73	108 167	157 131	232 299	436 470	299 359	291 363	106 91	458 461
5 persons6 persons	888 188	11	48	87 5	61 11	104 17	146 22	217 69	164 53	61	498 541
7 persons 8 or more persons	61 23	_	-	-	5 6	6	8 –	23	14 11	5 –	550 396
Median	3.02	2.00	2.46	3.02	2.44	3.32	3.05	3.22	3.45	3.01	
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	6 429	101	271	503	500	772		1 000			4/0
Married-couple families	131	181 7	371	501	582	773 8	1 330 38	1 288 29	1 071 38	332	460 505
25 to 34 years	2 382 1 678	26 8	21 58	73 144	139 108	260 220	622 358	561 349	528 315	152 118	509 482
45 to 64 years65 years and over	1 980 258	99 41	241 51	250 34	295 29	241 44	279 33	336 13	190	49 13	372 305
Male householder, no wife present	665 94	27 11	18	32 -	56 4	44	1 84 29	1 20 27	129 23	55	482 511
25 to 34 years	359 116	4	6 5	5 22	41 5	31 6	105 31	73 7	60 24	34 16	488 450
45 to 64 years 65 years ond over	96	12	7	5	6	7	19	13	22	5	439
Female householder, no husband present	871 86	83	82	89 12	145	1 32 18	174 18	98 34	38	30	364 481
25 to 34 years	218 172	14 7	5 11	22 23	32 33	36 30	51 38	36 17	15 13	7	400
35 to 44 years	278	29	55	20	44	40	55	ii	6	18	340
65 years ond over Median age	117 38.1	33 54.0	53.2	12 45.8	36 45. 9	38.9	12 34.8	34.9	34.2	36.4	303
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT											
1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978	2 005 3 331	22 50	13 61	42 149	52 268	50 435	333 1 036	550 766	705 420	238 146	589 463
1970 to 1974	1 319	43 129	64 279	196 212	268 170	316 124	227 74	115 64	57 56	33	364 284
1959 or earlier	202	47	54	23	25	24	18	11	-	-	250
ROOMS									Λ		
1 to 3 rooms	67 383	93	42	15 31	12 41	8 34	71	11 28	21 32	11	391 331
5 rooms 6 rooms	800 1 247	77 44	69 60	102 98	116 159	94 182	183	85 195	62 146	12	369 429
7 rooms	1 932 3 536	38 39	118 182	125 251	204 251	215 416	423 692	386 801	337 640	86	457 491
8 or more rooms Median	7.3	5.2	7.0	7.0	6.8	7.2	7.1	7.6	7.6	264 8.2	
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT											
1975 to Morch 1980	2 830 1 536	8 33	17 4	41 63	34 217	209 282	653 431	811 241	803 164	~ 254 101	556 434
1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959	1 791 896	33 55 59	243 141	203 132	266 127	287 78	279 175	269	151 82	38 19	372 346
1940 to 1949	218 694	44	10	52 131	33 106	25 68	29 121	83 25 77	38	- 5	305
VALUE	0,4	/2	30	131	100	•	121	,,	30		332
Less than \$10,000	7	7	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	175
\$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999	17 20 208	10 7	-	-	-	7	-	- 6	-	_	192 371
\$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999	208 520	25 118	74 72	39 90	39 63	- 80	20 74	· -	11 17	_	256 289
\$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999	1 132 3 909	55 41	84 212	130 294	157 400	167 5 07	318 915	162 795	49 635	10 110	392 453
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999	1 450 592	28	29	58	100	130	256 85	355 154	383 138	111 142	535 590
\$150,000 or more	110 \$70 000	\$46 800	\$60 400	\$63 600	\$64 000	\$68 500	20 \$68 800	28 \$73 700	\$77 600	\$95 800	579
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS	4 /0 000	4.0 000	400 400	400 000	40- 000	400 300	700 000	4/0 /00	V ,,, 000	V .5 555	
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979							`				
Less than 15 percent	2 084 1 495	180 28	290 80	369 84	315 209	328 233	281 427	173 267	94 142	54 25	332 423 491
20 to 24 percent	1 191 1 129	22 17	30 24	60 33	76 71	149	284 327	333 236	208 230	29 101	491 501
30 to 34 percent35 percent or more	718 1 343	6 38	13 34	12 64	41 71	64 85	132 237	219 273	161 403	70 138	542 552
Not computed	5	13.1	_	-	-	_	-	27.5 5 24.7	28.8	30.0	550
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	21.7	13.1	12.9	13.7	16.8	18.1	22.4	24.7	20.0	30.0	•••
Heating equipment	7 965	291	471	622	783	949	1 688	1 506	1 238	417	450
Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	469 6 654	23 232	13 434	42 520	65 665	69 810	55 1 433	87 1 207	66 994	49 359	434 444
Other built-in electric unitsFloor, wall, or pipeless furnace	585 104	36	5	7 27	12 22	50	141	199	172	4	541 270
Other means	153	-	19	26	19 127	17	48 214	13	6 258	5 181	387 495
Air conditioning	1 378 800	22 3	73 11	71 20	55	190 78	123	242 155	187	168	571
1 or more individual room units House heating fuel	578 7 965	19 291	62 471	51 622	72 783	112 949	91 1 688	87 1 506	71 1 238	13 417	388 450
Otility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas	6 965 22	284 7	465 -	606	759	868	1 492	1 246	913 15	332	432 640
Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	890	Ξ	_	10	12	69 -	162 -	253	304	80 -	576 -
Other	88	-	6	6	12	12	34	7	6	5	462

Table B-6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

P. A. C. III	Total	Less than \$50	\$50 to \$74	\$75 to \$99	\$100 to \$124	\$125 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 or more	Medion (dallors)
Fort Collins city	Total	Less man \$50	\$30 10 \$74	\$75 10 \$99	\$100 10 \$124	\$125 10 \$149	\$130 10 \$199	\$200 10 \$249	\$250 or more	Medion (ddilors)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	1 992	44	140	336	440	433	491	65	43	127
PERSONS IN UNIT										
1 person2 persons	598 1 065	38	58 76	168 128	157 242	100 234	71 307	6 47	_ 25	106 134
3 persons	105		6	7	10	46	28		8	141
4 persons	153 40	_	_	15	31	45 8	46 26	12	4	142 173
5 persons6 persons	22	_	_	18	_		20] [_	90
7 persons	9	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	175
8 or more persons	1.87	1.08	1.66	1.50	1.76	2.00	2.07	2.06	2.36	-
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	1.07	,.00	1.55	7.30	1.70	2.50	2.07	2.00	2.30	•••
Married-couple families	1 248	_ :	71	141	247	318	389	50	32	138
15 to 24 years	6	-	- 1	6		-	_	_		88
25 to 34 years	28 77	_	14	18	- 2	10	18 26	12	-	161 147
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	504	_	26	35	76	144	183	15	25	145
65 years and aver	633		31	82	169	159	162	23	7	130
Mole householder, no wife present	119 37	40 14	20	25 14	6	22	_	6	_	74 63
25 to 34 years	,	"_	<u>-</u>		_	-	_	-	_	-
35 to 44 years	,7	7	-	-	-	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	50—
45 to 64 years65 years and over	17 58	13	5 6	11	- 6	22	_	6		63 98
Female householder, no husband present	625	4	49	170	187	93	102	9	11	112
15 to 24 years	9 10		5	4	-	- 3	-	-	7	72
25 to 34 years	15			_	10	3	_ =] [250+ 119
45 to 64 years	124	_	7		33	22	45	9	_	141
65 years and over	467 67.2	60.8	37 65.9	158 72.5	144 70.1	63 66.6	57 63.2	61.0	56.9	106
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	07.2	00.0	03.7	72.3	70.1	00.0	03.1	01.0	30.7	•••
1979 to March 1980	122	17	17	19	16	21	32	_	_	113
1975 to 1978	275	21	25	33 56	20	62	110	_	4	141
1970 to 1974	238	-	8	56	24	29	,92	22	.7	151
1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	479 878	6	90	50 178	120 260	138 183	128 129	25 18	12 20	137 116
	0.0		, ,		200		,	"	10	,
ROOMS										
] to 3 roams	90	25	29	25	4	J ,-	7	- 1	-	67
4 rooms5 rooms	256 528	13	59 30	86 131	76 145	13 120	9 89	- 6	7	91 118
6 rooms	366	6	16	88	88	36	ıĭí	/ 17	4	121
7 rooms	306	-	6	7	87	117	90	[6]		138
8 or more rooms	446 5.8	3.4	4.2	6 4.9	40 5.5	147	185 6.8	36 7.7	32 8.5+	158
	3.5	9.4	7.2	4.7	3.3	""	0.0		0.5	•••
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1975 to March 1980 1970 to 1974	119 145	13	12	6 11	21	12 32	51 78	16	4	141 164
1960 to 1969	411	13	22		64	117	148	28	4	145
1950 to 1959	464	14	22	15 57	105	121	116	9	20	132
1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	197 656	_	16 64	22 225	49 201	74 77	21 77	12	15	129 105
	030	_	04	223	201	"	"	'2	_	103
VALUE						ļ		ľ		
Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999	90 55	27 13	25 26	18 16	20	_	_		_	68 64
\$20,000 to \$29,999	104	,-	22	31	36	10	5	-	_	64 99
\$30,000 to \$39,999	196	-	33 22	78	,61	, ,	12	12	-	96
\$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999	315 352	4	22	65 82	112 108	66 84	46 78	_ [_	115 122
\$60,000 to \$79,999	644	_	6	46	84	215	261	6	26	147
\$80,000 to \$99,999	141	-	-	-	13	58	46	24	, -	150
\$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or more	71 24	_	6	_	6	-	33 10	16	10	186 214
Median	\$56 800	\$10000—	\$27 100	\$45 300	\$49 300	\$63 000	\$66 500	\$92 100	\$66 800	
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS		i '	·							
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979			:							
Less than 10 percent	961	33	72	130	181	247	260	17	21	132
10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent	372 177	4	20 22	75 40	72 63	87	88 26	18	8	129 111
20 to 24 percent	116	_	17	30	26	26 37	6] []		iii
25 to 29 percent	98	7	- 1	12	22	14	43	-	_	139
30 to 34 percent	56 201	-	5	21 28	25 51	5 17	5 63	30	7	107 149
Not computed	201	0.	4	20 -	31	l ' <u>-</u> '	- 63	30	7	250+
Median	10.4	10	10—	12.5	12.7	10—	10—	14.3	10—	•••
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
Heating equipment	1 992	44	140	336	440	433	491	65	43	127
Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	175 1 554	-	9 71	10	21 375	47 360	67 404	11 42	10 33	150 129
Other built-in electric units	1 554	44	'_	225 6	3/5	360	404 8	42	33	117
Floor, woll, or pipeless furnoce	115	_	22	43	24	8	6	12		96
Other meansAir conditioning	128		38	52 47	14	18 74	6	-	19	88 134
Central system	313 139	4	14 11	47	65 10	25	90 59		19	157
1 or more individual room units	174		3	36	55	49	31	-	-	122 127
House heating fuel	1 992	44	140	336	440	433	491	65	43	127
Utility gas Battled, tank, or LP gas	1 946 6	44	129 6	325	434	427	483	65	39	127 63
Electricity	40		5	11	6	6	8		4	117
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	-	<u>-</u>	_	-	-	-
Other			_	-	-	_		-	_	1

Table B-7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		Ov	vner-accupied h	nousing units				Rea	nter-accupied h	ousing units		
Fort Collins city	Tatal	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 ta 1969	1940 ta 1959	1939 or earlier	Tatal	1975 ta March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1 9 69	1940 ta 1959	1939 ar earlier
Occupied housing units	12 649	3 711	2 475	2 882	2 008	1 573	10 874	2 021	2 462	2 930	1 993	1 468
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	8 920	2 861	1 801	2 102	1 267	889	3 113	593	806	904	539	271
15 to 24 years 35 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present	202 2 770 1 979 2 824 1 145	74 1 479 728 483 97 466	38 538 536 553 136 269	15 359 447 949 332 206	64 209 118 602 274 271	11 185 150 237 306 192	784 1 383 339 383 224 3 699	90 312 69 88 34 642	221 306 97 109 73 759	290 367 74 103 70 971	140 258 77 52 12 769	43 140 22 31 35 558
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present	344 602 174 194 90 2 325 179	113 225 67 48 13 384 40	77 129 18 27 18 405 28	77 53 27 39 10 574 37	51 100 27 65 28 470 63	26 95 35 15 21 492 11	1 954 3 357 161 146 81 4 062 1 872	311 220 46 33 32 786 300	439 261 24 26 9 897 408	534 342 36 48 11 1 055 547	427 280 32 25 5 685 319	243 254 23 14 24 639 298
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Median age	444 296 609 797 41.8	144 63 110 27 33.9	108 85 96 88 39.1	72 76 202 187 50.0	57 28 141 181 51.9	63 44 60 314 58.5	1 059 196 232 703 26.6	187 58 28 213 28.4	190 83 59 157 26.6	282 22 52 152 25. 7	196 28 58 84 26.1	204 5 35 97 26.7
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	3 161 4 596 1 892 1 857 1 143	1 858 1 853 - - -	449 1 135 891 - -	450 783 550 1 099	212 496 252 470 578	192 329 199 288 565	7 489 2 728 415 168 74	1 517 504 - - -	1 687 621 154 —	2 009 725 124 72	1 398 464 69 46 16	878 414 68 50 58
ROOMS) room	14 79 433 1 460 1 933 1 931 6 799 6.7	8 28 90 326 351 545 2 363 7.1	140 317 296 265 1 457 7.0	33 93 280 405 356 1 715 7.1	18 49 260 458 442 781 6.0	6 	424 862 2 001 4 165 1 805 745 872 4.0	49 125 382 663 402 197 203 4.2	103 235 398 1 078 475 90 83 4.0	126 244 623 1 197 350 158 232 3.9	58 132 343 690 359 194 217 4.2	88 126 255 537 219 106 137 4.0
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing far exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	12 609 10 009 2 498 77 25 40 15	3 705 2 843 847 11 4 6 - 6	2 475 1 924 532 9 10 - - -	2 882 2 358 508 16 	1 995 1 659 302 23 11 13 -	1 552 1 225 309 18 - 21 15 - 6	10 665 6 785 3 596 197 87 209 98 105	1 997 1 321 659 11 6 24 15 9	2 441 1 500 843 72 26 21 7 14	2 910 1 813 1 013 57 27 20 9 11	1 975 1 262 656 33 24 18 - 12 6	1 342 889 425 24 4 126 67 59
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person 2 persons 3 persons 4 persons 5 persans 6 or more persons Median Total persons	2 199 4 497 2 195 2 365 995 398 2.42 34 850	453 1 190 733 862 366 107 2.79	425 658 448 606 212 126 2.84	430 1 110 493 513 273 63 2.41 7 941	424 891 354 202 88 49 2.15	467 648 167 182 56 53 1.99	3 592 3 899 1 834 968 351 230 1.97 24 082	693 684 291 253 66 34 1.96	746 975 401 211 58 71 2.00 5 498	928 1 112 519 187 143 41 1.98	642 652 375 225 58 41 2.04 4 687	583 476 248 92 26 43 1.82 3 148
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2 3 and 4 5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc	10 828 215 245 87 357 133 784	3 245 23 115 39 134 17	1 882 43 81 30 122 25 292	2 408 21 8 14 55 91 285	1 841 56 24 - 27 - 60	1 452 72 17 4 19 -	2 978 1 115 1 260 998 3 142 1 147 234	524 88 381 191 442 369 26	259 78 289 291 1 084 358 103	641 227 304 300 1 070 316 72	949 370 130 129 310 78 27	605 352 156 87 236 26
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Floor, woll, or pipeless furnace Other means Air conditioning Central system 1 or mare individual room units Hose heating fuel Utility gas 8 ortled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	12 649 989 10 225 820 276 339 2 945 1 686 1 259 12 649 11 186 53 1 307 103 700 5.5	3 711 166 2 652 807 11 75 938 673 265 3 711 2 405 35 1 227 44 100 2.7	2 475 176 2 272 - 27 801 536 265 2 475 2 430 4 30 - 11 124 5.0	2 882 358 2 440 13 26 45 774 374 400 2 882 2 810 37 35 157 5.4	2 008 110 1 755 70 73 304 64 2 008 1 994 9 5 - - 145 7.2	1 573 179 1 106 - 169 119 128 39 89 1 573 1 547 5 8 - 13	10 874 3 143 5 602 1 089 413 627 3 485 944 2 541 10 874 8 801 69 1 820 99 85 3 020 27.8	2 021 463 1 018 478 15 47 816 260 556 2 021 1 298 15 695 13 	2 462 928 1 189 300 13 32 1 395 378 1 017 2 462 1 837 21 570 13 21 580 23.6	2 930 983 1 584 227 40 96 1 063 231 832 2 930 2 464 16 384 36 30 834 28.5	1 993 347 1 173 62 188 223 165 43 1993 1 839 17 123 8 6 619 31.1	1 468 422 638 22 157 229 46 32 1 468 1 363
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$14,999 \$25,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$40,000 or more Median Mean	781 1 167 675 705 1 914 1 898 2 945 1 708 856 \$22 517 \$25 007	93 176 180 175 537 716 977 575 282 \$24 833 \$27 701	144 179 95 119 401 356 609 344 228 \$24 193 \$26 677	178 245 166 165 466 367 683 366 246 \$22 456 \$25 505	137 297 121 117 268 291 414 273 90 \$20 925 \$22 978	229 270 113 129 242 168 262 150 10 \$15 830 \$17 701	2 351 2 953 1 428 1 089 1 498 685 596 232 42 \$10 233 \$11 894	395 485 200 228 281 165 199 63 5 \$11 631 \$13 378	461 618 393 277 442 113 90 58 10 \$10 967 \$12 157	632 821 401 265 350 199 177 62 23 \$10 075	451 498 318 210 247 137 96 32 4 \$10 373 \$11 482	412 531 116 109 178 71 34 17 - \$7 361 \$9 609

Table B=8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Octo ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	C	wner-occupied h	ousing units				Re	nter-occupied	housing units			
Fort Collins city	Total	l unit, detached or attached	2 or more units	Mobile home or trailer, etc.	Total	l unit, detached or ottached	2 units	3 and 4 units	5 to 9 units	10 to 49 units	50 or more units	Mobile home or trailer, etc.
Occupied housing units Condominium housing units	12 649 937	10 828 270	1 037 667	784 -	10 874 544	2 978 31	1 115 11	1 260 127	998 91	3 142 212	1 147 72	234
Mousehold Type AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Morried-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years ond over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 55 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years ond over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 35 to 34 years 35 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 47 to 64 years 48 to 64 years 49 to 67 years and over Median age YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980	8 920 202 2 770 1 979 2 824 1 145 1 404 344 602 174 194 90 2 325 179 444 296 609 797 41.8	8 253 142 2 572 1 924 2 638 977 895 171 394 140 126 64 1 680 95 220 223 471 631 42.3	328 18 95 33 83 83 99 287 79 147 20 28 13 422 45 152 56 85 84 34.5	339 42 103 22 103 69 222 94 114 40 13 223 39 32 17 53 82 38.0 237 368	3 113 784 1 383 339 383 224 3 699 1 954 1 357 161 146 81 4 062 1 872 1 059 196 232 703 26.6	1 169 148 513 212 223 73 995 552 326 20 57 40 814 361 239 81 62 71 28.1	269 66 164 5 22 12 433 223 182 28 - 413 157 136 10 36 74 26.7	398 155 199 14 25 5 515 280 208 6 15 166 347 166 131 8 42 25.4	236 67 89 49 19 12 334 188 112 22 12 - 428 216 92 29 25 66 25.6	717 207 309 55 83 63 1 100 516 456 66 62 - 1 325 686 346 48 72 173 26.0	243 109 76 - 5 53 263 175 41 12 - 35 641 257 72 6 37 269 26.0	81 32 33 4 6 6 59 20 32 7 - - 94 29 43 14 - 8 27.0
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier ROOMS	1 892 1 857 1 143	1 684 1 712 1 112	97 77 31	111 68 -	415 168 74	139 97 29	43 11 10	31 11 -	13 - 6	122 49 29	59 _ _	8 - -
1 room	14 79 433 1 460 1 933 1 931 6 799 6.7	6 31 150 764 1 473 1 775 6 629 7.0	8 17 188 328 230 110 156 4.4	31 95 368 230 46 14 4.2	424 862 2 001 4 165 1 805 745 872 4.0	22 48 201 821 625 527 734 5.1	12 62 158 506 257 81 39 4.1	36 51 199 648 234 48 44 4.0	122 214 467 143 40 12 3.8	247 356 749 1 293 414 49 34 3.7	98 217 449 305 73 - 5 3.1	9 6 31 125 59 - 4
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	12 609 10 009 2 498 77 25 40 15 19	10 793 8 563 2 165 48 17 35 10 19 	1 032 858 170 4 - 5 5	784 588 163 25 8 -	10 665 6 785 3 596 197 87 209 98 105 6	2 966 1 765 1 120 58 23 12 12	1 094 725 369 - 21 10 11	1 244 816 408 20 16 7 9	988 732 243 . 7 . 6 10 - 4 6	3 019 1 936 971 74 38 123 52 71	1 120 669 405 32 14 27 17	234 142 80 6 6 - - -
3EDROOMS Vone	21 636 3 029 4 715 3 304 944	13 232 2 060 4 355 3 251 917	8 272 485 192 53 27	132 484 168	487 2 719 5 239 1 793 457 179	27 330 1 008 1 062 407 144	24 228 651 197 5	36 225 868 104 27	13 321 540 113 6 5	253 1 022 1 605 235 12 15	125 546 434 37 - 5	9 47 133 45 - -
## Action ## Act	781 1 167 675 705 1 914 1 898 2 945 1 708 856 \$22 517 \$25 007	511 794 475 554 1 547 1 775 2 748 1 604 820 \$24 205 \$26 489	111 165 105 74 226 71 155 94 36 \$15 882 \$19 320	159 208 95 77 141 52 42 10 \$10 658 \$12 069	2 351 2 953 1 428 1 089 1 498 685 596 232 42 \$10 233 \$11 894	458 618 348 340 467 291 330 105 21 \$12 978 \$14 806	219 304 128 128 193 65 71 7 - \$10 674 \$11 800	162 332 168 160 225 106 57 45 5 \$12 024 \$13 412	252 285 156 71 151 35 33 10 5 \$9 358 \$10 417	704 998 476 343 349 131 72 58 11 \$9 269 \$10 612	455 373 123 38 94 37 20 7 7 \$6 229 \$8 044	101 43 29 9 19 20 13 - - \$6 818 \$9 509
iselected characteristics isoting equipment Steam or hot woter system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means iir conditioning Central system Pehicles available 1 2 or more louse heating fuel Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Vater heating fuel Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Vater heating fuel Willity gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other amily householder With own children under 18 years With own children under 6 years emale householder, no husband present With own children under 19 years Vith own children under 6 years Ionfamily householder Ione in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	12 649 989 10 225 820 276 339 2 945 1 686 12 340 3 278 9 062 11 186 1 186 1 307 103 12 643 10 9 777 5 060 2 238 670 384 78 2 872 700 5.5	10 828 749 8 867 698 227 287 1 974 1 123 10 595 2 390 8 205 10 828 9 616 33 1 091 88 10 822 9 420 35 1 361 6 8 963 4 772 2 079 553 316 56 1 865 467 4,3	1 037 240 657 115 25 598 346 999 518 481 1 037 828 209 - 1 037 814 - 2137 67 69 52 17 625 112 10.8	784 701 7 24 373 217 746 784 742 20 7 784 676 24 80 4 402 151 152 48 165 165 165 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178	10 874 3 143 5 602 1 089 413 627 3 485 9 444 9 677 5 047 4 630 10 874 8 801 69 1 820 99 85 10 863 8 214 121 2 447 63 3 998 1 820 697 516 6 876 6 876 6 876 3 020 27.8	2 978 179 2 101 184 224 290 299 87 2 778 1 062 1 716 2 978 2 622 7 327 3 19 2 978 2 564 29 374 11 1 438 898 898 425 215 151 34 1 540 262	1 115 121 741 58 77 118 72 11 981 442 539 1 115 1 034 - 81 - 1 115 986 206 145 103 77 77 32 729 360 32.3	1 260 336 698 155 56 432 73 1 160 555 605 1 260 1 007 - 235 - 1 8 1 256 964 6 279 7 499 166 100 57 48 12 73 18 19 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	998 462 356 117 11 52 396 61 882 587 295 998 11 161 18 12 998 705 18 257 18 257 18 257 18 257 18 257 18 257 18 257 295 299 303 54 522 299 29,0	3 142 1 536 1 099 393 53 61 1 752 547 2 759 1 687 1 072 2 386 28 639 65 24 3 135 2 190 29 884 32 211 140 61 2 158 826 26,3	1 147 509 390 182 33 343 549 150 886 553 343 1 147 758 15 349 12 1 147 612 26 496 13 278 69 56 35 26 496 13	234 217 75 15 15 221 161 60 234 198 8 28 234 198 8 33

Table B -9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

[Dota are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Fort Collins city	Total	l person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 persons	7 persons	8 or more persons	Medion	Total persons
Owner-occupied housing units	12 649 898	2 199	4 497 477	2 195 218	2 365 122	995 66	273	88 5	37	2.42 2.44	34 850 2 652
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms 4 rooms	526 1 460	317 599	171 627	22 159	6 53	6 7	_	-	4	1.33	898 2 727
5 rooms	1 933 1 931 2 436	588 347 187	838 874 920	311 387 467	123 259 580	31 52 241	31 4 24	- 8 11	11 - 6	1.95 2.21 2.74	4 095 4 676 7 251
8 or more rooms	4 363 6.7	161 4.8	1 067 6.2	849 7.0	1 344 7.8	658 8.3	203 8.5+	69 8.5+	12 5.5	3.58	15 203
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	12 609 12 507	2 199 2 199	4 48 7 4 487	2 190 2 176	2 340 2 340	995 98 <u>2</u>	273 231	88 80	37 12	2.41 2.40	34 731 34 052
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	77 25 40 34	=	- 10 10	14 5 5	25 19	6 -	42 - 	8 - -	19 -	5.92 8.31 3.70	438 241 119
1.00 or less	6	-	- - -	-	1 9 - 6	-	- -	- -	- -	3.61 4.00	94 _ 25
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or ottoched 2 or more	10 828 1 037	1 434 470	3 806 365	2 010 102	2 248 72	973 8	245 15	83 5	29 -	2.59 1.63	30 932 2 154
Mobile home or trailer, etc VALUE Specified owner-occupied housing units	784 9 957	295 1 244	326 3 475	83 1 893	45 2 114	14 928	13 210	70	23	1.80 2.64	1 764 28 345
Less than \$10,000\$10,000 to \$19,999\$20,000 to \$29,999	97 72 124	45 27 53	52 38 39	- 7 14	-	-	- - 18	-	- -	1.57 1.74 1.73	141 86 229
\$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999	404 835 1 484	126 241 254	167 307 625	58 160 226	38 69 282	15 32 67	- 15 5	 13	- 11 12	1.96 2.07 2.28	832 1 874 3 866
\$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999	4 553 1 591 663	424 57 17	1 580 423 203	900 339 151	1 066 480 154	452 221 111	108 37 27	23 34 -	-	2.80 3.43 3.24	13 335 5 275 2 296
\$150,000 or more	\$67 600	\$54 900	\$64 900	\$69 400	\$72 600	\$75 800	\$72 800	\$74 500	\$55 200	3.18	411
All income levels in 1979	12 649 \$22 517	2 199 \$11 025	4 497 \$22 298	2 195 \$24 824	2 365 \$27 950	995 \$30 780	273 \$25 234	88 \$29 500	37 \$26 875	2.42	34 850
household income With o mortgage Not mortgaged	19.6 21.7 10.4	25.2 29.8 20.0	16.1 20.6 10—	20.6 21.7 10—	20.8 21.5 10—	18.8 19.5 10—	19.4 21.2 10—	21.2 22.5 10—	18.4 18.4	•••	
Income in 1979 below poverty level Medion income Medion selected monthly owner costs as percentage of	\$3 216	\$2500—	\$3 938	\$4 347	\$5 588	\$10 125	\$8 750	-	\$2500 -	1.68	
household income With o mortgage Not mortgaged	50+ 50+ 50.0	50+ 50+ 45.6	50+ 50+ 50+	50 + 50 + -	50 + 50 + 42.5	50 + 50 + -	-	-	- -		:::
Renter-occupied housing units Nonrelatives present	10 874 3 519	3 592 -	3 899 1 966	1 834 984	968 403	351 112	1 44 40	60 14	26 -	1. 97 2.39	24 082 9 431
ROOMS 1 room 2 rooms	424 862	407 618	8 1 7 7	34	3 27	6	- -	-	-	1.02	438 1 227
3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms	2 001 4 165 1 805	1 120 1 064 242	612 2 195 613	162 645 551	74 230 272	12 17 83	15 14 26	6 - 14	- 4	1.39 1.96 2.59	3 242 8 331 4 972
6 rooms 7 or more rooms Median	745 872 4.0	76 65 3.2	178 116 4.0	242 200 4.6	151 211 5.1	70 157 6.2	18 71 6.4	10 30 6.5	22 8.1	2.99 3.76	2 454 3 418
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	10 665 10 381	3 470 3 470	3 849 3 841	1 810 1 782	955 851	351 310	1 44 89	60 30	26 8	1.98 1.95	23 748 22 317
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	197 87 209	122	- 8 50	28 - 24	74 30 13	17 24 ~	40 15 -	24 6 -	14 4 -	4.45 4.73 1.36	921 510 334
1.00 or less	203 6 -	122 - -	50 - -	18 6 -	13 - -	- - -	- -	-	- -	1.33 3.00	320 14 -
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or ottached 2	2 978 1 115	548 317	855 469	698 225	468 89	232 5	103 10	48	26 -	2.62 2.01	8 713 2 373
3 and 4 5 to 9 10 to 49	1 260 998 3 142	343 411 1 315	617 376 1 134	188 129 422	98 62 169	9 20 70	5 - 26	- - 6	-	1.97 1.73 1.73	2 625 1 877 6 030
50 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc GROSS RENT	1 147 234	569 89	386 62	119 53	62 20	11 4	=	6	-	1.51 1.95	1 919 545
Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149	10 780 407 603	3 564 342 375	3 872 31 176	1 821 19 46	962 15 —	346 	137 - -	52 - 6	26 - -	1.97 1.10 1.30	23 783 454 935
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	2 013 2 008 1 962	938 933 462	694 754 1 081	244 153 295	95 97 96	36 40 18	- 18 10	6 13 -	-	1.60 1.59 1.98	3 556 3 678 4 031
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	1 183 904 973	205 104 99	499 320 227	290 322 263	151 108 230	26 30 104	12 13 34	- - 5	7	2.27 2.59 3.11	2 883 2 389 3 244
\$500 or more No cash rent Median	546 181 \$256	8 98 \$204	32 58 \$262	189 - \$326	165 5 \$361	77 15 \$415	45 5 \$438	22 - \$420	\$455	3.77 1.42	2 220 393
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Median income	10 874 \$10 233	3 592 \$6 291	3 899 \$10 631	1 834 \$12 326	968 \$14 364	351 \$19 375	144 \$15 500	60 \$17 386	26 \$27 143	1.97	24 082
Median gross rent as percentage of household income	30.5 3 020 \$4 257	33.9 930 \$2500—	28.7 999 \$4 624	31.2 611 \$6 117	29.8 306 \$10 709	25.5 95 \$8 977	32.1 59 \$7 250	18.1 13 \$15 469	21.3 7 \$8 750	2.08	
Median gross rent as percentage of household income _	50+	50+	50+	50+	43.7	34.8	50+	19.1	50+	•••	•••

Table B-10. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

. L			Married	Married-couple fomilies	s			Male househot	Male householder, no wife present	sent	_	Ē	mole household	Femole householder, no husbond present	d present		
	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 yeors	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 4 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	Medion
Owner-occupied housing units	12 649	202	2 770	1 979	2 824	1 145	344	602	174	194	8	179	444	296	609	797	41.8
	2 199 4 497 2 195 2 365 995 398 34 850	114 57 21 21 0 10 2.39 534	892 746 746 862 195 75 3.16 8 602	192 281 835 497 174 4.12 8 395	1 353 588 588 494 267 122 2.60 8 579	1 041 91 8 6 5 2 205 2 410	155 108 65 16 16 1.66 693	363 168 50 17 17 1.33 939	108 40 22 22 1.31 288	88 80 26 26 1.61 337	6 4 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1	76 61 16 17 9 9 1.72 371	245 117 74 8 8 1.41 780	85 78 78 50 13 13 758	342 144 78 27 27 1.39 1 095	664 106 17 10 10 1.10 947	49.4 53.0 37.3 37.2 40.5 41.5
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	12 609 102 40 6	202	2 764 26 6	1 973 32 6 6	2 811 36 13	135	339	602	174	194	06 1	9.1	444	296	609 8 1 1	797	41.7 41.8 51.2 42.5
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Specified owner-accupied housing units With ornoring percent 25 to 29 percent 25 to 29 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent Medican Not computed Medican Not computed Not Querent 15 to 19 percent 16 to 14 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 25 to 29 percent 25 to 29 percent 36 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 36 to 24 percent 37 percent 38 to 34 percent 38 to 34 percent 39 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more 36 to 34 percent 36 to 34 percent 37 percent or more 38 percent or more 39 to 34 percent Medician	9 955 7 9 955 7 9 965 1 1495 1 129 1 1343 1 343 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	137 131 133 133 133 134 148 16 16 16 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	2382 2382 2388 2392 347 25.3 25.3 16 16	1 755 1 678 207 207 241 241 142 177 177 170 100	2 484 1 980 1 041 1 041 378 138 136 14.6 504 424 444 444 13 13	25.9 27.0 27.0 27.0 27.0 27.0 27.0 27.0 27.0	23.0 33.0 37.0 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	359 359 359 373 373 373 373 373 373 373 373 373 37	113 23 23 20 12 20 25 25 25 7 7 7 7 7 7 27.5 27.5	24.3 24.3 24.3 24.3 24.3 24.3 24.3 24.3	0	88 88 16 16 16 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	228 218 12 27 27 33 33 33 33 33 3 4 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	187 172 172 173 173 174 175 175 176 177 177 177 177 177 177 177 177 177	23. 23. 0 2. 23. 0 2. 24. 0	288 137 137 140 181 191 191 191 191 191 191 191	4.8.4.2.2.4.2.2.4.2.2.4.2.2.4.2.2.4.2.2.2.4.2
Renter-occupied housing units	10 874	784	1 383	339	383	224	1 954	1 357	191	146	8	1 872	1 059	961	232	703	26.6
	3 592 3 899 1 834 968 351 230 24 082	508 206 335 35 29 6 1 904	583 583 334 318 100 48 2.82 4 231	39 64 101 85 50 4.16 1 475	159 104 39 20 61 2.81 1 331	186 186 17 7 2.10 525	605 679 679 178 178 35 2.05 4 273	691 484 136 40 6 6 6 1.48	114 35 7 7 5 1.21 260	115 7 9 9 6 1.13 206	18 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	567 740 331 170 44 2.00 4 147	559 322 122 20 26 10 1.45 1 858	37 84 22 22 1.23 478	143 50 19 12 131 131 426	680 23 102 102 652	28.5 25.1 24.6 27.4 29.7 37.2
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	10 665 284 209 6	778 6 6	1 367 77 16	333 45 6	378 29 5	224	1 909 41 -	1 327 11 30	141 5 20 -	146 6 1	<u>8</u> 111	1 841 39 31	1 040 10 19 19	191	214 8 18	695 1 8	26.6 31.0 27.6 22.5
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 35 to 49 percent 50 percent or more Mort computed Median	10 780 949 1 378 1 483 1 338 1 632 2 451 2 451 30.5	784 77 79 1146 1135 77 139 80 10	1 378 2210 272 293 153 101 158 158 23.2	328 28 28 28 28 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27	358 71 83 83 36 47 47 22 37 17	218 54 24 27 27 57 51 13 13	1 946 112 112 267 214 223 375 550 47	1 357 166 201 203 209 104 257 26.6	161 288 28 440 10 10 14 14 21.8	146 31 22 22 11 18 11 24 29 27.5	36.1 1 88 3.1 2 5 6 2 1 1 88 3.1 5 5 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 872 84 144 108 173 188 820 14 45.2	1 053 61 111 137 151 129 202 241 241 32.2	189 22 26 26 26 28 28 31 38 8	232 1 1 4 1 1 20 1 3 2 2 3 3 4 5 2 3 4 5 2 3 4 5 3 4 5 3 4 5 5 4 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	692 242 241 126 89 47 124 169 52 32.1	28.4 28.4 27.7 27.7 27.5 25.6 3.9 3.9

Table B-11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Ī	[DOTO OF ESTIMOT			Mole house			1			Femole hou	seholder	-	
Fort Collins city	Total	Total	15 to 24 yeors	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 yeors	45 to 64 years	65 years and over
Owner-occupied housing units	2 199	787	155	363	108	88	73	1 412	76	245	85	342	664
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive useLocking complete plumbing for exclusive use	2 199	787 —	155	363	108	88 -	73 -	1 412	76 -	245	85 -	342	664
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc	1 434 470 295	479 175 133	65 46 44	234 87 42	95 13	34 20 34	51 9 13	955 295 162	37 15 24	102 125 18	49 25 11	249 50 43	518 80 66
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000\$5,000 to \$9,999	521 483	108 103	53 32	12 38	13	23	30 10	413 380	40	23 36	6 4	71 87	273 244
\$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	233 215 345 212	65 102 138 142	40 7 - 5	17 60 81 90	13 38 20	8 - 19 16	22	168 113 207 70	5 4 18 —	64 43 66 13	4 16 41 14	57 33 46 21	38 17 36 22
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	\$11 025	87 36 6 \$15 635	18 - \$8 958 \$9 533	43 22 - \$18 301 \$19 146	18 - 6 \$19 000	8 14 - \$18 846	- - \$6 625	48 - 13 \$8 873	- - \$4 706	- - \$12 480	- \$15 868	20 - 7 \$10 570	28 - 6 \$6 305
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS	\$12 666	\$16 676	\$9 3 33	\$19 140	\$20 880	\$19 182	\$10 319	\$10 430	\$7 687	\$12 224	\$15 273	\$11 847	\$8 733
With a mortgage	646 70	410 335 13	42 24 7	210 210 —	86 79 —	27 22 6	45 	834 311 57	37 28 -	70 70 5	30 25 7	207 113 12	490 75 33
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	61 54 87	6 15 37	<u>-</u>	6 5 32	10 5	- - -	- -	55 39 50	12	5 8 18	6 7 —	33 - 21	11 12 11
\$350 to \$349 \$360 to \$499 \$500 to \$599	56 161	26 103 50	12 5	20 61 38	6 21 7	9 ~		30 58 12	11 5 -	6 12 6	5 - -	41 6	8
\$600 to \$749 \$750 or more Medion	73	63 22 \$454	5 - - \$436	37 11 \$460	19 11 \$479	7 - \$428	 	10 \$304	\$359	10 - \$347	- - \$246	- \$327	\$220
Not mortgaged Less than \$50	598 38	\$454 75 34	\$430 18 14 4	- - -	\$479 7 7	\$428 5 - 5	45 13	523 4 49	\$359 9 - 5	φυ - -	\$240 5 -	94 - 7	415 4 37
\$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124	168 157	11 6	- -	- - -	_ _ _	- -	11 6 15	157 151	5 4 - -	- -	- - 5	8 27 17	145 124
\$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249		15 - -	<u>-</u> -	- -	-	-	15 - -	85 71 6	_ _ _	- - -	5 - -	17 29 6	63
\$250 or more Medion SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	\$106	\$60	\$50 <u></u>	_	\$50—	\$63	\$ 9 7	\$109	\$72	=	\$138	\$132	\$104
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income in 1979 With a mortgage Not mortgaged Income in 1979 below poverty level	25.2 29.8 20.0 320	26.3 28.8 10— 65	50 + 50 + 10 48	29.0 29.0 	26.9 26.6 27.5	22.8 23.7 10	11.9 11.9	24.6 30.9 20.8 255	47.0 46.0 50+ 35	31.7 31.7 —	22.1 23.9 10—	24.6 26.3 21.9	22.7 42.3 20.5
Percent below poverty level	14.6	8.3	31.0	1.1	12.0	-	81	18.1	46.1 567	6.1 559	7.1 37	20.8 143	19.3
Renter-occupied housing units PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	3 592 3 470 122	1 606 1 547 59	580 25	691 672 19	99 15	115 115	81 81 -	1 986 1 923 63	548 19	540 19	37 32 5	143 131 12	672
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or ottached 2	548 317	293 133	81 38	122 72	14 23	36	40 _	255 184	68 43	87 68	6 5	27 5	67 63
3 and 4 5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or more	343 411 1 315 569	189 178 642 141	77 83 240 81	85 66 302 19	6 17 48 6	15 12 52	35	154 233 673 428 59	35 80 244 85	77 56 204 37 30	- 6 11 - 9	25 49 37	42 66 165 269
Mobile home or trailer, etc	1 436	30 483	5 259	25 117	- 27	14	- 66	953	309	146	14	72	412
\$5,000 to \$9,999	1 061 385 258	471 193 121	163 95 33	253 58 72	21 29 4	24 11 12	10 - -	590 192 137	152 58 37	226 70 53	5 12 6	27 19 13	180
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	291 74	199 60 49	49 - 6	100 54 37	22	23 6 6	5	92 14 8	ii - -	55 9 -	- - -	12	28 14 5 8
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	25	25 5 \$7 712	- - \$6 036	_	6 5 \$10 776	19 - \$14 271	- - \$3 937	\$5 256	- - \$4 680	\$7 099	\$7 250	- \$4 954	- \$4 458
Medion Mean GROSS RENT	\$7 953	\$7 712 \$9 742	\$6 977	\$9 253 \$11 171	\$12 114	\$16 878	\$4 733	\$6 506	\$5 676	\$8 087	\$7 744	\$7 009	\$5 725
Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149	3 564 342 375	1 585 115 118	597 21 42	691 54 49	114 15	115 - 5	68 25 22	1 979 227 257	567 23 43	559 25 85	37 - 5	143 7 17	673 172 107
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	938 933 462	410 436 204	196 171 67	145 201 116	40 32 —	19 32 15	10 - 6	528 497	155 181 119	139 156 90	15 11	55 35 	179 110 38
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	205 104	118 76 69	51 22 6	45 28 40	5 5 17	17 21 6	- -	87 28 30	32 5	22 12 19	6 -	11 5 6	16 6 5
\$500 or more No cash rent	8	39 \$213	21 \$207	13 \$218	\$203	- \$277	5 \$106	8 59	- 9 \$213	11 \$207	- - \$244	7 \$181	8 32 \$164
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median gross rent as percentage of household income in 1979	33.9	31.4	39.4 230	27.3 57	24.3 27	27.4	36.1 26	36.1	50+ 239	32.4 88	41.0 14	40.4 67	31.8 182
Percent below poverty level		340 21.2	38.0	8.2	23.7		32.1	29.7	42.2	15.7	37.8	46.9	26.8

Table B-12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

<u>-</u>	·								
Fort Collins city	Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 manths	6 or more months	Fort Collins city	Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months
Vacant for sale only housing units	653	301	255	97	Vacant for rent housing units	723	571	116	36
ROOMS					ROOMS				
1 to 3 rooms	38 172 140 156 59 88 5.3	- 69 48 85 41 58 5.9	12 83 82 53 10 15 4.9	26 20 10 18 8 15 4.8	1 room	22 5 87 334 158 95 22 4.2	22 -78 252 121 90 8 4.2	- 5 4 65 23 5 14 4.3	- 5 17 14 - - 4.3
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use	653	301	2 55	97	PLUMBING FACILITIES				
Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	-	-	-	<u>"-</u>	Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	723 ~	571 -	116 -	36
BEDROOMS None	48 309 169 127	123 88 90	12 1 166 4 46 3 31	36 20 35 6	BEDROOMS None	22 107 397 175 10	22 92 309 140	- 10 78 14 2 12	- 5 10 21 -
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier 1975 IN STRUCTURE 1975 1975 IN STRUCTURE	371 144 75 20 23 20	183 25 30 20 23 20	130 109 16 - -	58 10 29 - -	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980	340 126 74 37 91 55	274 94 67 32 70 34	59 23 7 - 21	7 9 5 5 7 5 7 5
, detoched or attached or more dobile home or trailer	363 274 16 16 635	255 30 16 291 10	62 193 - 255	46 51 - 89 8	UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or ottoched 2 3 ond 4 5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or more	132 49 145 84 219	100 34 130 75 157 35	32 5 5 9 53	- 10 10 - 9
PRICE ASKED	-	-	-	-	Mobile hame or trailer	40	40	12	-
Specified vacant for sale only housing units ess than \$10,000	349 12 8 - 4 25 35 129 90 46 \$68 300	250 - 8 - 4 25 35 83 75 20 \$67 800	53 : 12 -	46 - - - - 30 10 6 \$76 100	Specified vacant for rent housing units Less than \$100	723 33 61 51 127 185 217 49 \$270	571 33 56 40 101 157 155 29 \$264	116 11 16 16 53 20 \$315	36

Table B -13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. Far definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	but one estimates based on a sample, see infroduction. For inequality of symbols, see infroduction. For definitions of ferms, see appendixes A ond of													
i		Price osked	—Specified	vacant for s	ale only hou	sing units	Rent asked—Specified vacant for rent housing units							
ort Collins city	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 ta \$99,999	\$100,000 or more	Medion (dollars)	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$199	\$200 to \$299	\$300 to \$399	\$400 or mare	Median (dollors)
Total	349	12	8	29	254	46	68 300	723	33	112	312	217	49	270
LUMBING FACILITIES														
omplete plumbing for exclusive use) acking complete plumbing for exclusive use	349	12 ~	8 -	29 -	254 -	46 -	68 300 -	723 -	33	112	312 -	217 ~	49 -	270 -
EDROOMS														
one	12 82 133 122	12 - - -	- - 8 -	24 5 -	- 58 95 101	- - 25 21	10000— 53 900 68 600 83 400	22 107 397 175 10	26 7 - -	22 40 15 29 - 6	34 242 36	7 120 84 6	- 13 26 4 6	138 191 277 320 3 9 2 280
EAR STRUCTURE BUILT	207												20	200
775 to March 1980	227 25 40 14 23 20	12	- - - 8 -	5 4 15 5	181 25 23 10 - 15	46 - - - - -	82 700 77 500 52 100 52 100 41 800 51 700	340 126 74 37 91 55	26 7 - - -	29 - 15 17 40 11	109 84 44 - 41 34	137 31 15 20 10 4	39 4 - - - 6	303 277 250 315 232 232
NITS IN STRUCTURE														
detached or attached or mare obile home or trailer	349 	12 	 	29 	254 • • •	46 	68 300 	132 551 40	26 7	26 71 15	32 262 18	64 153 –	10 39 ~	310 272 109

Appendix A.—Area Classifications

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REGIONS

Regions are large groups of States that form the first-order subdivisions of the United States for census purposes. The four regions are the Northeast, North Central, South, and West.

STATES

The 50 States and the District of Columbia are the constituent units of the United States.

PLACES

Two types of places are recognized in the census reports—incorporated places and census designated places—as defined below. Places with a 1980 population below 50,000 are not shown in this report unless they are central cities of standard metropolitan statistical areas.

Incorporated Places

Incorporated places recognized in the reports of the census are those which are incorporated under the laws of their respective States as cities, boroughs, towns, and villages, with the following exceptions: boroughs in Alaska and New York, and towns in the six

New England States, New York, and Wisconsin.

Census Designated Places

As in the 1950, 1960, and 1970 censuses, the Census Bureau has delineated boundaries for closely settled population centers without corporate limits. In 1980, the name of each such place is followed by "(CDP)," meaning "census designated place." In the 1970 and earlier censuses, these places were identified by "(U)," meaning "unincorporated place."

Census designated place boundaries change with changes in the settlement pattern; a place which has the same name as in previous censuses does not necessarily have the same boundaries. Boundary outlines for CDP's appear on the county subdivision maps in the HC80-1-A, General Housing Characteristics, reports for States. Detailed maps are available for purchase from the Census Bureau.

Eleven states, (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Hampshire, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin), contain towns or townships which are coextensive with census designated places (CDP's). Data for these areas are not shown in the tables.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

Definition

The general concept of a metropolitan area is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities which have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. The standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA) classification is a statistical standard, developed for use by Federal agencies in the production, analysis, and publication of data on metropolitan areas. The SMSA's are designated and defined

by the Office of Management and Budget following a set of official published standards developed by the interagency Federal Committee on Standard Metro politan Statistical Areas.

Each SMSA has one or more centra counties containing the area's main popu lation concentration: an urbanized are with at least 50,000 inhabitants. At SMSA may also include outlying countie which have close economic and social relationships with the central counties The outlying counties must have a speci fied level of commuting to the centra counties and must also meet certain standards regarding metropolitan charac ter, such as population density, urbapopulation, and population growth. I New England, SMSA's are compose of cities and towns rather than whol counties.

The housing units in SMSA's male also be referred to as the metropolital housing and are subdivided into "insidicentral city (or cities)" and "outsidicentral city (or cities)." The housing units outside SMSA's constitute the nor metropolitan housing.

In the United States Summary report and the State reports, the data shown for "Central Cities of SMSA's" are the sum of all central cities excluding any rural are and any legal area that is outside of standard metropolitan statistical area. If the individual SMSA reports, the dat shown for central cities and places of 50,000 or more inhabitants are for the legal definition of the city without regar to urban or SMSA restrictions.

SMSA Titles

Each SMSA except one (Nassau-Suffoll N.Y.) has at least one central city. The titles of SMSA's include up to three cit names, as well as the name of each State into which the SMSA extends. For the 1980 census, central cities of SMSA's at those named in the titles of the SMSA'

with the exception of Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y., which has no central city, and Northeast Pennsylvania, the central cities of which are Scranton, Wilkes-Barre, and Hazleton. Data on central cities of SMSA's include the entire population and housing within the legal city boundaries. In Hawaii where there are no ncorporated places recognized by the 3ureau of the Census, census designated places are recognized as central cities.

New SMSA Standards

New standards for designating and lefining metropolitan statistical areas were published in the Federal Register on lanuary 3, 1980. The SMSA's recognized for the 1980 census comprise (1) all areas as defined on January 1, 1980, except for one area which was defined provisionally during the 1970's on the

basis of population estimates but whose qualification was not confirmed by 1980 census counts; and (2) a group of 36 new areas defined on the basis of 1980 census counts and the new standards that were published on January 3, 1980.

When the data on commuting flows become available from 1980 census tabulations, the new standards will be applied to the areas existing on January 1, 1980, and the boundaries, definitions, and titles for all SMSA's will be reviewed.

To aid users who want to become familiar with the SMSA standards and how they are applied, documents are available from the Office of Management and Budget, Washington, D.C. 20503.

BOUNDARY CHANGES

The boundaries of some of the areas shown in this series of reports have

changed between an earlier census and January 1, 1980. Information on boundary changes for incorporated places is presented in table 4 of the 1980 Census of Population report, Characteristics of the Population, Number of Inhabitants, PC80-1-A. For information on boundary changes prior to 1970, see the Number of Inhabitants report for each census.

AREA MEASUREMENT

Area measurement figures for standard metropolitan statistical areas, central cities, and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more can be found in the 1980 Census of Population report, PC80-1-A1, United States Summary.

Appendix B.—Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics

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holders of Spanish Origin			
and Householders of		GENERAL	
Spanish Heritage	B-5		
UTILIZATION		The 1980 census was conducted p	
CHARACTERISTICS	B6	through self-enumeration. The p	rincipal

determinant for the responses was, therefore, the questionnaire and its accompanying instruction guide. Furthermore, census takers were instructed, in their telephone and personal-visit interviews, to read the questions directly from the questionnaire. The definitions and explanations given below for each subject are drawn largely from various technical and procedural materials used in the collection of the data. These materials helped the census interviewers to understand more fully the intent of each question, and thus to resolve problems or unusual cases in a manner consistent with this intent. Also included is certain explanatory information to assist the user in the proper utilization of the statistics.

Facsimiles of the questionnaire pages containing the population and housing questions used to produce the data shown in this report and the pages of the respondent instruction guide which relate to these questions are presented in Appendix E, "Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages."

LIVING QUARTERS

Living quarters are classified in the census as either housing units or group quarters Usually, living quarters are in structures in tended for residential use (e.g., a onefamily home, apartment house, hotel of motel, boarding house, mobile home of trailer). However, living quarters may also be in structures intended for nonresidential use (e.g., the rooms in a warehouse where a night guard lives), as well as in boats, tents, vans, etc.

Housing Units—A housing unit is a house an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied as a separate living quarters or, if vacant, intended for occupancy as a separate living quarters Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from

any other persons in the building and which have direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements (except as described in the next section on Group Quarters). For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible. If that information cannot be obtained, the criteria are applied to the previous occupants. Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing unit inventory except that boats, tents, vans, caves, and the like are included only if they are occupied as someone's usual place of residence. Vacant mobile homes are included, provided they are intended for occupancy on the site where they stand. Vacant mobile homes on dealers' sales lots, at the factory, or in storage are excluded from the housing inventory.

Comparability With 1970 Census Housing Unit Data - Although the 1980 census data are generally comparable with 1970 census data, certain changes were introduced for 1980. The part of the 1970 nousing unit definition that required a unit to have either (1) direct access or (2) complete kitchen facilities was modified. For 1980, the complete kitchen facilities alternative was dropped, and direct access was equired of all housing units. In 1970, vacant mobile homes were not counted as nousing units. For 1980, they were included in the housing inventory provided they were intended for occupancy on the site where they stood.

Group Quarters—Group quarters are any iving quarters which are not classified as nousing units. There are two types of group quarters: (1) institutional group quarters, and (2) noninstitutional group quarters. Institutional group quarters are iving quarters occupied by one or more persons under care or custody, such as :hildren in an orphanage, persons in a nursing home, and prisoners in a penitentiary. Noninstitutional juarters include living quarters such is college-owned and/or operated dormiories, fraternity and sorority houses, jurses' dormitories, and boarding louses. In addition, noninstitutional group quarters include any living quarters (other than those classified as institutional group quarters) which are occupied by 9 or more persons unrelated to the householder (person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire), or by 10 or more unrelated persons. Information on the housing characteristics of group quarters was not collected in the census.

Comparability With 1970 Census Group Quarters Data—In 1970 a unit was classified as group quarters if it was shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him or her, or if there was no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons. For 1980 that requirement was raised to 9 or more persons unrelated to the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire or 10 or more unrelated persons.

Rules for Hotels, Rooming Houses, Etc.—Occupied rooms or suites of rooms in hotels, motels, and similar places are classified as housing units only when occupied by permanent residents; i.e., persons who consider the hotel as their usual place of residence or who have no usual place of residence elsewhere. Vacant rooms or suites of rooms are classified as housing units only in those hotels in which 75 percent or more of the accommodations are occupied by permanent residents.

If any of the occupants in a rooming or boarding house live and eat separately from everyone else in the building and have direct access, their quarters are classified as separate housing units. The remaining quarters are combined. If the combined quarters contain eight or fewer roomers unrelated to the householder, they are classified as one housing unit. If the combined quarters contain nine or more roomers unrelated to the householder or person in charge, they are classified as group quarters.

Staff Living Quarters—The living quarters occupied by staff personnel within any group quarters are separate housing units if they satisfy the housing unit criteria of separateness and direct access; otherwise, they are considered as group quarters.

Year-Round Housing Units—Data on housing characteristics in the 1980 census reports are limited to year-round housing units; i.e., all occupied units plus vacant

units available or intended for year-round use. Vacant units intended for seasonal occupancy and vacant units held for migratory labor are excluded because of the difficulty of obtaining reliable data on their characteristics.

OCCUPANCY AND VACANCY CHARACTERISTICS

Occupied Housing Units—A housing unit is classified as occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or group of persons living in it at the time of enumeration, or if the occupants are only temporarily absent; e.g., away on vacation. If all the persons staying in the unit at the time of the census have their usual place of residence elsewhere, the unit is classified as vacant. A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit as their usual place of residence. By definition, therefore, the number of occupied housing units equals the number of households in the 1980 Census of Population reports.

In this report the numbers shown for occupied housing units are estimates based on a sample. In some cases there may be small differences between figures on occupied housing units shown here and comparable figures on households in the Census of Population reports. These differences may result from processing procedures used to inflate the population and housing sample data.

Householder—One person in each household is designated as the "householder." In most cases, this is the person, or one of the persons, in whose name the home is owned or rented and who is listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire. If there is no such person in the household, any adult household member could be designated as the "householder."

Child—A child is a son, daughter, step-child, or adopted child of the householder regardless of the child's age or marital status. The category excludes sons-in-law and daughters-in-law. In this report, those classified as "own children" are sons and daughters, including stepchildren and adopted children, of the householder who are single (never married) and under 18 years of age.

Nonrelative—A nonrelative is any person in the household not related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. Roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, paid employees, wards, and foster children are classified as nonrelatives. This report shows the number of households with one or more nonrelatives present in the unit.

Age of Householder—The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1, 1980. The data on age represent the difference, as calculated in the computer, between date of birth and April 1, 1980.

Household Type—Statistics by age of householder are presented separately for the following household types:

Married-couple families. For each household of this type, the householder and his or her spouse are enumerated as members of the same household. This category includes couples in formal marriages as well as in common-law marriages.

Male householder, no wife present. This type includes any household maintained by a male, regardless of his marital status, provided no wife is present in the household. Included are male householders who have no wife; male householders whose wives live elsewhere because of separation (marital discord) or other reason; and male householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

Female householder, no husband present. This type includes any household maintained by a female, regardless of her marital status, provided no husband is present in the household. Included are female householders who have no husband and female householders whose husbands live elsewhere, as, for example, husbands in the Armed Forces living on a military base and female householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

This report presents data on selected characteristics for one-person households, separately for male and female householders.

Year Householder Moved Into Unit—Data presented for this item are based on the in-

formation reported for the householder and refer to the year of the latest move. If the householder moved back into a unit the person previously occupied, the year of the latest move was reported. If the householder moved from one apartment to another in the same building, the year the householder moved into the present apartment was reported. The intent is to establish the year the present occupancy by the householder began. The year in which a householder moved is not necessarily the same year as the year other members of the household moved, although in the majority of cases the entire household moved at the same time (see question H19 in appendix E).

Vacant Housing Units—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. Units temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere are also classified as vacant.

New units not yet occupied are classified as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if they are open to the elements; i.e., the roof, walls, windows, and/or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is to be demolished or is condemned. Also excluded are quarters being used entirely for nonresidential purposes, such as a store or an office, or quarters used for the storage of business supplies or inventory, machinery, or agricultural products.

Vacancy Status—The data on vacancy status were tabulated from responses to questionnaire item C (see item C in appendix E). The data presented in this report are for year-round housing units "Vacant for sale only" and "Vacant for rent."

For sale only. Vacant year-round units being offered "For sale only," including individual units in cooperatives and condominium projects if the individual units are offered "For sale only."

For rent. Vacant year-round units offered "For rent," and vacant units offered either for rent or for sale. Duration of Vacancy—The statistics on duration of vacancy refer to the length of time (in months) from the date the last occupants moved from the unit to the date of enumeration (see item D in appendix E). The data, therefore, do not provide a direct measure of the total length of time units remain vacant. For newly constructed units which have never been occupied, the duration of vacancy is counted from the date construction was completed. For recently converted or merged units, the time is reported from the date conversion or merger was completed.

Tenure—A housing unit is "Owner occupied" if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit, even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. All other occupied units are classified as "Renter occupied," including units rented for cash rent and those occupied without payment of cash rent (see question H8 in appendix E).

Condominium Housing Units—A condominium involves ownership that enables a person to own an apartment or house in a development of similar units and to hold a common or joint ownership in common areas, hallways, entrances, elevators, etc. The owner has a deed to the individual unit, and, very likely, a mortgage on the unit. A condominium housing unit need not be occupied by the owner to be counted as such (see question H9 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Condominium Housing Unit Data—In 1970 owner-occupied cooperatives and condominium housing units were identified together. The 1980 census identifies only condominium housing units. The 1980 question provides data on vacant and renter-occupied condominium housing units, not just owner-occupied condominium housing units as in 1970.

Race of the Householder—The data or race of the householder were derived from the answer to question 4, for the persor listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire (see appendix E). The concept of race as used by the Census Bureau reflects self-identification by respondents; it does not denote any clear-cut scientific definition of biological stock. Since the 1980 census obtained information on race through self-identification, the data represent self-classification by people according

to the race with which they identify. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the race of the householder.

For persons who could not provide a single response to the race question, the race of the person's mother was used; if, however, a single response could not be provided for the person's mother, the first race reported by the person was used. This is a modification of the 1970 census projecture in which the race of the person's father was used.

The category "White" includes persons who indicated their race as White, as well las persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed on the questionnaire but entered a tresponse such as Canadian, German, Italian, Lebanese, or Polish. In the 1980 census, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but marked "Other" and/or wrote in entries such as Cuban, Puerto Rican, Mexican, or Dominican were included in the "Other" race category. In the 1970 census, most of these persons were included in the "White" category.

The category "Black" includes persons who indicated their race as Black or Negro, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed in the questionnaire but reported entries such as Jamaican, Black Puerto Rican, West Indian, Haitian, or Nigerian.

The category "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut" includes persons who classified themselves as such in one of the specific race categories. In addition, persons who did not report themselves in one of the specific race categories but entered the name of an Indian tribe or wrote in such entries as Canadian Indian, French-American Indian, or Spanish-American Indian."

The category "Asian or Pacific Islander" Includes persons who indicated their race las Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Asian Indian, Korean, Vietnamese, Hawaiian, Saimoan, and Guamanian, as well as persons who provided write-in entries of Asian and bacific Islander groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, or Fijian under the "Other" race category. Also, persons who Idid not classify themselves in one of the Specific race categories but wrote in an encry indicating one of the nine specific dategories listed above (e.g., Chinese or Icilipino) were classified accordingly. For Isxample, entries of Nipponese and

Japanese American were classified as Japanese, entries of Taiwanese and Cantonese as Chinese, etc. "Race, n.e.c." includes all other persons not in the categories "White," "Black," "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut," and "Asian or Pacific Islander." Persons reporting in the "Other" race category and providing write-in entries such as Eurasian, Cesmopolitan, Interracial, or a Spanish origin group (e.g., Mexican, Cuban, or Puerto Rican) were included in "Race, n.e.c."

If the race entry for the householder was missing on the questionnaire, an answer was assigned in the computer according to the reported entries of race of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If race was not entered for anyone in the household (excluding paid employees), the race of a householder in a previously processed household was assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data for Race of the Householder - Estimates of the number of householders by race shown in this report may differ from complete count figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and an additional edit and review performed on the sample questionnaires. Sampling variability and nonsampling error are explained in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data." The effect of the additional edit and review procedures varies substantially by racial group and geographic area but is generally negligible. A discussion of these procedures may be found in Series HC80-1-B, Detailed Housing Characteristics, and PC80-1-C, Social and Economic Characteristics of the Population.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Race of the Householder—Differences in census procedures and reporting by respondents in the 1980 census and 1970 census seriously affect the comparability for certain race groups. First, a large number of Spanish origin persons reported their race differently in the 1980 census than in the 1970 census. This difference in reporting has a substantial impact on the population totals and

comparability for the "White" population and the "Race, n.e.c." or "Other" race populations (shown "All other races" in most 1970 publications). A much larger proportion of the Spanish origin population in 1980 than in 1970 reported their race in the questionnaire category "Other." Second, in 1970, most persons who marked the "Other" race category and wrote in a Spanish designation such as Mexican, Venezuelan, Latino, etc., were reclassified as "White." In 1980, such persons were not reclassified but remained in the "Other" race category. As a result of this procedural change and the differences in reporting by this population, the proportion of the Spanish origin population classified as "Other" race in the 1980 census was substantially higher than that in the 1970 census. Nationally in 1970, only 1 percent of the Spanish origin persons were classified as "Other" race and 93 percent as "White." The 1980 census sample data showed a much larger proportion - 38 percent—of the Spanish origin persons reported their race as "Other" and only 58 percent reported "White." As a consequence of these differences, 1980 householder totals for "White" and "Race, n.e.c." are not comparable with corresponding 1970 figures.

The 1980 census was the first in which data were collected separately for Eskimos and Aleuts in all States. In 1970, these data were available only for Alaska. Since Eskimos and Aleuts are highly concentrated in Alaska, these changes do not seriously affect the comparability of 1980 and 1970 data for these racial groups at the national level.

The 1980 total for the Asian and Pacific Islander population reflects a high level of immigration during the 1970's as well as a number of changes in census procedures which were developed, in part, as a result of this high level of immigration. First, the number of Asian and Pacific Islander categories listed separately on the 1980 census questionnaire was expanded over that in 1970 to include four additional groups: Vietnamese, Asian Indian, Guamanian, and Samoan. Asian Indians were classified as "White" in 1970 but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. The Vietnamese, Guamanian, and Samoan populations were included in the "Other" race

category in the 1970 census but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. Second, "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, and Fijian were identified and tabulated as Asian and Pacific Islander in sample tabulations in the 1980 census; in 1970, most of these groups were included in the "Other" race category.

In 1980, data were collected separately for Hawaiians and Koreans in all States, but in 1970 data for the two groups were not collected for Alaska. (On the 1970 census questionnaire used in Alaska, Eskimo and Aleut were substituted for these two categories.) Since the numbers of Hawaiians and Koreans were small in Alaska, this questionnaire change does not have a major impact on the comparability of the 1980 and 1970 data for Hawaiians and Koreans at the national level.

Spanish/Hispanic Origin of the Householder—The data on Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent of householder were derived from answers to question 7, for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire (see appendix E).

Persons of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent are those who reported either Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, or other Spanish/Hispanic origin in question 7. Persons who reported "Other Spanish/ Hispanic" origin are those whose origin is from Spain or the Spanish-speaking countries of Central or South America, or they are persons identifying their origin or descent as being Spanish, Spanish-American, Hispano, Latino, etc. Origin or descent can be regarded as the ancestry, nationality group, lineage, or country in which the person or person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. It is important to note that persons of Spanish origin may be of any race. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the Spanish origin of the householder.

Persons of more than one Spanish origin and persons of both a Spanish and another origin who were in doubt as to how to report a specific origin were classified according to the origin of the person's mother. If a single origin could not be provided for the person's mother, the first origin reported by the person was recorded.

If the householder failed to respond to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question, a response was assigned by computer in the sample edit operation according to available related information such as ancestry and place of birth reported for the householder. If such information was not reported, origin was assigned from entries of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If no origin was reported for any household member (excluding a paid employee), then an origin was assigned from another household with a householder of the same race. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Limitations of the Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin - A preliminary evaluation study of the reporting in the 1980 census item on Spanish origin indicated that there was misreporting in the Mexican origin category by White and Black persons in certain areas. The study results showed evidence that the misreporting occurred mainly in the South (excluding Texas), the Northeast (excluding the New York City area), and a few States in the North Central Region. Also, results based on available data suggest that the impact of potential misreporting of Mexican origin in the 1980 census is severe in those portions of the above-mentioned regions where the Spanish origin population is generally sparse. However, 1980 census data on the Mexican origin population or total Spanish origin population, at the national level, are not seriously affected by the reporting problem. For a more detailed discussion of the evaluation of the Spanish origin item, seethe 1980 Population Census Supplementary reports, Series PC80-S1-7, "Persons of Spanish Origin by State: 1980."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin—The data on householders of Spanish origin shown in this report may differ from comparable figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and more extensive edit procedures performed for the Spanish origin item on the sample questionnaires. The data in this report are based on a sample, whereas certain other reports (e.g., the HC80-1-A series) present data based on 100-percent tabulations. Sample data are subject to sampling variability, as explained in Appendix D, " Accuracy of the Data."

Information now available indicates that. since the effects of the more extensive edit were generally limited, the 100-percent tabulations are usually the preferable source for data on householders of Spanish origin. That is, in the case of figures available for Spanish origin groups, both in this report and for corresponding areas in the HC80-1-A report, the latter source is usually the preferred one. In the case of distributions for subjects covered only on a sample basis (e.g., units in structure, mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs, gross rent, etc.), the sample figures are the only data available and should be used within the context of the sampling variability associated with them.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Householders of Spanish Origin and Householders of Spanish Heritage - The 1980 census figures on householders of Spanish origin are not directly comparable with the 1970 census data on householders of Spanish origin because of a number of factors; namely, overall improvements in the 1980 census, better coverage of the population, improved question design, and an effective public relations campaign by the Census Bureau with the assistance of national and community ethnic groups. These efforts at census improvements explain, in part, the large increase in the number of Hispanics over 1970. Also, these efforts undoubtly resulted in the inclusion of a sizable but unknown number of persons of Spanish/ Hispanic origin who are in the country in other than legal status.

In the 1980 census Spanish origin question, specific changes in design from the 1970 question included the placement of the category "No (not Spanish/Hispanic)" as the first category in that question. (The corresponding category appeared last in the 1970 question.) Also, the 1970 category "Central or South American" was deleted from the 1980 question because in 1970 some respondents misinterpreted the category. Furthermore, the designations "Mexican-American" and "Chicano" were added to the Spanish origin question in 1980. In the 1970 census, the question on Spanish origin was asked of only a 5-percent sample of the population; in the 1980 census, the Spanish origin question was asked of everyone in the Nation.

The 1970 Census Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports present data on housing units occupied by householders of Spanish heritage. In the 1970 census, the

category Spanish heritage was created to consolidate data for Spanish ancestry persons in various parts of the United States. The Spanish heritage population, therefore, was specifically termed when reference was made to particular areas. For example, in five southwestern States (Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico, and Texas) the population of Spanish heritage was specified as the population of Spanish language or surname; in three mid-Atlantic States (New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania), as the population of Puerto Rican birth or parentage; and in the remaining 42 States and the District of Columbia, as the population of Spanish language. The information for the population tof Spanish heritage was obtained from the 15-percent sample of the census questionnaires. Data for this group of householders care not comparable to the 1980 census data on householders of Spanish origin which were based only on responses to the specific census question on Spanish/Hispanic origin for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire.

UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS

Persons—All persons occupying the housing funit are included. These persons include not only occupants related to the householder but halso any lodgers, roomers, boarders, parthers, roommates, wards, foster children, and hesident employees who share the living quarters of the householder. The data on liversons in unit' show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons. "Total persons" is the total number of persons living in the housing units in the barticular category.

Rooms—The statistics on "Rooms" are in germs of the number of housing units with a ispecified number of rooms (see question H7 in appendix E). The intent of this question is 1,0 count the number of whole rooms used for iving purposes. For each unit they include living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, Dedrooms, finished recreation rooms, enclos-)¿d porches suitable for year-round use, and codger's rooms. Excluded are strip or pullman kitchens, bathrooms, open porches, palconies, halls, half-rooms, utility rooms, nfinished attics or basements, or other uninished space used for storage. A partially clivided room is a separate room only if there s a partition from floor to ceiling.

ersons Per Room—"Persons per room" is derived measure obtained by dividing the

number of persons in each occupied housing unit by the number of rooms in the unit. The figures shown refer, therefore, to the number of occupied housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

Bedrooms—The number of "Bedrooms" in the unit is the count of rooms used mainly for sleeping, even if also used for other purposes. Rooms reserved for sleeping, such as guest rooms, even though used infrequently, are counted as bedrooms. On the other hand, rooms used mainly for other purposes, even though used also for sleeping, such as a living room with a sofa bed, are not considered bedrooms. A housing unit consisting of only one room, such as a one-room efficiency apartment, is classified, by definition, as having no bedroom (see question H24 in appendix E).

STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS

Year Structure Built—"Year structure built" refers to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. For a houseboat or mobile home or trailer, the manufacturer's model year is assumed to be the year built. The figures shown in this report relate to the number of units in structures built during the specified periods and in existence at the time of enumeration (see question H18 in appendix E).

Units in Structure—A structure is a separate building that either has open space on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof. In the determination of the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, were counted. The statistics are presented for the number of housing units in structures of specified type and size, not for the number of residential buildings. The category "Mobile home or trailer, etc." includes mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, vans, etc. (see question H13 in appendix E).

Stories in Structure—The count of stories (floors) in structure includes basements or attics if these contain finished rooms for living purposes (see question H14a in appendix E).

Passenger Elevator—Statistics on elevator in structure are presented for housing units in structures with four or more stories or floors. If the housing units in structures with four or

more stories have an elevator used only for freight, the units are not included in the category "With elevator" (see question H14b in appendix E).

PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS

Plumbing Facilities—The category "Complete plumbing for exclusive use" consists of units which have hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower inside the housing unit for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit. "Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use" includes those conditions when (1) all three specified plumbing facilities are present inside the unit, but are also used by another household; (2) some but not all the facilities are present; or (3) none of the three specified plumbing facilities is present (see question H6 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Plumbing Facilities Data—In 1970, there were separate questions on the presence of hot and cold piped water, a bathtub or shower, and a flush toilet. For 1980, these three items were combined into a single question on plumbing facilities. In addition, the facilities must be inside the housing unit rather than inside the structure as in 1970.

EQUIPMENT AND FUELS

Heating Equipment-Respondents were asked to report the type of heating equipment used as the primary source of heat for their housing unit. The categories shown in the report are: (1) steam or hot water system; (2) central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump; (3) other built-in electric units; (4) floor, wall, or pipeless furnace; and (5) other means. "Other means" includes room heaters with flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; nonportable room heaters without flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; and fireplaces, stoves, or portable room heaters of any kind that can be picked up and moved. A central heating system includes types (1) through (4) listed above. For vacant units which have had the heating equipment removed, the kind of equipment used by the previous occupants is considered to be the heating equipment for the unit (see question H20 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Heating Equipment Data—In 1970, central

heat pumps were included as part of the category "Warm-air furnace" and individual room heat pumps were included in the category "Built-in electric units." In 1980, heat pumps have been combined and are included in this report in the category "Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump."

Air Conditioning—"Air conditioning" is defined as the cooling of air by a refrigeration unit. It does not include evaporative coolers, fans, or blowers which are not connected to a refrigeration unit; however, it does include heat pumps. A central system is an installation which air conditions a number of rooms. In an apartment building, such a system may cool all apartments in the building, each apartment may have its own central system, or there may be several systems, each providing central air conditioning for a group of apartments. A system with individual room controls is a central system. A room unit is an individual air conditioner which is installed in a window or an outside wall and is generally intended to cool one room, although it may sometimes be used to cool more than one room (see question H27 in appendix E).

Vehicles Available—Data for this item refer to the number of households with vehicles available at home for the use of the members of the household. Included in this item are passenger cars, pickup trucks, small panel trucks of one-ton capacity or less, as well as station wagons, company cars, and taxicabs kept at home for use of household members. Cars rented or leased for 1 month or more; police and government cars kept at home; and company vans and trucks of 1-ton capacity or less are also included if kept at home and used for nonbusiness purposes. Dismantled cars, immobile cars used as a source of power for some piece of machinery, and cars, vans, and trucks kept at home but used only for business purposes are excluded. The statistics do not reflect the number of vehicles privately owned or the number of households owning vehicles (see questions H28 and H29 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Automobiles Available Data—In 1970, only data on the number of households with automobiles which were owned or regularly used by members of the household were obtained. Taxicabs, pickups, or large trucks were not counted. In 1980, the data on automobiles available include taxicabs if kept at home for use of household members but exclude pickups or larger trucks. Separate

data were obtained in 1980 on the number of housing units with vans or trucks of 1-ton capacity or less kept at home for use of members of the household.

Fuels Used for House Heating and Water Heating-"Utility gas" is gas piped through underground pipes from a central system that serves the neighborhood. "Bottled, tank, or LP gas" is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. "Fuel oil, kerosene, etc." includes fuel oil, kerosene, gasoline, alcohol, and other combustible liquids. For data on house heating fuel, the category "Other" includes any other fuel such as purchased steam, coal dust, briquettes made of pitch and sawdust, waste materials such as corn cobs, etc. For data on water heating fuel, the category "Other" also includes coal or coke, and wood (see question H21 in appendix E).

FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS

Value—Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot) would sell for, if it were for sale (see question H11 in appendix E).

Value is tabulated for certain kinds of housing units. Value statistics are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. The "Specified owner-occupied" universes are the same for the value tabulation and the mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs tabulation.

Price Asked—For vacant for sale only housing units, the price asked is the amount asked for the property at the time of enumeration. The statistics on price asked are shown for "Specified vacant for sale only" housing units, which include vacant for sale only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data also exclude condominium units and mobile homes.

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs—The data are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only

one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. Separate distributions of owner costs are shown for units "With a mortgage" and for units "Not mortgaged." Selected monthly owner costs is the sum of payments for mortgages, deeds of trust, or similar debts on the property; real estate taxes; fire and hazard insurance on the property; utilities (electricity, gas, and water); and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) (see questions H30, H31, and H32 in appen-

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979-Selected monthly housing costs is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same owner-occupied units for which selected monthly owner costs was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain owner-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Rent—The statistics on rent are tabulated for "Specified renter-occupied" housing units and for "Specified vacant for rent" housing units which include renter units except one-family houses on 10 or more acres. Respondents were asked to report rent only for the housing unit enumerated and to exclude any rent paid for additional units or for business premises. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "No cash rent" in the rent tabulations.

Contract Rent. "Contract rent" is the monthly rent agreed to, or contracted for, regardless of any furnishings, utilities, of services that may be included (see question H12 in appendix E).

Gross Rent. The computed rent termed "Gross rent" is the contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (electricity, gas, and water) and fuels (oil coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) if these are

paid for by the renter (or paid for the renter by someone else) in addition to rent. Gross rent is intended to eliminate differentials which result from varying practices with respect to the inclusion of utilities and fuels as part of the rental payment. The estimated costs of water and fuels are reported on a yearly basis but are converted to monthly figures in the computation process (see questions H12 and H22 in appendix E).

Rent Asked. For "Specified vacant for rent" housing units, the rent asked is the amount asked for the rental of the unit at the time of enumeration.

Gross Rent as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979—Monthly gross rent is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same renter-occupied units for which gross rent was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain renter-occupied units. The percentage was becomputed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units a promote the category households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category of the computed."

Household Income in 1979—Household income is the sum of the money income of all fpersons 15 years old and over occupying the Thousing unit, including persons not related to othe householder. Data on income are based obn money income received in the calendar ວິຜູear 1979. Income is the algebraic sum of the t_эmounts reported separately for wage and salary income; nonfarm net self-employment t^encome; farm net self-employment income; ্[‡]nterest, dividend, net rental or royalty income; Social Security or Railroad Retirement ncome; public assistance or welfare income; and all other income. The figures represent he amount of income received before deductions for personal income taxes, Social ${
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m Security,}$ bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

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Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income "in kind" from food stamps, public housing subsidies, medical care, employer's contributions for pensions, etc.; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

Although the income statistics cover the calendar year 1979, the composition of households refers to the time of enumeration (April 1, 1980). However, the composition of most households was the same during 1979 as in April 1980. There may be differences between the data on household income in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

Median Income—The median income values presented in this report are computed on the basis of more detailed income intervals than shown in the tables. Median income figures of \$30,000 or less are generally calculated using linear interpolation; all other median income amounts are derived through pareto interpolation.

Comparability With 1970 Census Income Data—In 1970, the statistics on income presented in Series HC80-2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports related to the income of the family or primary individual occupying the housing unit; that is, the sum of the income of the head of the family and all other members of the family 14 years old and over or the income of the primary individual. Income of persons living in

the unit but not related to the head of household was not included. In 1980, the statistics on income relate to the income of the household; that is, the sum of the income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying a housing unit, including persons not related to the householder.

A discussion on comparability of income data from other sources including earlier censuses may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, General Social and Economic Characteristics, PC80-1-C.

Poverty Status in 1979—Households are classified below the poverty level when the total 1979 income of the family or of the nonfamily householder is below the appropriate poverty threshold. The income of persons living in the household who are unrelated to the householder is not considered when determining the poverty status of a household. The poverty thresholds vary depending upon three criteria: size of family, number of children, and age of the family householder or unrelated individual. The criteria used in the 1980 census differ slightly from those used in the 1970 census, which took into account the same three factors as well as sex of the family householder or unrelated individual and farm-nonfarm residence. In addition, for the 1980 census the thresholds by size of family were extended from seven or more persons to nine or more persons. The income cutoffs are updated each year to reflect the change in the Consumer Price Index. A more detailed explanation of the poverty definition may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, General Social and Economic Characteristics, PC80-1-C.

There may be slight differences between the data on poverty status in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

Thresholds at the Poverty Level in 1979 by Size of Family and Number of Related Children Under 18 Years

(Figures in dollars. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction)

Weighted	•										
thresholds	None	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8 or more		
.'	3,686 3,774	•••	•••	•••			•••				
3,479	3,479	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••			
4,723 4,876 4,389	4,723 4,858 4,385	5,000 4,981	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••		
5,787 7,412	5,674 7,482	5,839 7,605	5,844 7,356	 7,382	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		
8,776 9,915	9,023 10,378	9,154 10,419	8,874 10,205	8,657 9,999	8,525 9,693	9,512	•••	•••	:::		
12,484	11,941 13,356 16,066	13,473	13,231	13,018	11,246 12,717 15,453	10,857 12,334 15,046	10,429 11,936 14,677	11,835 14,586	14,024		
	average thresholds 3,686 3,774 3,479 4,723 4,876 4,389 5,787 7,412 8,776 9,915 11,237	average thresholds None 3,686 3,774 3,774 3,774 3,479 4,723 4,723 4,858 4,389 4,385 5,787 5,674 7,412 8,776 9,023 9,915 10,378 11,237 11,941 12,484 13,356	average thresholds None 1 3,686 3,686 3,774 3,774 3,479 3,479 4,723 4,723 4,876 4,858 5,000 4,389 4,385 4,981 5,787 5,674 5,839 7,412 7,482 7,605 8,776 9,023 9,154 9,915 10,378 10,419 11,237 11,941 12,016 12,484 13,356 13,473	average thresholds None 1 2 3,686 3,686	average thresholds None 1 2 3 3,686 3,686	average thresholds None 1 2 3 4 3,686 3,686 3,774 3,774 3,479 3,479 4,723 4,723 4,876 4,858 5,000 4,389 4,385 4,981 5,787 5,674 5,839 5,844 7,412 7,482 7,605 7,356 7,382 8,776 9,023 9,154 8,874 8,657 8,525 9,915 10,378 10,419 10,205 9,999 9,693 11,237 11,941 12,016 11,759 11,580 11,246 12,484 13,356 13,473 13,231 13,018 12,717	average thresholds None 1 2 3 4 5 3,686 3,774 3,774 3,774	average thresholds None 1 2 3 4 5 6 3,686 3,686 .	average thresholds None 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 3,686 3,686		

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Appendix C.—General Enumeration and Processing Procedures

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USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE

In accordance with census practice dating back to the first U.S. census in 1790, each person enumerated in the 1980 census was counted as an inhabitant of his or her "usual place of residence," which is generally construed to mean the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time. This place is not necessarily the same as the person's legal residence or voting residence. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there might be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishment of residence rules for certain categories of persons whose usual place of residence is not immediately apparent. Furthermore, this practice means that persons were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be staying on Census Day (April 1). Persons without a usual place of residence, however, were counted where they happened to be staying.

Armed Forces

Members of the Armed Forces living on a military installation were counted, as in every previous census, as residents of the area in which the installation was located; members of the Armed Forces not living on a military installation were counted as residents of the area in which

they were living. Family members of Armed Forces personnel were counted where they were living on Census Day (i.e., with the Armed Forces personnel or at another location, as the case might be).

Each Navy ship was attributed to the municipality that the Department of the Navy designated as its homeport, except for those ships which were deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day. As was done in the 1970 census, naval personnel aboard deployed ships were defined in the 1980 census as part of the overseas population, because deployment to the 6th or 7th Fleet implies a long-term overseas assignment.

In homeports with fewer than 1,000 naval personnel assigned to ships, the crews were counted aboard the ship. In homeports with 1,000 or more naval personnel assigned to ships, the naval personnel who indicated that they had a usual residence within 50 miles of the homeport of their ship were attributed to that residence.

When a homeport designated by the Navy was contained in more than one municipality, ships homeported and berthed there on Census Day were assigned by the Bureau of the Census to the municipality in which the land immediately adjacent to the dock or pier was actually located. Other ships attributed by the Navy to that homeport, but which were not physically present and not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day, were allocated to the municipality named on the Navy's homeport list.

Crews of Merchant Vessels

Shipboard Census Reports were mailed to crews of merchant vessels through the ships' respective owner-operators based on lists of U.S. flag merchant vessels obtained from the Maritime Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.

If the ship was berthed in a U.S. port on Census Day, the crew was enumerated as of that port. If the ship was

not berthed in a U.S. port but was inside the territorial waters of the United States, the crew was enumerated as of (a) the port of destination if that port was inside the United States or (b) the homeport of the ship if its port of destination was outside the United States. Crews of U.S. flag vessels which were outside U.S. territorial waters on Census Day and crews of vessels flying a foreign flag were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

Persons Away at School

College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since 1950. However, children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

Persons in Institutions

Inmates of institutions, who ordinarily live there for considerable periods of time, were counted as residents of the area where the institution was located. Patients in short-term wards (general, maternity, etc.) of hospitals were counted at their usual place of residence; if they had no usual place of residence, they were counted at the hospital.

Persons Away From Their Residence on Census Day

Persons in hotels, motels, etc., on the night of March 31, 1980, were requested to fill out a census form for assignment of their census information back to their homes if they indicated that no one was at home to report them in the census A similar approach was used for persons visiting in private residences, as well as for Americans who left the United States during March 1980 via major intercontinental air or ship carriers for temporary travel abroad. In addition information on persons away from their usual place of residence was obtained from other members of their families resident managers, neighbors, etc. If at entire household was expected to b'

away during the whole period of the enumeration, information on that household was obtained from neighbors. A matching process was used to eliminate duplicate reports for persons who reported for themselves while away from their usual residence and who were also reported at this usual residence by someone else.

A special enumeration was conducted in such facilities as missions, flophouses, jails, detention centers, etc., on the night of April 6, 1980, and persons enumerated therein were counted as residents of the area in which the establishment was located.

Americans Abroad

Americans who were overseas for an extended period (in the Armed Forces, working at civilian jobs, studying in foreign universities, etc.) were not included in the population of any State or the District of Columbia. On the other hand, Americans who were temporarily abroad on vacations, business trips, and the like were counted at their usual residence in the United States.

Citizens of Foreign Countries

Citizens of foreign countries having their usual residence (legally or illegally) in the United States on Census Day, including those working here (but not living at an embassy, ministry, legation, chancellery, or consulate) and those attending school (but not living at an embassy, etc.), were included in the enumeration, as were members of their families living with them. However, citizens of foreign countries temporarily visiting or traveling in the United States or living on the premises of an embassy, etc., were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1980 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. A census questionnaire was delivered by postal carriers to every housing unit several days before Census Day, April 1, 1980. This questionnaire included explanatory information and was accompanied by an instruction guide. Spanish-language versions of the questionnaire and instruction guide were available on request. The questionnaire

was also available in narrative translation in 32 languages.

In most areas of the United States, altogether containing about 95 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out and mail back the questionnaire on Census Day. Approximately 83 percent of these households returned their forms by mail. Households that did not mail back a form and vacant housing units were visited by an enumerator. Households that returned a form with incomplete or inconsistent information that exceeded a specified tolerance were contacted by telephone or, if necessary, by a personal visit, to obtain the missing information.

In the remaining (mostly sparsely settled) area of the country, which contained about 5 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out the questionnaire and hold it until visited by an enumerator. Incomplete and unfilled forms were completed by interview during the enumerator's visit. Vacant units were enumerated by a personal visit and observation.

Each housing unit in the country received one of two versions of the census questionnaire: a short-form questionnaire containing a limited number of basic population and housing questions or a long-form questionnaire containing these basic questions as well as a number of additional questions. A sampling procedure was used to determine those units which were to receive the longform questionnaire. Two sampling rates were employed. For most of the country, one in every six housing units (about 17 percent) received the long form or sample questionnaire; in counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 inhabitants, every other housing unit (50 percent) received the sample questionnaire to enhance the reliability of sample data in small areas.

Special questionnaires were used for the enumeration of persons in group quarters such as colleges and universities, hospitals, prisons, military installations, and ships. These forms contained the population questions but did not include any housing questions. In addition to the regular census questionnaires, the Supplementary Questionnaire for American Indians was used in conjunction with the short form on Federal and State reservations and in the historic areas of

Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas) for households that had at least one American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut household member.

PROCESSING PROCEDURES

The 1980 census questionnaires were processed in a manner similar to that for the 1970 and 1960 censuses. They were designed to be processed electronically by the Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computer (FOSDIC). For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied by the respondent or obtained by the enumerator was indicated by marking the answers in predesignated positions that would be "read" by FOSDIC from a microfilm copy of the questionnaire and transferred onto computer tape with no intervening manual processing. The computer tape did not include information on individual names and addresses.

The data processing was performed in two stages. For 100-percent data, all short forms, and pages 2 and 3 of the long forms (which have the same questions as the short form), were microfilmed, "read" by FOSDIC, and transferred onto computer tape for tabulation. For the sample data, the long form (or sample) questionnaires were processed through manual coding operations since some questions required the respondent to provide write-in entries which could not be read by FOSDIC. Census Bureau coders assigned alphabetical or numerical codes to the write-in answers in FOSDIC readable code boxes on each questionnaire. After all coding was completed, the long forms were microfilmed, and the film was "read" by FOSDIC and transferred onto computer tape.

The tape containing the information from the questionnaires was processed on the Census Bureau's computers through a number of editing and tabulation steps. Among the products of this operation were computer tapes from which the tables in this report (and most others in the 1980 census publications) were prepared on phototypesetting equipment at the Government Printing Office.

A more detailed description of the data collection and processing procedures can be obtained from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing, *Users' Guide*, PHC80-R1.

Appendix D.—Accuracy of the Data

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INTRODUCTION

The data presented in this publication are based on the 1980 census sample. The data are estimates of the actual figures that would have resulted from a complete count. Estimates can be expected to vary from the complete count result because they are subject to two basic types of error-sampling and nonsampling. sampling error in the data arises from the selection of persons and housing units to be included in the sample. The nonsampling error is the result of all other errors that may occur during the collection and processing phases of the census. A more detailed discussion of both sampling and nonsampling error and a description of the estimation procedure are given in this appendix.

SAMPLE DESIGN

While every person and housing unit in the 1980 census was enumerated on a

questionnaire that requested certain basic demographic information (e.g., age, number of rooms in living quarters, monthly rent), a sample of persons and housing units was enumerated on a questionnaire that requested additional information. The basic sampling unit for the 1980 census was the housing unit, including all occupants. For persons living in group quarters, the sampling unit was the Two sampling rates were emperson. ployed. In counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 persons (based on precensus estimates), one-half of all housing units and persons in group quarters were to be included in the sample. In all other areas, one-sixth of the housing units or persons in group quarters were sampled. The purpose of this scheme was to provide relatively more reliable estimates for small areas. When both sampling rates were taken into account across the Nation, approximately 19 percent of the Nation's housing units were included in the census sample.

The sample designation method depended on the data collection procedures. In areas containing about 95 percent of the population the census was taken by the mailout/mailback procedure. these areas, the Bureau of the Census either purchased a commercial mailing list which was updated and corrected by Census Bureau field staff, or prepared a mailing list by canvassing and listing each address in the area prior to Census Day. These lists were computerized, and every sixth unit (for 1-in-6 areas) or every second unit (for 1-in-2 areas) was designated as a sample unit by computer. Both of these lists were also corrected by the Post Office.

In non-mailout/mailback areas, a blank listing book with designated sample lines (every sixth or every second line) was prepared for the enumerator. Beginning about Census Day, the enumerator sys-

tematically canvassed the area and listed all housing units in the listing book in the order they were encountered. Completed questionnaires, including sample information for any housing unit which was listed on a designated sample line, were collected.

In both types of data collection procedure areas, an enumerator was responsible for a small geographic area known as an enumeration district, or ED. An ED usually represented the average workload area for one enumerator.

ERRORS IN THE DATA

Since the data in this publication are based on a sample, they may differ somewhat from complete-count figures that would have been obtained if all housing units, persons within those housing units, and persons living in group quarters had been enumerated using the same questionnaires, instructions, enumerators, etc. The deviation of a sample estimate from the average of all possible samples is called the sampling error. The standard error of a survey estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from the possible samples and thus is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error permit the construction of interval estimates with prescribed confidence that the interval includes the average result of all possible samples. The method of calculating standard errors and confidence intervals for the data in this report is given below.

In addition to the variability which arises from the sampling procedures, both sample data and complete-count data are subject to nonsampling error. Nonsampling error may be introduced during each of the many extensive and complex

operations used to collect and process census data. For example, operations such as editing, reviewing, or handling questionnaires may introduce error into the data. A more detailed discussion of the sources of nonsampling error is given in the section on "Control of Nonsampling Error" in this appendix.

Nonsampling error may affect the data in two ways. Errors that are introduced randomly will increase the variability of the data and should therefore be reflected in the standard error. Errors that tend to be consistent in one direction will make both sample and complete-count data biased in that direction. For example, if respondents consistently tend to underreport their income, then the resulting counts of households or families by income category will be skewed toward the ower income categories. Such biases are not reflected in the standard error.

Calculation of Standard Errors

Fotals and Percentages—Tables A through) in this appendix contain the informaion necessary to calculate the standard errors of sample estimates in this report. n order to perform this calculation, t is necessary to know the unadjusted tandard error for the characteristic, given n table A or B, that would result under a imple random sample design (of persons, amilies, or housing units) and estimation echnique; the adjustment factor for the particular characteristic estimated, given n table C; and the number of housing inits in the tabulation area and the percent of these in sample, given in able D. The adjustment factors reflect he effects of the actual sample design and complex ratio estimation procedure $\frac{1}{r}$ ised for the 1980 census.

To calculate the approximate standard rror of an estimate for a geographic area, follow the steps given below:

- a. Obtain the unadjusted standard error from table A or B (or from the formula given below the table) for the estimated total or percentage, respectively.
- b. Find the geographic area with which you are working in table D and obtain the housing unit "percent in sample" figure for this area.
- c. Use table C to obtain the factor for the characteristics (e.g., air-

conditioning, year structure built) and the range that contains the percent-in-sample with which you are working. Multiply the unadjusted standard error by this factor. If the estimate is a cross-tabulation of more than one characteristic, use the largest factor.

As is evident from the formula below tables A and B, the unadjusted standard errors of zero estimates or of very small estimated totals or percentages approach zero. This is also the case for very large percentages or estimated totals that are close to the size of the tabulation areas to which they correspond. These estimated totals and percentages are, nevertheless, still subject to sampling and non-sampling variability, and an estimated standard error of zero (or a very small standard error) is not appropriate.

For estimated percentages that are less than 2 or greater than 98, use the *unadjusted* standard errors in table B that appear in the "2 or 98" row. For an estimated total that is less than 50 or within 50 of the total size of the tabulation area, use an *unadjusted* standard error of 16.

An illustration of the use of the tables is given in a later section of this appendix.

Differences—The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to differences between two sample estimates. In order to estimate the standard error of a difference the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the following three situations:

- a. For the difference between a sample estimate and a complete-count value, use the standard error of the sample estimate.
- b. For the difference between (or sum of) two sample estimates, the appropriate standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the two individual standard errors squared; that is, for standard errors Se_x and Se_y of estimates x and y:

Se
$$(x+y) = Se_{(x-y)} = \sqrt{(Se_x)^2 + (Se_y)^2}$$

This method, however, will underestimate (overestimate) the standard error if the two items in a sum are highly positively (negatively) correlated or if the two items in a difference are highly negatively (positively) correlated. This method may also be used for the difference between (or sum of) sample estimates from two censuses or between a census sample and another survey. The standard error for estimates not based on the 1980 census sample must be obtained from an appropriate source outside of this publication.

c. For the difference between two estimates, one of which is a subclass of the other, use the tables directly where the calculated difference is the estimate of interest.

Means—The standard error of a mean depends upon the variability of the distribution on which the mean is based, the size of the sample, the sample design (e.g., the use of households as a sampling unit), and the estimation procedure used.

An approximation to the standard error of the mean may be obtained as follows: compute the variance of the distribution on which the mean is based; multiply this value by five and divide the product by the total count of units in the distribution; obtain the square root of this quotient and multiply the result by the adjustment factor from table C that is appropriate for the characteristic on which the mean is based.

Medians-For the standard error of a median of a characteristic, it is necessary to examine the distribution from which the median is derived, as the size of the base and the distribution itself affect the standard error. An approximate method is given here. As the first step, compute one-half of the number on which the median is based (refer to this result as N/2). Treat N/2 as if it were an ordinary estimate and obtain its standard error as instructed above using tables A, C, and Compute the desired confidence interval about N/2, Starting with the lowest value of the characteristic, cumulate the frequencies in each category of the characteristic until the sum equals or first exceeds the lower limit of the confidence interval about N/2. By linear interpolation, obtain a value of the characteristic corresponding to this sum. This is the lower limit of the confidence interval of the median. In a similar manner, cumulate frequencies starting from

the highest value of the characteristic until the sum equals or exceeds the count in excess of the upper limit of the interval about N/2. Interpolate as before to obtain the upper limit of the confidence interval for the estimated median.

Confidence Intervals

A sample estimate and its estimated standard error may be used to construct confidence intervals about the estimate. These intervals are ranges that will contain the average value of the estimated characteristic that results over all possible samples, with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples that could result under the 1980 census sample design were independently selected and surveyed under the same conditions, and if the estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated for each of these samples, then:

- Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one estimated standard error below the estimate to one estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples; and
- (2) Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two estimated standard errors below the estimate to two estimated standard errors above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.

The intervals are referred to as 68 percent and 95 percent confidence intervals, respectively.

The average value of the estimated characteristic that could be derived from all possible samples is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. Thus we cannot make the statement that the average value has a certain probability of falling between the limits of the calculated confidence interval. Rather, one can say with a specified probability or confidence that the calculated confidence interval includes the average estimate from all possible samples (approximately the complete count value).

Confidence intervals may also be constructed for the difference between two sample figures. This is done by computing the difference between these

figures, obtaining the standard error of the difference (using the formula given earlier), and then forming a confidence interval for this estimated difference as above. One can then say with specified confidence that this interval includes the difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

The estimated standard errors given in this report do not include all portions of the variability due to nonsampling error that may be present in the data. Thus, the standard errors calculated represent a lower bound of the total error. As a result, confidence intervals formed using these estimated standard errors may not meet the stated levels of confidence (i.e., 68 or 95 percent). Thus, some care must be exercised in the interpretation of the data in this publication based on the estimated standard errors.

For more information on confidence intervals and nonsampling error see any standard sampling theory text.

Use of Tables to Compute Standard Errors

See appendix D of any 1980 Census of Housing, HC-80-1-B, *Detailed Housing Characteristics* report, for examples showing the computation of standard errors and the formation of confidence intervals.

ESTIMATION PROCEDURE

The estimates which appear in this publication were obtained from an iterative ratio estimation procedure which resulted in the assignment of a weight to each sample person or housing unit record. For any given tabulation area, a characteristic total was estimated by summing the weights assigned to the persons or housing units in the tabulation area which possessed the characteristic. Estimates of family or household characteristics were based on the weights assigned to the family members designated as householders. Each sample person or housing unit record was assigned exactly one weight to be used to produce estimates of all characteristics. For example, if the weight given to a sample person or housing unit had the value five, all characteristics of that person or housing unit would be tabulated with a weight of five. The estimation procedure, however, did assign weights which vary from person to person or housing unit to housing unit.

The estimation procedure used to assign the weights was performed in geographically defined "weighting areas." Weighting areas were generally formed of adjoining portions of geography, which closely agreed with census tabulation areas within counties. Weighting areas were required to have a minimum sample of 400 persons. Weighting areas were never allowed to cross state or county boundaries. In small counties with a sample count of less than 400 persons, the minimum required sample condition was relaxed to permit the entire county to become a weighting area.

Within a weighting area, the ratio estimation procedure for persons was performed in three stages. For persons, the first stage employed 17 household type groups. The second stage used two groups: householders and nonhouseholders. The third stage could potentially use 160 age-sex-race-Spanish origin groups. The stages were as follows:

PERSONS

Stage I—Type of Household

Under 18

Persons in Housing Units With a Family With Own Children

2 persons in housing unit

Group

1

11

12-16

2	3 persons in nousing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing
	unit
	Persons in Housing Units With a
	Family Without Own Children
	Under 18
6-10	2 persons in housing unit
	through 8 or more persons
	in housing unit
	Persons in All Other Housing
	Units

1 person in housing unit

2 persons in housing unit

through 8 or more persons

17 Persons in group quarters

in housing unit

Stage II—Householder/ Nonhouseholder

Group

2

iз

34

³ 5

^c 7

9 (

9-16

17-32

a65-96

e97-128

1 Householder

Nonhouseholder (including persons in group quarters)

Stage III—Age/Sex/Race/Spanish Origin

Group White Race
Persons of Spanish Origin
Male
1 0 to 4 years of age
5 to 14 years of age

15 to 19 years of age 20 to 24 years of age 25 to 34 years of age 35 to 44 years of age 45 to 64 years of age

Female

Same age categories as groups 1 to 8

65 years of age or older

Persons Not of Spanish Origin
Same age and sex categories as groups 1 to 16

Black Race

: 33-64 Same age-sex-Spanish origin t categories as groups 1 to 32

Asian, Pacific Islander Race
Same age-sex-Spanish origin
categories as groups 1 to 32

American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race

Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

129-160 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Within a weighting area, the first step in the estimation procedure was to assign each sample person record an initial weight. This weight was approximately equal to the inverse of the probability of selecting a person for the census sample.

The next step in the estimation procedure was to combine, if necessary, the groups in each of the three stages prior to the repeated ratio estimation in order to increase the reliability of the ratio estimation procedure. For the first and second stages, any group that did not meet certain criteria concerning the unweighted sample count or the ratio of the complete count to the initially weighted sample count, was combined, or collapsed, with another group in the same stage according to a specified collapsing pattern. At the third stage, the "Other" race category was collapsed with the "White" race category before the above collapsing criteria as well as an additional criterion concerning the number of complete count persons in each category were applied.

As the final step, the initial weights underwent three stages of ratio adjustment which used the groups listed above. At the first stage, the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the initial weights for each sample person was computed for each stage I group. The initial weight assigned to each person in a group was then multiplied by the stage I group ratio to produce an adjusted weight. In stage II, the stage I adjusted weights were again adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage I weights for sample persons in each stage II group. Finally, the stage II weights were adjusted at stage III by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage II weights for sample persons in each stage III group. The three stages of adjustment were performed twice (two iterations) in the order given above. The weights obtained from the second iteration for stage III were assigned to the sample person records. However, to avoid complications in rounding for tabulated data, only whole number weights were assigned. For example, if the final weight for the persons in a particular group was 7.2, then one-fifth of the sample persons in this group were randomly assigned a weight of 8 and the remaining four-fifths received a weight of 7.

Separate weights were derived for tabulating the place of work and migration data items. The weights were obtained by adjusting the weight derived above for persons on questionnaires selected for coding by the reciprocal of the ED coding rate and a ratio adjustment to ensure that the sum of the weights and the complete count total population figure would agree.

The ratio estimation procedure for

housing units was essentially the same as that for persons. The major difference was that the occupied housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in two stages and the vacant housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in one stage. The first stage for occupied housing units employed 16 household-type categories and the second stage could potentially use 190 tenure-race-Spanish origin-value/rent groups. For vacant housing units, three groups were utilized. The stages for the ratio estimation for housing units were as follows:

OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS

Stage I—Type of Household

Group	Housing Units With a Family											
	With Own Children Under 18											
1	2 persons in housing unit											
2	3 persons in housing unit											
3	4 persons in housing unit											
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit											
5	8 or more persons in housing											
	unit											
6-10	Housing Units With a Family Without Own Children Under 18 2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit											

All Other Housing Units

11 1 person in housing unit
12-16 2 persons in housing unit
through 8 or more persons
in housing unit

Stage II—Tenure/Race and Origin of Householder/Value or Rent

Owner Group White Race (householder) Persons of Spanish Origin (householder) Value of House 1 \$0 to \$9,999 2 \$10,000 to \$19,999 3 \$20,000 to \$24,999 4 \$25,000 to \$49,999 5 \$50,000 to \$99,999 6 \$100,000 to \$149,999 7 \$150,000+ 8 Other Owners

Persons Not of Spanish Origin

9-16	Same value categories as groups 1 to 8
17 -32	Black Race Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
33-48	Asian, Pacific Islander Race Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
49-64	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
65-80	Other Race (includes those races not listed above) Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
F	Renter
	White Race
	Persons of Spanish Origin
81	Rent Categories \$1 to \$59
82	\$60 to \$99
83	\$100 to \$149
84	\$150 to \$149
85	\$200 to \$249
86	\$250 to \$299
87	\$300 to \$399
88	\$400 to \$499
89	\$500+
90	Other Renter
91	No Cash Rent
	Persons not of Spanish origin
92-102	Same rent categories as groups 81 to 91
103-124	Black Race Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102
125-146	Asian, Pacific Islander Race Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102
147-168	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81

to 102

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

169-190 Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102

VACANT HOUSING UNITS

Group

Vacant for Rent
 Vacant for Sale
 Other Vacant

The estimates produced by this procedure realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted if the population had been stratified into the ratio estimation groups before sampling, and the sampling rate had been applied independently to each group. The net effect is a reduction in both the standard error and the possible bias of most estimated characteristics to levels below what would have resulted from simply using the initial (unadjusted) weight. A by-product of this estimation procedure is that the estimates from the sample will, for the most part, be consistent with the complete-count figures for the population and housing unit groups used in the estimation procedure.

CONTROL OF NONSAMPLING ERROR

As mentioned above, nonsampling error is present in both sample and complete count data. If left unchecked, this error could introduce serious bias into the data, the variability of which could increase dramatically over that which would result purely from sampling. While it is impossible to completely eliminate nonsampling error from an operation as large and complex as the 1980 census, the Bureau of the Census attempted to control the sources of such error during the collection and processing operations. The primary sources of nonsampling error and the programs instituted for control of this error are described below. The success of these programs, however, was contingent upon how well the instructions were actually carried out during the census. To the extent possible, both the effects of these programs and the amount of error remaining after their application will he evaluated.

Undercoverage—It is possible for some persons or housing units to be entirely missed by the census. This undercoverage of persons and housing units can introduce biases into the data. Several extensive programs were developed to focus on this important problem.

- The Postal Service reviewed mailing lists and reported housing unit addresses which were missing, undeliverable, or duplicated in the listings.
- The purchased commercial mailing list was updated and corrected by a complete field review of the list of housing units during a precanvass operation.
- A record check was performed to reduce the undercoverage of individual persons in selected areas. Independent lists of persons, such as driver's license holders, were matched with the household rosters in the census listings. Persons not matched to the census rosters were followed up and added to the census counts if they were found to have been missed.
- A recheck of units initially classified as vacant or nonexistent was utilized to further reduce the undercoverage of persons.

More extensive discussions of programs developed to reduce undercoverage will be published as the analyses of those programs are completed.

Respondent and Enumerator Error-The person answering the questionnaire or responding to the questions posed by an enumerator could serve as a source of error by offering incorrect or incomplete information. To reduce this source of error, questions were phrased as clearly as possible based on precensus tests and detailed instructions for completing the questionnaire were provided to each household. In addition, respondents' answers were edited for completeness and consistency and followed up as necessary. For example, if the source of water item was incomplete for a housing unit, longform field edit procedures would recognize the situation, and a followup attempt to obtain the information would be made.

The enumerator may misinterpret or otherwise incorrectly record information given by a respondent; may fail to collect some of the information for a person or household; or may collect sample data for

households that were not designated as part of the sample. To control these problems, the work of enumerators was Field staff were carefully monitored. prepared for their tasks by using standardized training packages which included experience in using census materials. A sample of the households interviewed by enumerators for nonresponse was reinterviewed to control for the possibility of fabricated persons being for data submitted by enumerators. Also, the estimation procedure was designed to control for biases that would result from the collection of data from households not designated for the sample.

Processing Error—The many phases of processing the census represent potential sources for the introduction of nonsampling error. The processing of the census questionnaires includes the field editing, followup, and transmittal of completed questionnaires; the manual coding of write-in responses; and the electronic data processing. The various field, coding and computer operations undergo a number of quality control checks to insure their accurate application.

Nonresponse—Nonresponse to particular questions on the census questionnaire allows for the introduction of bias into the data, since the characteristics of the nonrespondents have not been observed and may differ from those reported by respondents. As a result, any allocation procedure using respondent data may not completely reflect this difference either at the element level (individual person or housing unit) or on the average. Some protection against the introduction of large biases is afforded by minimizing

nonresponse. In the census, nonresponse was substantially reduced during the field operations by the various edit and follow-up operations aimed at obtaining a response for every question. Characteristics for the nonresponses remaining after this operation were allocated by the computer using reported data for a person or housing unit with similar characteristics. The allocation procedure is described below.

EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of statistics that describes the nation's housing as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, certain unacceptable entries were edited.

In the field, questionnaires were reviewed for omissions and certain inconsistencies by a census clerk or an enumerator and, if necessary, a followup was made to obtain missing information. In addition, a similar review of questionnaires was done in the central processing offices. As a rule, however, editing was performed by hand only when it could not be done effectively by machine.

As one of the first steps in computerized editing, the configuration of marks on the questionnaire was scanned electronically to determine whether it contained information for a person or housing unit or merely spurious marks. If any characteristic for a housing unit was still missing when the questionnaires reached the central processing offices, it was supplied by allocation. Allocation, or assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries, were

needed most often when an entry for a given item was lacking or when the information reported for a particular item was inconsistent with another item for the same housing unit. As in previous censuses, allocations or the assignment of acceptable entries were used to replace blanks or unacceptable entries. allocation procedure was based on using information reported for another housing unit with characteristics similar to those of the housing unit for which allocation was necessary. For example, if the unit was reported as rented but the amount of rent was missing, the computer automatically assigned the rent that was reported for the preceding renteroccupied unit. The assignment of acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries is designed to enhance the usefulness of the data.

Specific tolerances were established for the number of computer allocations that would be permitted. If the number of corrections was beyond tolerance, the questionnaires in which the errors occurred were clerically reviewed. If it was found that the errors resulted from damaged questionnaires, from improper microfilming, from faulty reading by FOSDIC of undamaged questionnaires, or from other types of machine failure, the questionnaires were reprocessed.

ALLOCATION TABLES

The extent of allocations for nonresponses and inconsistencies for individual subject items is given for SMSA's and places in the 1980 Census of Population PC80-1-B and PC80-1-C reports and in the 1980 Census of Housing HC80-1-A and HC80-1-B reports.

Table A. Unadjusted Standard Errors for Estimated Totals

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated	$\frac{2}{2}$ / Size of publication area													
Total <u>1</u> /	500	1 000	2 500	5 000	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000	1 000 000	5 000 000	10 000 000	25 000 000
50	16 20	16 21	16 22	16 22	16 22	16 22	16 22	16 22	16 22	16 22	16 22	16 22	16 22	16
250	25	30	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
500	-	35	45	45	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
1 000	-	-	55 	65 80	65 95	70 110	70 110	70 110	70 110	70 110	70 110	70 110	70 110	70 110
5 000	-	_	_	-	110	140	150	150	160	160	160	160	160	160
10 000	_	_	_	_		170	200	210	220	220	220	220	220	220
15 000	-	-	-	-	-	170	230	250	270	270	270	270	270	270
25 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	250	310	340	350	350	350	350	350
75 000	_	_	-	_	-	_	-	310	510	570	590	610	610	610
100 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	550	630	670	700	700	710
250 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	790	970	1 090	1 100	1 100
500 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	1 120	1 500	1 540	1 570
1 000 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 000	2 120	2 190
5 000 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 540	4 470
10 000 000					-	-	<u>-</u>				-			5 480

^{1/} For estimated totals larger than 10 000 000, the standard error is somewhat larger than the table values. The formula given below should be used to calculate the standard error.

Se
$$(\hat{Y}) = \sqrt{5\hat{Y}(1-\hat{Y})}$$

N = Size of area

 \hat{Y} = Estimate of characteristic total

Table B. Unadjusted Standard Error in Percentage Points for Estimated Percentages

[Based on a 1-In-6 simple random sample]

Estimated Percentage						Base	of percen	<u>1</u> / tage					
	500	750	1 000	1 500	2 500	5 000	7 500	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000
2 or 98	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
5 or 95	2.2	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
10 or 90	3.0	2.4	2.1	1.7	1.3	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1
15 or 85	3.6	2.9	2.5	2.1	1.6	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
20 or 80	4.0	3.3	2.8	2.3	1.8	1.3	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
25 or 75	4.3	3.5	3.1	2.5	1.9	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
30 or 70	4.6	3.7	3.2	2.6	2.0	1.4	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1
35 or 65	4.8	3.9	3.4	2.8	2.1	1.5	1.2	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2
50	5.0	4.1	3.5	2.9	2.2	1.6	1.3	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.2

^{1/} For a percentage and/or base of percentage not shown in the table, the formula given below may be used to calculate the standard error.

Se
$$(\hat{p}) = \sqrt{\frac{5}{B} \hat{p} (100 - \hat{p})}$$

B = Base of estimated percentage

 \hat{p} = Estimated percentage

²/ The total count of housing units in the area.

Table C. Standard Error Adjustment Factors

[Percent of persons or housing units In sample]

Characteristic	Less than 19 Percent	19 to 33 Percent	More than 33 Percent
Household type	1.1	1.0	0.5
Age and sex of householder	1.0	1.0	0.5
Occupancy status	1.1	1.0	0.5
Vacant price asked and vacant rent asked	1.1	1.0	0.5
Tenure	1. 1	0.9	0.5
Units in structure	1.1	1.0	0.5
Stories in structure	0.9	0.7	0.4
Passenger elevator	0.8	0.4	0.4
Persons in unit	1.1	0.9	0.5
Year structure built	1.0	0.9	0.5
housing unit	1.1	0.9	0.5
Heating equipment and fuel	1.2	1.0	0.5
Number of bedrooms	1.1	1.0	0.5
Rooms	1.1	1.0	0.5
Telephone in housing unit	1.1	0.9	0.5
Air conditioning	1.1	1.1	0.7
Vehicles available	1.1	0.9	0.5
Gross rent and contract rent	1.1	0.9	0.5
Gross rent as a percentage of household	1 • 1	0.9	0.0
income in 1979	1.1	0.9	0.5
Mortgage status and selected			
monthly owner costs	1.1	0.9	0.5
Household income	1.1	0.9	0.5
Poverty status: Housing	1.1	0.9	0.5
Existence of complete plumbing for exclusive use with 1.01 persons per			
room or more	1.1	1.0	0.5
Value	1.0	1.0	0.5

Table D. Percent of Housing Units in Sample: 1980

[For meoning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

The SMSA	Housing units		
Places of 50,000 or More and Central Cities of SMSA's	100-percent count		
The SMSA	62 191	16.0	
PLACES OF 50,000 OR MORE AND CENTRAL CITIES OF SMSA's			
Fort Collins city	25 382	15.8	

	*				
				•	
4		-9			
			- 40		

Appendix E.—Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 1 THROUGH 10

- 1. List in question 1 (on page 1), the names of all the people who usually live here. Then turn to pages 2 and 3 where there are columns to list up to seven persons. In the first column print the name of one of the household members in whose name this home is owned or rented. If no household member owns or rents the living quarters, list in the first column any adult household member who is not a roomer, boarder, or paid employee. Print the names of the other household members, if any, in the columns which follow, using question 1 as a checklist.
- Fill a circle to show how each person is related to the person in column 1.

A stepchild or legally adopted child of the person in column 1 should be marked Son/daughter. Foster children or wards living in the household should be marked Roomer, boarder.

- 3. Be sure to fill a circle for the sex of each person.
- 4. Fill the circle for the category with which the person most closely identifies. If you fill the Indian (American) or Other circle, be sure to print the name of the specific Indian tribe or specific group.
- 5. Enter age at last birthday in the space provided (enter "O" for babies less than one year old). Also enter month and year of birth, and fill the appropriate circles. For an illustration of how to complete question 5, see the example on pages 4 and 5. If age or month or year of birth is not known, give your best estimate.
- 6. If the person's only marriage was annulled, mark Never married.
- 7. A person is of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent if the person identifies his or her ancestry with one of the listed groups, that is, Mexican, Puerto Rican, etc. Origin or descent (ancestry) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born.
- 8. Do not count enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring unless the course would be accepted for credit at a regular elementary school, high school, or college. A *public* school is any school or college which is controlled and supported primarily by a local, county, State, or Federal Government.
- 9. Fill only one circle. Mark the highest grade ever attended even if the person did not finish it. If the person is still in school, mark the grade in which now enrolled. Schooling received in foreign or ungraded schools should be reported as the equivalent grade or year in the regular American school system. If uncertain whether a Head Start program is for nursery school or kindergarten, mark the circle for Nursery school.

If the person skipped or repeated grades, mark the highest grade ever attended regardless of how long it took to get there. Persons who did not attend any college but who completed high school by finishing the 12th grade or by passing an equivalency test, such as the

General Educational Development (GED) examination, should fill the circle for the 12th grade.

10. Mark Finished this grade (or year) only if the person finished the entire grade or year marked in question 9 or if the highest grade was completed by passing a high school equivalency test.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H4 THROUGH H12

- H4. Mark only one circle. This address means the house or building number where your living quarters are located.
- **H5.** Mark the second circle only if you *must* go through someone else's living quarters to get to your own.
- H6. Consider that you have hot water even if you have it only part of the time.

Mark Yes, but also used by another household if someone else who lives in the same building, but is not a member of your household, also uses the facilities. Mark this circle also if the occupants of living quarters now vacant would also use the facilities in your living quarters.

- H7. Count only whole rooms used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Do not count bathrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, or unfinished attics, unfinished basements, or other space used for storage.
- H8. Mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned outright or are mortgaged. Also mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned but the land is rented.

Mark Rented for cash rent if any money rent is paid. Rent may be paid by persons who are not members of your household.

Occupied without payment of cash rent includes, for example, a parsonage, military housing, a house or apartment provided free of rent by the owner, or a house or apartment occupied by a janitor or caretaker in exchange for services.

- H9. A condominium is housing in which the apartments or houses in a development are individually owned, but the common areas, such as lobbies, halls, etc., are jointly owned. The person owning a condominium very likely has a mortgage on the particular unit.
- H10b. A commercial establishment is easily recognized from the outside, for example, a grocery store or barber shop. A medical office is a doctor's or dentist's office regularly visited by patients.
- H11. Include the value of the house, the land it is on, and any other structures on the same property. If the house is owned but the land is rented, estimate the combined value of the house and the

land. If this is a condominium unit, enter the estimated value for your living quarters and your share of the common elements.

H12. Report the rent agreed to or contracted for, even if the rent is unpaid or paid by someone else.

If rent is not paid by the month, change the rent to a monthly amount; and then fill the appropriate circle in question H12.

:

If rent is paid:	Divide rent by:
4 times a year	3
2 times a year	6
Once a year	12

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H13 THROUGH H20

H13. Mark only one circle.

Detached means there is open space on all sides, or the house is joined only to a shed or garage. Attached means that the house is joined to another house or building by at least one wall which goes from ground to roof.

Mark A one-family house detached from any other house when a mobile home or trailer has had one or more rooms added or built onto it; a porch or shed is not considered a room.

Count all occupied and vacant living quarters in the house or building, but not stores or office space.

- H14a. Do not count unfinished basements or unfinished attics. However, a basement or attic with finished room(s) for living purposes should be counted as a story.
- H15a. A city or suburban lot is usually located in a city, a community, or any built-up area outside a city or community, and is not larger than the house and yard. All living quarters in apartment buildings, including garden-type apartments in the city or suburbs, are considered on a city or suburban lot.

A place is a farm, ranch, or any other property, other than a city or suburban lot, on which this residence is located.

H16. If a well provides water for six or more houses or apartments, mark A public system. If a well provides water for five or fewer houses or apartments, mark one of the categories for *individual well*.

Drilled wells, or small diameter wells, are usually less than 1½ feet in diameter. Dug wells are generally hand dug and are wider.

- H17. A public sewer is operated by a government body or a private organization. A septic tank or cesspool is an underground tank or pit used for disposal of sewage.
- H19. The term person in column 1 refers to the person listed in the first column on page 2. This person should be the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the house is owned or rented. If there is no such person, any adult household member can be the person in column 1. Mark when this person last moved into this house or apartment.
- **H20.** This question refers to the type of heating equipment and not to the fuel used.

An electric heat pump is sometimes known as a reverse cycle

system. It may be centrally installed with ducts to the rooms or individual heat pumps in the rooms.

A floor, well, or pipeless furnace delivers warm air to the room right above the furnace or to the room(s) on one or both sides of the wall in which the furnace is installed and does not have ducts leading to other rooms.

Any heater that you plug into an electric outlet should be counted as a portable room heater.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H21 THROUGH H32

- H21. Gas from underground pipes is piped in from a central system such as one operated by a public utility company or a municipal government. Bottled, tank, or LP gas is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. Other fuel includes any fuel not separately listed, for example, purchased steam, fuel briquettes, waste material, etc.
- H22. If your living quarters are rented, enter the costs for utilities and fuels only if you pay for them in addition to the rent entered in H12. If already included in rent, fill the appropriate circle.

The amounts to be reported should be for the past 12 months, that is, for electricity and gas, the monthly average for the past 12 months; for water and other fuels, the total amount for the past 12 months.

Estimate as closely as possible when exact costs are not known.

Report amounts even if your bills are unpaid or paid by someone else. If the bills include utilities or fuel used also by another apartment or a business establishment, estimate the amounts for your own living quarters. If gas and electricity are billed together, enter the combined amount on the electricity line and bracket ({ }) the two utilities.

- H23. The kitchen sink, stove, and refrigerator must be located in the building but do *not* have to be in the same room. Portable cooking equipment is not considered as a range or cook stove.
- **H26.** Answer Yes *only* if the telephone is located *in* your living quarters.
- **H27.** Count only equipment used to cool the air by means of a refrigeration unit.
- H28 H29. Count company cars (including police cars and taxicabs) and company trucks that are regularly kept at home and used by household members. Do not count cars or trucks permanently out of working order.
- H30 H32. Do not answer these questions if you live in a cooperative, regardless of the number of units in the structure.
- H30. Report taxes for all taxing jurisdictions even if they are included in mortgage payment, not paid yet, paid by someone else, or are delinquent.
- H31. When premiums are paid on other than a yearly basis, convert to a yearly basis and enter the yearly amount, even if no payment was made during the past 12 months.
- H32a. The word "mortgage" is used as a general term to indicate all types of loans which are secured by real estate.

- b. A second or junior mortgage is also secured by real estate but has been made by the homeowner in addition to the first mortgage.
- c. Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see instructions for H12 to change it to a monthly amount.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 11 THROUGH 14

11. For persons born in the United States:

Print the name of the State in which this person's mother was living when this person was born. For persons born in a hospital, do not give the State in which the hospital was located unless the hospital and the mother's home were in the same State or the location of the mother's home is not known. For example, if a person was born in a hospital in Washington, D.C., but the mother's home was in Virginia at the time of the person's birth, enter "Virginia."

For persons born outside the United States:

Print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., where the person was born. Use international boundaries as now recognized by the United States. Specify whether Northern Ireland or Ireland (Eire); East or West Germany; England, Scotland or Wales (not Great Britain or United Kingdom). Specify the particular island in the Caribbean, not, for example, West Indies.

12. This question is only for persons born in a foreign country. Fill the Yes, a naturalized citizen circle only if the person has completed the naturalization process and is now a citizen.

If the person has entered the U.S. more than once, fill the circle for the year he or she came to stay permanently.

13a. Mark No, only speaks English if the person always speaks English at home; then skip to question 14.

Mark Yes if the person speaks a language other than English at home. Do not mark Yes for a language spoken only at school or if speaking ability is limited to a few expressions or slang.

- b. Print the non-English language spoken at home. If this person speaks two or more non-English languages at home and cannot determine which is spoken most often, report the first language the person learned to speak.
- c. Fill the circle that best describes the person's ability to speak English.
 - (1) The circle Very well should be filled for persons who have no difficulty speaking English.
 - (2) The circle Well should be filled for persons who have only minor problems which do not seriously limit their ability to speak English.
 - (3) The circle Not well should be filled for persons who are seriously limited in their ability to speak English.
 - (4) The circle Not at all should be filled for persons who do not speak English at all.
- 14. Print the ancestry group with which the person identifies. Ancestry (or origin or descent) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or the country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. Persons who are of more than one origin and who cannot identify with a single group should print their multiple ancestry (for example, German-Irish).

Be specific; for example, if ancestry is "Indian," specify whether American Indian, Asian Indian, or West Indian. Distinguish Cape Verdean from Portuguese, and French Canadian from Canadian.

A religious group should not be reported as a person's ancestry.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 15 THROUGH 20

- 15a. Mark Yes, this house if this person lived in this same house or apartment on April 1, 1975, but moved away and came back between then and now. Mark No, different house if this person lived in the same building but in a different apartment (or in the same mobile home or trailer but on a different trailer site).
 - b. If this person lived in a different house or apartment on April 1, 1975, give the location of this person's usual home at that time.
 - Part (1) If the person was living in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the name of the State. If the person did not live in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.
 - Part (2) If in Louisiana, print the parish name. If in Alaska, print the borough name. If in New York City print the borough name if the county name is not known. If an independent city, leave blank.
 - Part (3) If in Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island or Vermont, print the name of the town rather than the name of the village or city, unless the name of the town is unknown.
 - Part (4) Mark Yes if you know that the location is *now* inside the limits of a city, town, village or other incorporated place, even if it was not inside the limits on April 1, 1975.
- 17a. Mark Yes only if this person was on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard. Mark No if the person was in the National Guard or the reserves.
 - b. Mark Yes if the person was attending a college or university either full or part time and was enrolled for credit toward a degree. Mark No if the person was taking only non-credit courses or was attending a vocational or trade school, such as secretarial school.
 - c. Mark Yes, full time if the person worked full time (35 hours or more per week). Mark Yes, part time if the person worked part time (less than 35 hours per week). Mark No if the person only did unpaid volunteer work, housework or yard work at own home, or if the only work done was as a resident of an institution.
- 18a. Mark Yes if this person was ever on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard, even if the time served was short. For persons in the National Guard or military reserve units, mark Yes only if the person was ever called to active duty; mark No if the only service was active duty for training.
 - b. If this person served during more than one period, fill all circles which apply, even if service was for a short time.
- 19. The term "health condition" refers to any physical or mental problem which has lasted for 6 or more months. A serious problem with seeing, hearing, or speech should be considered a health condition. Pregnancy or a temporary health problem such as a broken bone that is expected to heal normally should not be considered a health condition.
- Count all children born alive, including any who have died (even shortly after birth) or who no longer live with her.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 21 THROUGH 26

- 21. If the exact date of marriage is not known, give your best estimate.
- 22a. Mark Yes if the person worked, either full or part time, on any day of last week (Sunday through Saturday).

Count as work:

Work for someone else for wages, salary, piece rate, commission, tips, or payments "in kind" (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).

Work in own business, professional practice, or farm.

Any work in a family business or farm, paid or not.

 $\textbf{Any \cdot part-time work including babysitting, paper routes, etc. } \\$

Active duty in Armed Forces.

Do not count as work:

Housework or yard work at home.

Unpaid volunteer work.

Work done as a resident of an institution.

- b. Give the actual number of hours worked at all jobs last week, even if that was more or fewer hours than usually worked.
- 23. If the person worked at several locations, but reported to the same location each day to begin work, print where he or she reported. If the person did not report to the same location each day to begin work, print the words "various locations" for 23a, and give as much information as possible in the remainder of 23 to identify the area in which he or she worked most last week.

If the person's employer operates in more than one location (such as a grocery store chain or public school system), give the exact address of the location or branch where the person worked.

If the person worked in a foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., print the name of the country in 23e and leave the other parts of 23 blank.

- 24a. Travel time is from door to door. Include time taken waiting for public transportation, picking up passengers in carpools, etc.
 - b. Mark Worked at home for a person who works on a farm where he or she lives, or in an office or shop in the person's home.
 - c. If the person was driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a non-work destination, mark **Drive alone**.
 - d. Do not include riders who rode to school or some other non-work destination.
- 25. If the person works only during certain seasons or on a day-to-day basis when work is available, mark No.
- 26a. Mark Yes if the person tried to get a job or to start a business or professional practice at any time in the last four weeks; for example, registered at an employment office, went to a job interview, placed or answered ads, or did anything toward starting a business or professional practice.
 - b. Mark No, already has a job if the person was on layoff or was expecting to report to a job within 30 days.

Mark No, temporarily ill if the person expects to be able to work within 30 days.

Mark No, other reasons if the person could not have taken a job because he or she was going to school, taking care of children, etc.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 27 THROUGH 29

- 27. Look at the instructions for 22a to see what to count as work. Mark Never worked if the person: (1) never worked at any kind of job or business, either full or part time, (2) never did any work, with or without pay, in a family business or farm and (3) never served in the Armed Forces.
- 28a. If the person worked for a company, business, or government agency, print the name of the company, not the name of the person's supervisor. If the person worked for an individual or a business that has no company name, print the name of the individual worked for. If the person worked in his or her own business, print "self-employed."
 - b. Print two or more words to tell what the business, industry, or individual employer named in 28a does. If there is more than one activity, describe only the major activity at the place where the person works. Enter what is made, what is sold, or what service is given.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

<u>Unacceptable</u>	Acceptable
Furniture company	Metal furniture manufacturing
Grocery store	Wholesale grocery store
Oil company	Retail gas station
Ranch	Cattle ranch

c. Mark Manufacturing if the factory, plant, mill, etc., mostly makes things, even if it also sells them.

Mark Wholesale trade if the business mostly sells things to stores or other companies.

Mark Retail trade if the business mostly sells things (not services) to individuals.

Mark Other if the main activity of the employer is not making or selling things. Some examples of Other are farming, construction, and services such as those provided by hotels, dry cleaners, repair shops, schools, and banks.

29a. Print two or more words to describe the kind of work the person does. If the person is a trainee, apprentice, or helper, include that in the description.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable
Clerk	Production clerk
Helper	Carpenter's helper
Mechanic	Auto engine mechanic
Nurse	Registered nurse

b. Print the most important things that the person does on the job. Some examples are shown on the census form.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 30 THROUGH 33

30. If the person was an employee of a private nonprofit organization, such as a church, fill the first circle:

Mark Local government employee for a teacher working in an elementary or secondary public school.

- 31a. Look at the instructions for question 22a to see what to count as work.
 - b. Count every week in which the person did any work at all, even for an hour.
 - c. If the hours worked each week varied considerably, give the best estimate of the hours usually worked most weeks.
 - d. Count every week in which the person did not work at all, but spent any time looking for work or on layoff from a job. Looking for work means trying to get a job or start a business or professional practice; layoff includes either temporary or indefinite layoff.
- 32. Fill the Yes or No circle for each part and enter the appropriate amount. If income from any source was received jointly by household members, report if possible, the appropriate share for each person; otherwise, report the whole amount for only one person and mark No for the other person, unless the other person has additional income of the same type.
 - a. Include sick leave pay. Do not include reimbursement for business

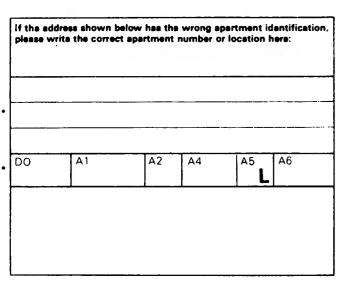
- expenses and pay "in kind," (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).
- b. Include net earnings (gross earnings minus business expenses) from a nonfarm business. If business lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- c. Include net earnings (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from a farm. If farm lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- d. Include interest and dividends credited to the person's account (for example, from savings accounts and stock shares), net royalties, and net income from rental property.
- Include Social Security or Railroad Retirement payments to retired persons, to dependents of deceased insured workers and to disabled workers.
- f. Include public assistance or welfare payments received from Federal, State, or local agencies. Do not include private welfare payments.
- g. Include all other regular payments, such as government employee retirement, union or private pensions and annuities; unemployment benefits; worker's compensation; Armed Forces allotments; private welfare payments; regular contributions from persons not living in the household; etc.

Do not include lump-sum payments received from the sale of property (capital gains), insurance policies, inheritances, etc.

33. If no income was received in 1979, fill the None circle. If total income was a loss, write "Loss" above the amount.

Please fill out this
official Census Form
and mail it back on
Census Day,
Tuesday, April 1, 1980

1980 Census of the United States



Your answers are confidential

By law (title 13, U.S. Code), census employees are subject to fine and/or imprisonment for any disclosure of your answers. Only after 72 years does your information become available to other government agencies or the public. The same law requires that you answer the questions to the best of your knowledge.

Para personas de habla hispana

(For Spanish-speaking persons): SI USTED DESEA UN CUESTIONARIO DEL CENSO EN ESPAÑOL llame a la oficina del censo. El número de teléfono se encuentra en el encasillado de la dirección.

O, si prefiere, marque esta casilla y devuelva el cuestionario por correo en el sobre que se le incluye.

A message from the Director, Bureau of the Census . . .

We must, from time to time, take stock of ourselves as a people if our Nation is to meet successfully the many national and local challenges we face. This is the purpose of the 1980 census.

The essential need for a population census was recognized almost 200 years ago when our Constitution was written. As provided by article I, the first census was conducted in 1790 and one has been taken every 10 years since then.

The law under which the census is taken protects the confidentiality of your answers. For the next 72 years — or until April 1, 2052 — only sworn census workers have access to the individual records, and no one else may see them.

Your answers, when combined with the answers from other people, will provide the statistical figures needed by public and private groups, schools, business and industry, and Federal, State, and local governments across the country. These figures will help all sectors of American society understand how our population and housing are changing. In this way, we can deal more effectively with today's problems and work toward a better future for all of us.

The census is a vitally important national activity. Please do your part by filling out this census form accurately and completely. If you mail it back promptly in the enclosed postage-paid envelope, it will save the expense and inconvenience of a census taker having to visit you.

Thank you for your cooperation.

U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of the Census Form D-2

Please continue -

How to fill out your Census Form

Page 1

See the filled-out example in the yellow instruction guide. This guide will help with any problems you may have.

If you need more hefp, call the Census Office. The telephone number of the local office is shown at the bottom of the address box on the front cover

Use a black pencil to answer the questions. Black pencil is better to use than ballpoint or other pens.

Fill circles "O" completely, like this.

When you write in an answer, print or write clearly

Make sure that answers are provided for everyone here

See page 4 of the guide if a roomer or someone else in the household does not want to give you all the information for the form.

Answer the questions on pages 1 through 5, and then starting with pages 6 and 7, fill a pair of pages for each person in the household.

Check your answers. Then write your name, the date, and telephone number on page 20

Mail back this form on Tuesday, April 1, or as soon afterward as you can Use the enclosed envelope; no stamp is needed

1. What is the name of each person who was living

Please start by answering Question 1 below

Question 1

List in Question 1

- Family members living here, including babies still in the hospital
- · Relatives living here
- · Lodgers or boarders living here
- Other persons living here
- College students who stay here while attending college, even if their parents live elsewhere
- Persons who usually live here but are temporarily away (including children in boarding school below the college level)
- Persons with a home elsewhere but who stay here most of the week while working

Do Not List in Question 1

- Any person away from here in the Armed Forces.
- Any college student who stays somewhere else while attending college.
- Any person who usually stays somewhere else most of the week while working there.
- Any person away from here in an institution such as a home for the aged or mental hospital.
- Any person staying or visiting here who has a usual home elsewhere.

	 	·	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 		
	 		

Note

If everyone here is staying only temporarily and has a usual home elsewhere, please mark this box .

Then please:

- answer the questions on pages 2 through 5 only, and
- enter the address of your usual home on page 20.

Please continue

E-7

e 2		PERSON in column 1	THE HOUSING QUESTIONS ON PAGE PERSON in column 2
Here are the	These are the columns for ANSWERS	Last name	Lest name
QUESTIONS ↓	Please fill one column for each person listed in Question 1.	First name Middle initial	First name Middle ini
2. How is this in column : Fill one circle If "Other relo	person related to the person 1? e. ative" of person in column 1, lationship, such as mother-in-law,	START in this column with the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the home is owned or rented. If there is no such person, start in this column with any adult household member.	If relative of person in column 1: Husband/wife Father/mother Son/daughter Other relative — Brother/sister If not related to person in column 1: Roomer, boarder Other nonrelative Partner, roommate Paid employee
3. Sex Fill one	e circle.	O Male Female	○ Male
4. Is this perso		 White Black or Negro Hawaiian Japanese Guamanian Chine'se Samoan Filipino Korean Aleut Vietnamese Indian (Amer.) Print tribe 	 White Black or Negro Hawaiian Japanese Guamanian Chinese Samoan Filipino Korean Vietnamese Indian (Amer.) Print tribe
5. Age, and m	onth and year of birth	a. Age at last c. Year of birth birthday 1	a. Age at last c. Year of birth birthday
a. Print age at	last birthday.		
b. Print month	and fill one circle.	b. Month of 9 0 1 0 1 0	b. Month of $\begin{vmatrix} 1 & \bullet & & \delta $
c. Print year in below each	n the spaces, and fill one circle number.	birth 2 0 2 0 3 0 3 0 4 0 4 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	birth 2 0 2 0 3 0 3 0 4 0 4 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
. Marital stat	us	○ Now married ○ Separated	○ Now married ○ Separated
Fill one circle	2.	Widowed	O Widowed O Never married O Divorced
7. Is this person origin or de		 No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic 	 No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic
attended re any time? kindergarten, e	uary 1, 1980, has this person egular school or college at Fill one circle. Count nursery school, lementary school, and schooling which school diploma or college degree.	 No, has not attended since February 1 Yes, public school, public college Yes, private, church-related Yes, private, not church-related 	 No, has not attended since February 1 Yes, public school, public college Yes, private, church-related Yes, private, not church-related
	highest grade (or year) of ool this person has ever	Highest grade attended: Nursery school Elementary through high school (grade or year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	Highest grade attended: Nursery school Elementary through high school (grade or year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12
person is in.	ling school, mark grade If high school was finished cy test (GED), mark "12."	College (academic year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more 0 0 0 0 0 0 Never attended school - Skip question 10	College (academic year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more O O O O O O Never attended school - Skip question 1
	erson finish the highest year) attended?	 Now attending this grade (or year) Finished this grade (or year) Did not finish this grade (or year) 	 Now attending this grade (or year) Finished this grade (or year) Did not finish this grade (or year)
		CENSUS A. OI ON OO	CENSUS A. OIONOO

Page 3

PERSON in column 7	If you listed more than 7 persons in Question 1, FOR YOUR	YER QUESTIONS H1—H12 Page 3 R HOUSEHOLD
First name Middle initial If relative of person in column 1: O Husband/wife O Father/mother O Son/daughter O Other relative	H1. Did you leave anyone out of Question 1 because you were not sure if the person should be listed — for example, a new baby still in the hospital, a lodger who also has another home, or a person who stays here once in a while and has no other home? O Yes — On page 20 give name(s) and reason left out.	H9. Is this apartment (house) part of a condominium? O No O Yes, a condominium H10. If this is a <u>ane-family house</u> —
O Brother/sister	O No	a. Is the house on a property of 10 or more acres? O Yes O No
If not related to person in column 1: O Roomer, boarder O Other O Partner, roommate O Paid employee	H2. Did you list anyone in Question 1 who is away from home now — for example, on a vacation or In a hospital? O Yes — On page 20 give name(s) and reason person is away. No	b. Is any part of the property used as a commercial establishment or medical office? O Yes O No
O Male Female	H3. Is anyone visiting here who is not already listed? O Yes — On page 20 give name of each visitor for whom there is no one	H11. If you live in a one-family house or a condominium unit which you own or are buying —
O White O Asian Indian O Black or Negro Hawaiian O Japanese O Guamanian O Chinese O Samoan O Filipino O Eskimo O Korean O Aleut O Vietnamese O Other — Specify Indian (Amer.) Print tribe →	at the home-address to report the person to a census taker. No No H4. How many living quarters, occupied and vacant, are at this address? One 2 apartments or living quarters 3 apartments or living quarters 4 apartments or living quarters	What is the value of this property, that is, how much do you think this property (house and lot or condominium unit) would sell for if it were for sale? Do not answer this question if this is — A mobile home or trailer A house on 10 or more acres A house with a commercial establishment or medical office on the property
a. Age at last birthday b. Month of birth birthday 1	 5 apartments or living quarters 6 apartments or living quarters 7 apartments or living quarters 8 apartments or living quarters 9 apartments or living quarters 10 or more apartments or living quarters This is a mobile home or trailer H5. Do you enter your living quarters — 	○ Less than \$10,000 ○ \$50,000 to \$54,999 ○ \$10,000 to \$14,999 ○ \$55,000 to \$59,999 ○ \$15,000 to \$17,499 ○ \$60,000 to \$64,999 ○ \$17,500 to \$19,999 ○ \$65,000 to \$69,999 ○ \$20,000 to \$22,499 ○ \$70,000 to \$74,999 ○ \$22,500 to \$24,999 ○ \$75,000 to \$79,999 ○ \$25,000 to \$27,499 ○ \$80,000 to \$89,999 ○ \$27,500 to \$29,999 ○ \$90,000 to \$99,999
5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 6 0	Directly from the outside or through a common or public hall? Through someone else's living quarters? H6. Do you have complete plumbing facilities in your living quarters, that is, hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower?	○ \$30,000 to \$34,999 ○ \$100,000 to \$124,999 ○ \$35,000 to \$39,999 ○ \$125,000 to \$149,999 ○ \$40,000 to \$44,999 ○ \$150,000 to \$199,999 ○ \$45,000 to \$49,999 ○ \$200,000 or more ■ ■12. If you pay rent for your living quarters —
O Now married O Separated O Widowed O Never married O Divorced	 Yes, for this household only Yes, but also used by another household No, have some but not all plumbing facilities No plumbing facilities in living quarters 	What is the monthly rent? If rent is not paid by the month, see the instruction guide on how to figure a monthly rent. C Less than \$50 \$160 to \$169
 No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban *Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic 	H7. How many rooms do you have in your living quarters? Do not count bathrooms, porches, balconles, foyers, halls, or half-rooms. 1 room 4 rooms 7 rooms 2 rooms 5 rooms 8 rooms	○ \$50 to \$59 ○ \$170 to \$179 ○ \$60 to \$69 ○ \$180 to \$189 ○ \$70 to \$79 ○ \$190 to \$199 ○ \$80 to \$89 ○ \$200 to \$224 ○ \$90 to \$99 ○ \$225 to \$249
 No, has not attended since February 1 Yes, public school, public college Yes, private, church-related Yes, private, not church-related 	3 rooms	○ \$100 to \$109
Highest grade attended: O Nursery school Cigrade or year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	A4. Block number	nits it for — D. Months vacant F. Total persons
College (academic year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Never attended school - Skip question 10	O O O O O O O I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	ont O 1 year up to 2 years 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3
O Now attending this grade (or year) O Finished this grade (or year) O Did not finish this grade (or year) CENSUS USE ONLY N O O	1	to or sold, not occupied for occasional use represent to boarded up? No No No No No No No No No N

e 4		ALSO ANSWER THESE	QUESTIO
113. Whici	h best describes this building?	H21a. Which fuel is used most for house heating?	CENSUS
Includ	de all apartments, flats, etc., even if vacant.	O Gas: from underground pipes	USE
0 4	A mobile home or trailer	serving the neighborhood Coal or coke Wood	H22a.
O A	A one-family house detached from any other house	O Gas: bottled, tank, or LP O Wood O Other fuel	000
0 4	A one-family house attached to one or more houses	O Electricity O No find used	I I
0 A	A building for 2 families	O Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	8 8 8
O A	A building for 3 or 4 families	h Which find in used most for water heating?	- 3,3 :
0 4	A building for 5 to 9 families	b. Which fuel is used most for water heating?	9- 9- 4
	A building for 10 to 19 families	Gas: from underground pipes Coal or coke	5 5 5
	A building for 20 to 49 families	serving the heighborhood Wood	6 6 6
O A	A building for 50 or more families	O Gas: bottled, tank, or LP O Other fuel	7 7 1
O A	A boat, tent, van, etc.	O Electricity O Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. O No fuel used	888
			9 9 9
14a How	many stories (floors) are in this building?	c. Which fuel is used most for cooking?	H22b.
	nt an attic or basement as a story if it has any finished rooms for living purposes.	O Gas: from underground pipes O Coal or coke	000
	1 to 3 — Skip to H15 0 7 to 12	serving the neighborhood Wood	I I
	to 6 0 13 or more stories	Gas: bottled, tank, or LP	5 5 5
-	To a more stories	O Electricity O No fuel used	3 3 3
h le th	nere a passenger elevator in this building?	O Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	4 4 4
0. 15 th		H22. What are the costs of utilities and fuels for your living quarters?	5 5 5 6 6 6
J 1	C 110	a. Electricity	2 2 3
150 1-44	his building —	\$.00 OR O Included in rent or no charge	8 8 8
=	_	Average monthly cost © Electricity not used	9 9 9
	On a city or suburban lot, or on a place of less than 1 acre? — Skip to HI6	b. Gas	-
	On a place of 1 to 9 acres?	\$.00 OR O Included in rent or no charge	H22c.
0 0	On a place of 10 or more acres?	Average monthly cost O Gas not used	000
<u> </u>	t uses 1070 did sales of some threatests and other forms and desired		- I I :
	f year, 1979, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products	c. Water S OO OR O Included in rent or no charge	5 5 5
	n this place amount to —	, NO 00.	3 3 3
	ess than \$50 (or None)	Yearly cost	4 4 4
0 \$	550 to \$249 Section 500 to \$999 Section 550 or more	d. Oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.	5 5 5
		\$.00 OR ○ Included in rent or no charge	6 6 6
16. Do yo	ou get water from —	Yearly cost O These fuels not used	8 8 8
O . W	A public system (city water department, etc.) or private company?		888
O A	An individual drilled well?	H23. Do you have complete kitchen facilities? Complete kitchen facilities	
O A	An individual dug well?	are a sink with piped water, a range or cookstove, and a refrigerator.	H22d.
o s	Some other source (a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.)?	O Yes O No	0000
17. Is thi	is building connected to a public sewer?	H24. How many bedrooms do you have?	IIII:
=	es, connected to public sewer	Count rooms used mainly for sleeping even if used also for other purposes.	SSSS
	No, connected to septic tank or cesspool	O No bedroom O 2 bedrooms O 4 bedrooms	3 3 3 3
	No, use other means	○` 1 bedroom ○ 3 bedrooms ○ 5 or more bedrooms	444.4
	A. A Attack to the state of the s		5555
	it when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was	H25. How many bathrooms do you have?	7 7 7 7
	constructed, not when It was remodeled, added to, or converted.	A complete bathroom is a room with flush toilet, bathtub or shower, and	8888
	979 or 1980 0 1960 to 1969 0 1940 to 1949	wash basin with piped water.	9999
	975 to 1978	A <u>half</u> bathroom has at least a flush tollet <u>or</u> bathtub or shower, but does not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom.	
0 19	970 to 1974		
19. Wher		No bathroom, or only a half bathroom	1
	n did the person listed in column 1 move into	1 complete hetheren	
	n did the person listed in column 1 move into house (or apartment)?	O 1 complete bathroom	0000
this h	nouse (or apartment)?	1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s)	III
this h	nouse (or apartment)? 979 or 1980	l ·	SSSS
this h1919	nouse (or apartment)? 979 or 1980	1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s)	3333
this h191919	nouse (or apartment)? 979 or 1980	1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms	1 I I I 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4
this h	nouse (or apartment)? 979 or 1980	O 1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) O 2 or more complete bathrooms H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters? O Yes O No	1 I I 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
this h	nouse (or apartment)? 979 or 1980	1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters? Yes	1 I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
this h 19 19 19 19 19 20. How	nouse (or apartment)? 979 or 1980	1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters? Yes	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
this h 19 19 19 19 19 20. How Fill on	nouse (or apartment)? 979 or 1980	1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters? Yes	1 I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
this h 19 19 19 19 19 20. How Fill on	nouse (or apartment)? 979 or 1980	O 1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) O 2 or more complete bathrooms H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters? O Yes O No H27. Do you have air conditioning? O Yes, a central air-conditioning system O Yes, 1 individual room unit O Yes, 2 or more individual room units	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 8
this h 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 20 How Fill on S C	nouse (or apartment)? 979 or 1980	1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters? Yes	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 8
this h	nouse (or apartment)? 979 or 1980	O 1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) O 2 or more complete bathrooms H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters? O Yes O No H27. Do you have air conditioning? O Yes, a central air-conditioning system O Yes, 1 individual room unit O Yes, 2 or more individual room units O No	IIII 2223 3333 4446 5555 6666 7773 8888 999
this h	nouse (or apartment)? 979 or 1980	1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters? Yes	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
this h	nouse (or apartment)? 979 or 1980	O 1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) O 2 or more complete bathrooms H26. Do you have a felephone in your living quarters? O Yes O No H27. Do you have air conditioning? O Yes, a central air-conditioning system O Yes, 1 individual room unit O Yes, 2 or more individual room units O No H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for usa by members of your household?	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
this h	nouse (or apartment)? 979 or 1980	O 1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) O 2 or more complete bathrooms H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters? O Yes O No H27. Do you have air conditioning? O Yes, a central air-conditioning system O Yes, 1 individual room unit O Yes, 2 or more individual room units No H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for usa by members of your household? O None O 2 automobiles	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7
this h	nouse (or apartment)? 979 or 1980	O 1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) O 2 or more complete bathrooms H26. Do you have a felephone in your living quarters? O Yes O No H27. Do you have air conditioning? O Yes, a central air-conditioning system O Yes, 1 individual room unit O Yes, 2 or more individual room units O No H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for usa by members of your household?	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
this h	nouse (or apartment)? 979 or 1980	1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms H26. Do you have a felephone in your living quarters? Yes	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
this h	nouse (or apartment)? 979 or 1980	O 1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) O 2 or more complete bathrooms H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters? O Yes O No H27. Do you have air conditioning? O Yes, a central air-conditioning system O Yes, 1 individual room unit O Yes, 2 or more individual room units O No H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for usa by members of your household? O None O 2 automobiles O 1 automobile O 3 or more automobiles H29. How many vans or trucks of one-ton capacity or less are kept at	1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7
this h	nouse (or apartment)? 979 or 1980	1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms H26. Do you have a felephone in your living quarters? Yes	1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6

YOUR HOUSEHOLD			i						
Please answer H30—H32 If you live in a one-family house which you own or are buying, unless this is — • A mobile home or trailer) page 6.						
or medical office on the property) What were the real estate taxes on this property last year?			our total re						
\$00 OR O None	second		ments on a co mortgages on	this pro	perty.				
hat is the annual premium for fire and hazard insurance on this property?	\$			00 OR		No regular p			pagi
\$.00 OR O None	payme	ents for r	ilar monthly eal estate t	axes on	this pr		ed in H	32c) incl	lude
to you have a mortgage, deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar lebt on this property?	7		included in paid separa	•		required			
O Yes, mortgage, deed of trust, or similar debt			ilar monthly					32c) inc	lude
 ○ Yes, contract to purchase ○ No — Skip to page 6 	0	res, insur	ance include	ed in pa	yment				
To you have a second or junior mortgage on this property?	- 0 1	no, insura	ance paid se	parately	or no in	surance			
○ Yes ○ No					ı	Please tu	ırn to p	page 6	
		<i></i>		777		11111	777	777	777
FOR CENSI	S.S. Yes O No O S.S. Yes O	2. Ø I 233456789 2. Ø I 12334566789	4. 000 111 222 333 444 555 667 777 888 999 4. 000 111 222 333 444 555 667 777 888 999	S.S. Yes	Ø 1 1 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 9	4. 0 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 9 0 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 9 0 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 9 0 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 9 9 0 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	S.S. Yes No S.S. Yes	2. 2. 2. 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2. 3 4 5 6	4. 0123456739 4. 01234567
FOR CENSI	S.S. Yes O No O S.S. Yes O No O O	Ø I 234 56?89 2. ■ Ø I 234 56?89	000 111 223 333 44 555 677 889 011 223 44 001 233 455 677 889 999 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	S.S. Yes O S.S. Yes O No O S No O	Ø I 23 4 56 7 8 9 2. ■ Ø I 23 4 56 7 8 9	0123456789 0123456789 0123456789 0123456789	S.S. Yes No S.S. Yes No No O	∅ 1 8 3 4 5 6 ? 8 9 2. ∅ 1 8 3 4 5 6 ? 8 9	0123456789 0123456789 0123456789
FOR CENSI	(1) S.S. Yes O No O S.S. Yes O O 7	Ø I 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	000 111 222 333 444 555 667 888 999 4. 000 112 233 446 299 001 122 333 446 777 888	S.S. Yes O S.S. Yes O GQ.	Ø I E 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	0123456789 0123456789 0123456789 0123456789	S.S. Yes No S.S. Yes No No No No No No No No No N	Ø I I 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	0123456789 0123456789 0123456789
FOR CENSI	(1) S.S. Yes O No O S.S. Yes O S.S. Yes	Ø I I 8 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	000 111 223 333 444 555 677 8899 4. 001 1223 445 566 778 8999 4. 001 1223 445 566 778 8999	S.S. Yes O No O GQ. GQ. GQ. 3	Ø I 8 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	S.S. Yes No S.S. Yes No I I I 2 2 3 3	Ø I 2 3 4 5 6 ? 8 9 2. Ø I 2 3 4 5 6 ? 8 9 I 2 3 4 5 6 ? 8 9 I 2 3 4 5 6 ? 8 9 I 2 3 4 5 6 ? 8 9 I 2 3 4 5 6 ? 8 9 I 2 3 4 5 6 ? 8 9 I 2 3 3 4	Ø 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 4. Ø 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 c. Ø 1 2 3 3
FOR CENSI	(1) S.S. Yes O No O S.S. Yes O S.S. Yes O S.S.	Ø I I 8 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	000 111 223 333 444 555 677 8899 4. 001 1223 445 5667 8899 4. 001 1223 445 6677 8899	S.S. Yes O No O S.S. Yes O Ro O GQ. GQ.	Ø I 8 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	01123456789 01123456789 01123456789 0123456789	S.S. Yes No S.S. Yes No No 1 1 2 2	∅ 1 2 3 4 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 ? 8 9 2. ∅ 1 2 3 4 5 6 ? 8 9 H32 ∅ 1 2 3 4 5 6 6 ? 8 9 H32 ∅ 1 2 3 4 5 6 6 ? 8 9 H 32	0123456789 0123456789 4. 0123456789

ANSWER THESE QUESTIONS FO

Name of Person 1 on page 2:	16. When was this person born? O Born before April 1965 — Please go on with questions 17-33	22a. Did this person work at any time last week? O Yes — Fill this circle if this O No — Fill this circle person worked full if this person
Last name First name Middle initial 11. In what State or foreign country was this person born?	Born April 1965 or later — Turn to next page for next person	time or part time. did not work, (Count part-time work or did only own
Print the State where this person's mother was living when this person was born. Do not give the location of the hospital unless the mother's home and the hospital were in the same State.	17. In April 1975 (five years ago) was this person — a. On active duty in the Armed Forces? O Yes No No No Yes No	such as delivering papers, ar helping without pay in a family business or farm. Also count active duty in the Armed Forces.) Skip to 25
Name of State or foreign country; or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.	c. Working at a job or business?	b. How many hours did this person work last week
12. If this person was born in a foreign country — a. Is this person a naturalized citizen of the United States?	O Yes, full time O No O Yes, part time	(at all jobs)? Subtract any time off; add overtime or extra hours worked.
 Yes, a naturalized citizen No, not a citizen Born abroad of American parents 	18a. Is this person a veteran of active-duty military service in the Armed Forces of the United States? If service was in National Guard or Reserves only, see instruction guide.	Hours 23. At what location did this person work last week? If this person worked at more than one location, print 8
b. When did this person come to the United States to stay?	O Yes O No — Skip to 19 b. Was active-duty military service during —	where he or she worked most last week. ? If one location cannot be specified, see instruction guide. 5
O 1975 to 1980 O 1965 to 1969 O 1950 to 1959 O 1970 to 1974 O 1960 to 1964 O Before 1950	Fill a circle for each period in which this person served. May 1975 or later Vietnam era (August 1964-April 1975)	a. Address (Number and street)
13a. Does this person speak a language other than English at home?	 February 1955—July 1964 Korean conflict (June 1950—January 1955) World War II (September 1940—July 1947) 	If street address is not known, enter the building name, shopping center, or other physical location description.
O Yes O No, only speaks English — Sklp to 14	 World War I (April 1917—November 1918) Any other time 	b. Name of city, town, village, borough, etc.
b. What is this language? (For example — Chinese, Italian, Spanish, etc.)	19. Does this person have a physical, mental, or other health condition which has lasted for 6 or more months and which Yes No	c. Is the place of work inside the incorporated (legal) limits of that city, town, village, borough, etc.?
c. How well does this person speak English?	a. Limits the kind or amount of work this person can do at a job?	O Yes O No, in unincorporated area
O Very well O Not well O Well O Not at all	b. Prevents this person from working at a job? c. Limits or prevents this person from using public transportation?	d. County
14. What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about how to report ancestry, see instruction guide.	20. If this person is a female — None 1 2 3 4 5 6 How many babies has she ever	e. State f. ZIP Code 1 24a. Last week, how long did it usually take this person to get from home to work (one way)?
(For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran, Hungarian, Irish, Italian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican, Nigerian, Polish, Ukrainian, Venezuelan, etc.)	or children she has adopted. 21. If this person has ever been married — a. Has this person been married more than once?	Minutes b. How did this person usually get to work last week?
15a. Did this person live in this house five years ago (April 1, 1975)?	Once O More than once	If this person used more than one method, give the one usually used for most of the distance.
If in college or Armed Farces in April 1975, report place of residence there.	b. Month and year Month and year of marriage? of first marriage?	○ Car ○ Taxicab ○ Truck ○ Motorcycle
O Born April 1975 or later – Turn to next page for next person	70	O Van O Bicycle O Bus or streetcar O Walked only
 Yes, this house - Skip to 16 No, different house 	(Month) (Year) (Month) (Year) c. If married more than once — Did the first marriage	O Railroad O Worked at home O Subway or elevated O Other — Specify — 2
b. Where did this person live five years ago (April 1, 1975)?	end because of the death of the husband (or wife)? O Yes O No	If car, truck, or van in 24b, go to 24c. Otherwise, skip to 28.
(1) State, foreign country,		S USE ONLY
Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.:	Per. 11. 13b. 14. No. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	15b. 23.
(2) County:(3) City, town,	2 2 <th>2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2</th>	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
village, etc.: (4) Inside the incorporated (legal) limits of that city, town, village, etc.?	5 5 <th>555 555 555 555 55 666 666 666 666 66 777 777 777 777 77 888 888 888 888 888 888 888</th>	555 555 555 555 55 666 666 666 666 66 777 777 777 777 77 888 888 888 888 888 888 888
O Yes O No, in unincorporated area	999 999 999 999	999 999 999 999 99

c. When going to work last week, did this person usually —	CENSUS	31a. Last year (1979), did this person work, even for a few	7 05110::-	LIOF ON
O Drive alone — Skip to 28 O Drive others only	USE	days, at a paid job or in a business or farm?	CENSUS	USE ONL
O Share driving O Ride as passenger only	21b.	O Yes O No — Ship to 31d	31b. 31e	c. 31d.
	,00	○ Yes ○ No — Ship to 31d	00 0	0 0
d. How many people, including this person, usually rode	0 1 1		- I 1 I	1 1 1
te work in the car, truck, or van <u>last week?</u>	_ 5.8	b. How many weeks did this person work in 1979?		S S S
0 2 💼 0 4 0 6	1133	Count paid vacotion, paid sick leave, and military service.		3 3 3
0 3 0 5 0 7 or more	099	Weeks	1 1 1	4 44
After answering 24d, skip to 28.	III 5 5			5 5 5
5. Was this person temporarily absent or on layoff from a job	066	c. During the weeks worked in 1979, how many hours did	1 1	6 6
or business <u>last week?</u>	1V 8 8	this person usually work each week?		? ?
O Yes, on layoff	1	Hours	1 1	8 8
O Yes, on vacation, temporary illness, labor dispute, etc.	099		1 7 1 9	9 9
O No	22b.	d. Of the weeks not worked in 1979 (if any), how many week	s 32a.	32b.
	00	was this person looking for work or on layoff from a job?	0000	
a. Has this person been looking for work during the last 4 weeks?	1 1		1111	1
_ ○ Yes ○ No — Skip to 27	S S	Weeks	1 2 2 2 2	
	3 3	20 1	3333	
b. Could this person have taken a job last week?	9 9	32. Income in 1979 —	9-9-9-9-	
O No, already has a job	5.5	Fill circles and print dollar amounts.	5555	1
No, temporarily ill	66	If net income was a loss, write "Loss" above the dollar amount. If exact amount is not known, give best estimate. For income	6666	r
O No, other reasons (in school, etc.)	7 7	received jointly by household members, see instruction guide,	7 7 7 7	
O Yes, could have taken a job	88		J 8 8 8 8	
7 When did this marron last work area for a few days?	99	During 1979 did this person receive any income from the	9299	
7. When did this person last work, even for a few days?		following sources?	AO	1 -
0 1980 0 1978 0 1970 to 1974 Skip to	28.	If "Yes" to ony of the sources below - How much did this		32d.
\circ 1979 \circ 1975 to 1977 \circ 1969 or earlier $\}$ 31d	ABC	person receive for the entire year?	32c.	1
O Never worked	200	a. Wages, salary, commissions, bonuses, or tips from	0000	1
3-30. Current or most recent job activity	1 2 5 5	all jobs Report amount before deductions for taxes, bonds	IIIII	1
Describe clearly this person's chief job activity or business last week.	DEF	dues, or other items.		1
If this person had more than one job, describe the one at which	000	O Mari	3333	r
this person worked the most hours.	GHJ	○ Yes → \$.00	9999	
If this person had no job or business last week, give information for	000	O No (Annual amount - Dollars)	5 5 5 5	
last job or business since 1975.	KLM	b. Own nonfarm business, partnership, or professional	4 6 6 6 6	
3. Industry		practice Report net Income after business expenses.	7777	
a. For whom did this person work? If now on active duty in the	000	O Van a	9999	
Armed Forces, print "AF" and skip to question 31.		○ Yes → \$.00 ○ No		i
Attitude to Good, printe 111 and sing to 420000.	000	(Annual amount – Dollars)	0 A 0	
	588	c. Own farm	32e.	321.
(Name of company, business, organization, or other employer)	3 3	Report net income after operating expenses. Include earnings as	0000	000
b. What kind of business or industry was this?	9-4	a tenant former or sharecropper.	111	ì
Describe the activity at location where employed.	3 3	○ Yes → •	888	
	66	O No.	333	:
	7 7	(Annual amount – Dollars)	9.90	
(For example: Hospital, newspaper publishing, mail order house,	មិន	d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or net rental income	555	- 1
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing) c. Is this mainly — (Fill one circle)	9 4)	Report even small amounts credited to an account.	666	6.6
	l	○ Yes → s .00	222	7 7
 ⇔ Manufacturing	AF O	O No (Annual amount – Dollars)	- ୧୫୫	: ৪৪
Wholesale trade Other — (ogriculture, construction, service, government, etc.)	NW O		999) 9 9
9. Occupation		e. Social Security ov Railroad Retirement		- 122
a. What kind of work was this person doing?	29.	○ Yes → \$00	32g.	33.
and the second s	NPQ	No (Annual amount – Dollars)	0000	1
, ,	000	****	1 1 1 1	
(For example: Registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of order department, gasoline engine assembler, grinder operator)	RST	f. Supplemental Security (SSI), Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC), or other public assistance	5 5 5 5	
	000	or public welfare payments	3 3 3 3	1
b. What were this person's most important activities or duties?			4444	
	UVW	○ Yes → \$	5555	
(For example: Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising	000	O No (Annual amount – Dollars)	7777	
	XYZ	g. Unemployment compensation, veterans' payments,	8888	
order cierks, assembling engines, operating grinding mill)	000	pensions, alimony or child support, or any other sources		
		of income received regularly		
			■	
). Was this person — (Fill one circle)	00	Exclude lump-sum payments such as money from an inheritance	1111	
D. Was this person — (Fill one circle) Employee of private company, business, or individual, for wages, salary, or commissions	1 1	Exclude lump-sum payments such as money from an inheritance or the sale of a home.		
D. Was this person — (Fill one circle) Employee of private company, business, or individual, for wages, salary, or commissions	5 S I I	or the sale of a home.		1
Employee of private company, business, or individual, for wages, salary, or commissions Federal government employee State government employee O	3 3 3	or the sale of a home. O Yes - \$.00	8 8 8	8 2 8 8
D. Was this person — (Fill one circle) Employee of private company, business, or individual, for wages, salary, or commissions	1 I 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4	or the sale of a home.	3 3 3 S S S	8 2 8 8
Was this person — (Fill one circle) Employee of private company, business, or individual, for wages, salary, or commissions Federal government employee	1 I 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5	or the sale of a home. O Yes - \$.00	2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
Employee of private company, business, or individual, for wages, salary, or commissions Federal government employee O State government employee O Local government employee (city, county, etc.)	1 I 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6	or the sale of a home. O Yes Solution (Annual amount – Dollars) 33. What was this person's total income in 1979? Add entries in questions 32a	2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 5	2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
Employee of private company, business, or individual, for wages, salary, or commissions Federal government employee State government employee Local government employee (city, county, etc.) Self-employed in own business, professional practice, or farm — Own business not incorporated Own business not incorporated	1 I 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7	or the sale of a home. O Yes No (Annual amount – Dollars) 33. What was this person's total income in 1979?	2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 6 6 6 6 6	2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
Employee of private company, business, or individual, for wages, salary, or commissions Federal government employee State government employee Local government employee (city, county, etc.) Self-employed in own business, professional practice, or farm —	1 1 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8	or the sale of a home. Yes \$.00 No (Annual amount - Dollars) 33. What was this person's total income in 1979? Add entries in questions 32a through g; subtract any losses. \$.00 (Annual amount - Dollars)	2 2 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 7	2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
Employee of private company, business, or individual, for wages, salary, or commissions	1 I 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7	or the sale of a home. Or Yes Solution No (Annual amount – Dollars) 33. What was this person's total income in 1979? Add entries in questions 320 through g; subtract any losses. \$.00	2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 7 2 8 8 8 8	2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5

Appendix F.—Publication and Computer Tape Program

GENERAL F-1	PUBLICATIONS—Con.
PUBLICATIONSF-1	HC80-5, Volume 5, Residen-
	tial Finance F-4
Population and Housing Census Reports F-1	HC80-S1-1, Supplementary
PHC80-1, Block Statistics F—1	Reports F-4
PHC80-2, Census Tracts F—2	Evaluation and Reference
PHC80-3, Summary Charac-	Reports F-4
teristics for Governmental	
Units and Standard Metro-	PHC80-E, Evaluation and Research Reports
politan Statistical Areas F-2	
PHC80-4, Congressional	PHC80-R, Reference Reports. F-4
Districts of the 98th	PHC80-R1, Users' Guide. F-4
Congress F-2	PHC80-R2, History F—4
PHC80-S1-1, Provisional	PHC80-R3, Alphabetical
Estimates of Social, Eco-	Index of Industries and Occupations F-4
nomic, and Housing	
Characteristics F-2	PHC80-R4, Classified
PHC80-S2, Advance Esti-	Index of Industries and Occupations
mates of Social, Economic,	Occupations F-4 PHC80-R5, Geographic
and Housing Characteristics . F-2	Identification Code
Population Census Reports F-2	Scheme F-4
PC80-1, Volume 1, Charac-	
teristics of the Population F-2	COMPUTER TAPES F-4
PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Num-	Summary Tape Files F-4
ber of Inhabitants F-2	STF 1 F-4
PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General	STF 2
Population Characteristics F-2	STF 3
PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General	STF 4
Social and Economic	STF 5
Characteristics F—3	Other Computer Tape Files F-5
PC80-1-D, Chapter D,	P.L. 94-171, Population
Detailed Population	Counts F-5
*Characteristics F-3	Master Area Reference Files
PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject	1 and 2 (MARF) F–5
Reports F-3	Geographic Base File/Dual Independent Map Encoding
PC80-S1, Supplementary	(GBF/DIME)F-5
Reports F-3	Public-Use Microdata
Housing Census Reports F-3	Samples F-5
HC80-1, Volume 1, Charac-	Census/EEO Special File F-5
teristics of Housing Units F-3	MAPS
HC80-1-A, Chapter A,	
General Housing Characteristics F-3	MICROFICHE F-5
0.10/00101/01/01	STF 1 Microfiche F-5
HC80-1-B, Chapter B,	STF 3 Microfiche F-5
Detailed Housing Characteristics F-3	P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche. F-5
Characteristics F-3 HC80-2, Volume 2, Metro-	
politan Housing	
Characteristics F—3	GENERAL
HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject	
Reports F-3	The results of the 1980 Census of Popu-
HC80-4, Volume 4, Compo-	lation and Housing are issued in three
nents of Inventory Change F-3	forms: printed reports, computer tape

files, and microfiche. Most of the reports listed are issued on a flow basis through 1983. A few may be issued later, such as Subject Reports and Evaluation and Reference Reports.

The publications of the 1980 census are released under three subject titles: 1980 Census of Population and Housing, 1980 Census of Population, and 1980 Census of Housing. The description of the publication program below is organized in sections, by census title, followed by the reports under each title. It should be noted that a number of population census reports contain some housing data and a number of housing census reports contain some population data. Following the description of the publication program are sections on computer tapes, maps, and microfiche.

The data product descriptions include listings of geographic areas for which data are summarized in that product. Note that the term "place" refers to incorporated places and census designated (or unincorporated) places, as well as towns and townships in 11 States (the 6 New England States, the 3 Middle Atlantic States, Michigan, and Wisconsin).

Order forms for these materials are available, subject to availability of the data product, from Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233; Census Bureau Regional Offices; U.S. Department of Commerce District Offices: and State Data Centers. After issuance, census reports are on file in many libraries and are available for examination at any Department of Commerce District Office or Census Bureau Regional Office.

PUBLICATIONS

Population and Housing **Census Reports**

PHC80-1, Block Statistics—These reports, which are issued on microfiche rather than in print form, present population and housing unit totals and statistics on selected characteristics which are based on complete-count tabulations. Data are shown for blocks in urbanized areas and selected adjacent areas, for blocks in places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and for blocks in areas which contracted with the Census Bureau to provide block statistics.

The set of reports consists of 374 sets of microfiche and includes a report for each standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA), showing blocked areas within the SMSA, and a report for each State and for Puerto Rico, showing blocked areas outside SMSA's. In addition to microfiche, printed detailed maps showing the blocks covered by the particular report are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set.

PHC80-2, Census Tracts—Statistics for most of the population and housing subjects included in the 1980 census are presented for census tracts in SMSA's and in other tracted areas. Both complete-count data and sample data are included. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of persons in the relevant population group.

There is one report for each SMSA, as well as one for each of the States and Puerto Rico which have tracted areas outside SMSA's. In addition, maps showing the boundaries and identification numbers of census tracts in the SMSA are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set and also provides a historical listing of the total number of tracts by area.

PHC80-3, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas-Statistics are presented on total population and on complete-count and sample population characteristics such as age, race, education, disability, ability to speak English, labor force, and income, and on total housing units and housing characteristics such as value, age of structure, and rent. These statistics are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, SMSA's, counties, county subdivisions (those which are functioning generalpurpose local governments), and incorporated places.

There is one report for each State, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico.

This series does not include a U.S. Summary.

PHC80-4, Congressional Districts of the 98th Congress—These reports present complete-count and sample data for congressional districts of the 98th Congress. The reports reflect redistricting based on the 1982 elections. One report is issued for each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

PHC80-S1-1, Provisional Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—This report presents provisional estimates based on sample data collected in the 1980 census. Data on social, economic, and housing characteristics are shown for the United States as a whole, each State, the District of Columbia, and SMSA's of 1 million or more inhabitants.

These data are based on a special subsample of the full census sample. The sample, which represents about 1.6 percent of the total population, was developed to provide users with initial data on characteristics of the population and housing units for the Nation and large areas.

PHC80-S2, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—These reports present advance sample data from the 1980 census including such social and economic characteristics of the population as education, migration, labor force, and income as well as housing characteristics such as structural information, mortgage, and gross rent.

The set consists of 50 paperbound reports and includes one report for each State and the District of Columbia. No report will be issued for the United States as a whole.

Each report presents population and housing characteristics for the State, its counties or comparable areas, and places of 25,000 or more inhabitants. Selected data are shown for four race groups (White; Black; combined American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut; and Asian and Pacific Islander) as well as for persons of Spanish origin.

Population Census Reports

PC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of the Population—This volume presents final

population counts and statistics on population characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of four chapters for each area, chapters A, B, C, and D. Chapters A and B present data collected on a complete-count basis. and chapters C and D present estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The population totals presented in chapters A and B may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Chapters B, C, and D present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A, B, C, and D.

PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Number of Inhabitants—Final population counts are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places and census designated places, standard consolidated statistical areas (SCSA's), SMSA's, and urbanized areas. Selected tables contain population counts by urban and rural residence. Many tables contain population counts from previous censuses.

PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General Population Characteristics—Statistics on household relationship, age, race, Spanish origin, sex, and marital status are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by total and rural residence), county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's,

SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General Social and Economic Characteristics—Statistics are presented on nativity, State or country of birth, citizenship and year of immigration for the foreign-born population, language spoken at home and ability to speak English, ancestry, fertility, family composition, type of group quarters, marital history, residence in 1975, journey to work, school enrollment, years of school completed, disability, veterar. status, labor force status, occupation, industry, class of worker, labor force status in 1979, income in 1979, and poverty status in 1979. In addition, data on subjects shown in the PC80-1-B reports are presented in this report in more detail.

Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by rural and rural-farm residence), places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-D, Chapter D, Detailed Population Characteristics—Statistics on most of the subjects covered in the PC80-1-C reports are presented in this report in considerably greater detail and cross-classified by age, race, Spanish origin, and other characteristics. Each subject is shown for the State or equivalent area, and some subjects are also shown for rural residence at the State level. Most subjects are shown for SMSA's of 250,000 or more inhabitants, and a few are shown for central cities of these SMSA's.

PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject Reports—Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. A few reports show statistics for States, SMSA's, large cities, American Indian reservations, or Alaska Native villages. Separate reports are issued on such subjects as racial and ethnic groups, type of residence, fertility, families, marital status, migration, education, employment, occupation, industry, journey to work, income, poverty status, and other topics.

PC80-S1, Supplementary Reports—These reports present special compilations of

1980 census statistics dealing with specific population subjects.

Housing Census Reports

HC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of Housing Units-This volume presents final housing unit counts and statistics on housing characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of two chapters for each area. chapters A and B. Chapter A presents data collected on a complete-count basis, and chapter B presents estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The housing totals presented in this report may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Both chapters present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A and B.

HC80-1-A, Chapter A, General Housing Characteristics—Statistics on units at address, tenure, condominium status, number of rooms, persons per room, plumbing facilities, value, contract rent, and vacancy status are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables contain housing characteristics by urban and rural residence.

HC80-1-B, Chapter B, Detailed Housing Characteristics-Statistics on units in structure, year moved into unit, year structure built, heating equipment, fuels, air-conditioning, source of water, sewage disposal, gross rent, and selected monthly ownership costs are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables show housing characteristics for rural and rural farm residence at the State and county level. Some subjects included in the HC80-1-A reports are also covered in this report in more detail.

HC80-2, Volume 2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics—This volume presents statistics on most of the 1980 housing census subjects in considerable detail and cross-classification. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group. Data are shown for States or equivalent areas, SMSA's and their central cities, and other cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants.

There is one report for each SMSA and one report for each State and Puerto Rico. The set includes a U.S. Summary report showing these statistics for the United States and regions.

HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject Reports— Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. Separate reports are issued on housing of the elderly, mobile homes, and American Indian households.

HC80-4, Volume 4, Components of Inventory Change—This volume consists of two reports presenting statistics on the 1980 characteristics of housing units which existed in 1973, as well as on newly constructed units, conversions, mergers, demolitions, and other additions and losses to the housing inventory between 1973 and 1980. These reports present data derived from a sample survey conducted in the fall of 1980. Data are presented for the United States and regions in report 1. Report 11 has two parts: Part A presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified)

with populations of 1 million or more at the time of the 1970 census, and part B presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified) with populations of less than 1 million at the time of the 1970 census.

HC80-5, Volume 5, Residential Finance— This volume consists of one report presenting statistics on the financing of non-farm homeowner and rental and vacant properties, including characteristics of the mortgage, property, and owner. The statistics are based on a sample survey conducted in the spring of 1981. Data are presented for the United States and regions. Some data are presented by inside and outside SMSA's and by central cities.

HC80-S1-1, Supplementary Reports— These reports present statistics from the 1980 Census of Housing on general characteristics of housing units for the 50 States and the District of Columbia, counties, and independent cities.

Evaluation and Reference Reports

PHC80-E, Evaluation and Research Reports—These reports present the results of the extensive evaluation program conducted as an integral part of the 1980 census. This program relates to such matters as completeness of enumeration and quality of the data on characteristics.

PHC80-R, Reference Reports—These reports present information on the various administrative and methodological aspects of the 1980 census. The series includes:

PHC80-R1, Users' Guide—This report covers subject content, procedures, geography, statistical products, limitations of the data, sources of user assistance, notes on data use, a glossary of terms, and guides for locating data in reports and tape files. The guide is issued in looseleaf form and sold in parts (R1-A, B, etc.) as they are printed.

PHC80-R2, History—This report describes in detail all phases of the 1980 census, from the earliest planning through all stages to the dissemination of data and evaluation of results. It contains detailed discussion of 1980 census questions and their use in previous decennial censuses.

PHC80-R3, Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations—This report was developed primarily for use in classifying responses to the questions on the kind of business (industry) and kind of work (occupation) in which the respondent is engaged. The index lists approximately 20,000 industry and 29,000 occupation titles in alphabetical order.

PHC80-R4, Classified Index of Industries and Occupations—This report defines the industrial and occupational classification systems adopted for the 1980 Census of Population. It presents the individual titles that constitute each of the 231 industry and 503 occupation categories in the classification systems. The individual titles are the same as those shown in the Alphabetical Index. The 1980 occupation classification reflects the new U.S. Standard Occupational Classification (SOC). As in the past, the 1980 industry classification reflects the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC).

PHC80-R5, Geographic Identification Code Scheme—This report identifies the names and related geographic codes for each State, county, minor civil division, place, region, division, SCSA, SMSA, American Indian reservation, and Alaska Native village for which the Census Bureau tabulated data from the 1980 census.

COMPUTER TAPES

Summary Tape Files

In addition to the printed and microfiche reports, results of the 1980 census also are provided on computer tape in the form of summary tape files (STF's). These data products have been designed to provide statistics with greater subject and geographic detail than is feasible or desirable to provide in printed and microfiche reports. The STF data are made available at nominal cost. The data are subject to suppression of certain detail where necessary to protect confidentiality.

There are five STF's (listed below), and the amount of geographic and subject detail presented varies. STF's 1 and 2 contain complete-count data, and STF's 3, 4, and 5 contain sample data. Note that the term "cells" used below refers

to the number of subject statistics provided for each geographic area, and the number of cells is indicative of the detail of the subject content of the file.

Each of the STF's generally consists of two or more files which provide different degrees of geographic detail and, in some cases, race/Spanish origin cross-classification. For each of the files there is a separate tape or tapes for each State. the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. Selected files (STF 1 and STF 3) are also produced for Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. These tapes are issued on a State-by-State basis and are followed by a national summary tape for the particular file. More complete descriptions of the STF's than given in the summaries below can be found in the technical documentation of the specific file and in the PHC80-R1, Users' Guide.

STF 1—This STF provides 321 cells of complete-count population and housing data. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, congressional districts, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and blocks and block groups in blocked areas. The data include those shown in the PHC80-1, PHC80-3 (complete-count), and PC80-1-A reports.

STF 2—This STF contains 2,292 cells of detailed complete-count population and housing data, of which 962 are repeated for each race and Spanish origin group present in the tabulation area. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, census tracts, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (complete-count), PC80-1-B, and HC80-1-A reports.

STF 3—This STF contains 1,126 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis. The areas covered are the same as in STF 1, excluding blocks. The data include those shown in the PHC80-3 (sample) reports.

STF 4-This STF is the geographic counterpart of STF 2, but the number of cells of data is greater (approximately 8,400). STF 4 provides data covering virtually all of the population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis, as well as some of the complete-count subjects. Some of the statistics are repeated for race, Spanish origin, and ancestry groups. Data are summarized for areas similar to those shown in STF 2, except that data for places are limited to those with 2,500 or more inhabitants. The data include those shown in the (sample), PC80-1-C. PHC80-2 HC80-1-B reports.

STF 5—This STF contains over 100,000 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis and provides detailed tabulations and cross-classifications for States, SMSA's, counties, cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants and central cities. Most subjects are classified by race and Spanish origin. The data include those shown in the PC80-1-D and HC80-2 reports.

Other Computer Tape Files

P.L. 94-171, Population Counts-In accordance with Public Law (P.L.) 94-171, the Census Bureau provides population tabulations to all States for legislative reapportionment/redistricting. The file is issued on a State-by-State basis. It contains population counts classified by race and Spanish origin. The data are tabulated for the following levels of geography as applicable: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places, census tracts, blocks and block groups in blocked areas, and enumeration districts in unblocked areas. For States participating in the voluntary program to define election precincts in conjunction with the Census Bureau, the data are also tabulated for election precincts.

Master Area Reference Files 1 and 2 (MARF)

MARF 1-This geographic reference file is an extract of STF 1 designed for those who require a master list of geographic codes and areas, along with basic census counts arranged hierarchically from the State down to the block group and enumeration district levels and is issued on a State-by-State basis. The file contains records for States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and block groups in blocked areas. Each record shows the total population by five race groups, population of Spanish origin, number of housing units, number of households, number of families, and a few other items.

MARF 2—This file is the same as the MARF 1 with the latitude and longitude coordinates for a representative point (centroid) in each block group (BG) or enumeration district (ED) outside block numbered areas.

Geographic Base File/Dual Independent Map Encoding (GBF/DIME)—These files are computer representations of the Metropolitan Map Series, including address ranges and ZIP Codes, which generally cover the urbanized portions of SMSA's. GBF/DIME files are used to assign census geographic codes to addresses (geocoding). The files are available by SMSA.

Public-Use Microdata Samples—Public-use microdata samples are computerized files containing most population and housing characteristics as shown on a sample of individual census records. These files contain no names or addresses, and geographic identification is sufficiently broad to protect confidentiality.

There are three mutually exclusive samples, the A sample including 5 percent of all persons and housing units, and the

B and C samples each including 1 percent of all persons and housing units. States and most large SMSA's will be identifiable on one or more of the files. Microdata files allow the user to prepare customized tabulations.

Census/EEO Special File—This file provides sample census data with specified relevance to EEO and affirmative action uses. The file contains two tabulations, one with detailed occupational data and the other with years of school completed by age. The data in both tabulations are crossed by sex, race, and Spanish origin. These data are provided for all counties, for all SMSA's, and for places with a population of 50,000 or more.

MAPS

Maps necessary to define areas are generally published and included as part of the corresponding reports. Maps are published for Block Statistics (PHC80-1) and Census Tracts (PHC80-2), but must be purchased separately from the report. Maps necessary to define enumeration districts are available on a cost-of-reproduction basis.

MICROFICHE

Some of the computer tape products are available on microfiche. The STF microfiche are issued for each State or Area and for the United States. These include:

STF 1 Microfiche—Data from STF 1 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 1 geographic levels described previously, except blocks.

STF 3 Microfiche—Data from STF 3 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 3 geographic levels.

P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche—The data from the P.L. 94-171 computer file are presented in a listing format.

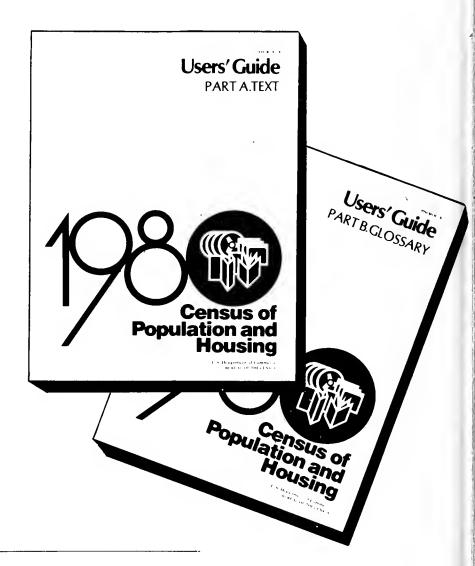
1980 Census of Population and Housing

Users' Guide

The Users' Guide, a reference work on the 1980 census, is now available. It consists of:

- Part A. Text—Covers census data subjects; geographic considerations; reports, tapes, maps, and other products; services available to users; and many other topics central to understanding and using 1980 census data.
- Part B. Glossary—Provides detailed definitions of population, housing, geographic, and technical terms associated with the census—especially important for people using 1980 data on tape or microfiche.
- Sources of Assistance—Furnishes addresses and phone numbers of public and private sector organizations offering a variety of products and services, such as tape processing, area profiles, training, and reference assistance.
- Updates—Provide information on new developments relating to the 1980 census. Each update is keyed to the particular point in "Part A. Text" that needs revision.

Part C, a table finder, and Part D, a guide to tape contents, are planned for publication later.



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Part A. Text (S/N 003-024-03625-8)—\$5.50. Supplement 1 (S/N 003-024-05004-8)—\$6.00 (includes Part B. Glossary, Sources of Assistance, and Updates)

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